



3 1761 07811997 1

Fanny. E. Teulon.

Chichester.

THE COUNTESS EVE



VE
55584c

THE
COUNTESS EVE

First edition

BY

Joseph
Henry
J. H. SHORTHOUSE

AUTHOR OF 'JOHN INGLESANT,' 'SIR PERCIVAL,' 'THE LITTLE
SCHOOLMASTER MARK,' ETC.

433684
-24.3.45

London
MACMILLAN AND CO.
AND NEW YORK
1888

All rights reserved

PR

5451

C6

1888

'That it may please Thee to strengthen such as do stand, and to comfort and help the weak-hearted, and to raise up them that fall, and finally to beat down Satan under our feet.'

THE COUNTESS EVE

I

IN the science of sound there are partial tones, which are unheard, but which blend with the tones that are heard, and make all the difference between the paltry note of the poorest instrument and the supreme note of a violin. So, in the science of life, in the crowded street or market-place or theatre, or wherever life is, there are partial tones, there are unseen presences. Side by side with the human crowd is a crowd of unseen forms—Principalities and

Powers and Possibilities. These are unseen, but not unfelt. They enter into the houses of the human beings that are seen, and for their coming some of them are swept and garnished, and they abide there, and the last state of these human beings is radiant with a divine light and resonant with an added tone ; or, on the contrary, it may be that, haunted by spirits more wicked than themselves, the last state of such beings is worse than before—subject to a violence and tyranny abhorrent even to themselves ; impalpable and inevitable, as it would seem, even to the confines of despair. In the quaint streets of an old French provincial city, as in the proudest cities of the world, something like this was happening, and not in this city only, or at

the time we write of, or to the few people we are trying to know something about, but to all people, and in all places, and during every day and through every night, as long as human life shall endure.

In the year 1785, or thereabouts, the events which are about to be related are said to have occurred in a city of Burgundy which shall be nameless. It is not of much consequence whether these events occurred in Chalons, or Dijon, or Besançon, or Dole, but it does seem to me important for the understanding of the story that the reader should form in his mind some image of the old high-roofed, gabled and walled city, mellowed and crumbling with age, standing amidst meadows and orchards and vineyards

upon the sunny slopes, and the winding river and millpools, and, beyond, the gradual rise of woodland toward the Jura mountains, with their fir forests and deep valleys and sudden rain-storms, and the white cliffs shining against the delicate southern sky.

Outside the city, a lovely *paysage*, picturesque with uncultivated lands, with wretched peasants herded into a few miserable villages, with numberless poor nobles prouder than they were poor, living in farmhouses and ruinous small châteaux, with here and there the great isolated château of a *grand seigneur*, an absentee and a courtier in Paris.

Inside the city, narrow, winding streets with rough, stone pavements, and gutters

down their midst, lofty gabled houses, and wharves and *halles* by the river. A swarm of *notables* and privileged middle classes, paying no taxes, hated by the unprivileged, taxed, down-trodden people. A small class, half noble, half *bourgeois*, who preferred the city to the country. A society perfectly provincial, with no thought, with no hope, beyond its narrow horizon—a society frivolous, petty, pleasure-seeking, pleased with infinitely small pleasures; dancing, laughing, chattering from day to day.

In the city, as in all French cities, was a theatre, in this case one of higher character than was common, and at the time this story commences it was occupied by a company of players of more than ordinary

capacity, who were performing with distinguished success, and attracting the gentry and populace of the city and province to their acting and singing.

Among the members of this company were two young men, one of them an actor, the other a musician. The actor, who was slightly the elder of the two and was named Felix la Valliere, was the descendant of a family of actors of the school of Molière; the other, Claude de Brie, was the offspring of a family of penniless nobles, whose father had married a girl as penniless as himself. As he had stolen this girl away from her convent school, and had by such conduct broken through all the *convenances* of his order, and alienated himself from his

family, he was cut off from the only resource of the boys of penniless noble families—the marine. He renounced by his own act—doubtless very fortunately for himself—the life of aimless, listless inactivity entailed on many of his order, and struck out a new path and resorted to acting and to music for a livelihood. His son followed the latter profession.

These two young men, whose fathers had been intimate friends, were inseparable companions. Of the most opposite temperaments, the very difference of their characters seemed only to cement their friendship.

They were both handsome, but of very different styles. La Valliere, the actor,

was slight and elegant in build, with a changeful, facile expression of feature and of attitude, singularly attractive and fascinating. His friend, to a figure noble and distinguished, added an expression of perfect sweetness combined with steadiness and gravity. They were, doubtless, a striking pair.

As an actor la Valliere was at once the darling and the perplexity of the manager of his company and of his fellows, many of whom indeed considered him to be nothing less than a madman. He was so popular that his eccentricities were overlooked, and his violation of all law condoned. He so entirely associated himself with the characters he represented on the stage, that he lost himself

in them, or rather they were lost in him, and consequently he scarcely ever acted a part in the same way for long together, suddenly changing his conception and interpretation of the character as the whim or fancy of the moment prompted him. This was less objectionable in those days, when the same piece was rarely given on two consecutive nights, than it would be at the present day ; but it will easily be seen that such a tendency would be perplexing to his companions.

What is still more important, however, is that what la Valliere was on the stage he was also in real life. He regarded life and all mankind as only the shifting scenes and persons of a stage play. What he did himself he was willing to allow of

or to expect in others, so that no settled conduct or regular law of action was to be expected of society so far as he was concerned; and not only was moral law unknown, as it seemed, to him, but physical law seemed also uncertain and insecure, so that nothing that could have happened in the world of sense would have surprised him, and he was an avowed believer in Mesmer and the fashionable cabalistic *diablerie* of the day. It is possible that the lack of physical certainty explained the want of moral firmness, for if a man is not sure of the ground under his feet, he is not likely, as men go, to be more certain of the heaven over his head.

As on the stage he could not properly be said to *act*, for he played every part

simply as it presented itself to his own fancy, so in life he could scarcely be considered a responsible or moral being, so completely did the dramatic impulse of the moment, or of the situation, carry him with it.

In surprising contrast to this gay and lawless creature was his bosom friend, Claude de Brie, one of those rare natures to whom God has given the faculty of purity, and training has given the winsome grace of an ideal life.

.

The play was over, and the two friends came out by a side door into the wet street. Muffled in their long cloaks, and picking their way as they best could through the mire and over the huge

stones of the causeway, by the light of a chance lantern or of a still open shop, they were startled by the passing of a large carriage accompanied by servants, and the next moment by its sudden halt. Over the house-tops a bright moon, shining out from between the dark rain clouds, lent a sudden lustre to the murky by-street.

‘Sir,’ said a servant, who had descended from the box-seat of the carriage, ‘if, as I believe, you are Monsieur Felix la Valliere, Monsieur le Comte du Pic-Adam requests the honour of your company at supper at his château without the Gate de Veaux.’

‘I am most honoured by the invitation of Monsieur le Comte,’ replied la Valliere, ‘but I have with me my friend Monsieur

de Brie, who is spending the evening with me.'

'Sir,' replied the servant with lofty politeness, 'I am quite sure that Monsieur le Comte would not wish to separate you from your friend. Monsieur le Comte will be honoured by the company of you both.'

He turned back towards the carriage with an air which said plainly—

'When *we* choose to condescend we are not the people to do things by halves.'

'Fortune favours us,' whispered la Valliere to his friend. 'This is that old diplomatist who has married the lovely young wife whom they call the Countess Eve.'

Picking their way as well as might be across the muddy street, the two young

men approached the carriage, which stood surrounded by servants carrying links.

As they reached the carriage they were greeted from within by a bland and courteous personage, apparently of middle age, but who might be younger than he looked—a lofty, distinguished man, with a dis-trait and absent expression, but scrupulously polite.

‘Sir,’ he said, ‘it is most kind of you to respond to my unceremonious invitation, and to bring your friend with you. The Countess has been much gratified by your acting to-night. Pray enter the carriage. The Countess du Pic-Adam.’

The young men entered the carriage and placed themselves on the front seat, opposite to the Count and Countess.

By the light of the flambeaux the Count certainly seemed younger than he had at first appeared. He had a fair steadfast countenance, and a suave, bland manner and tone. He seemed to de Brie, who was a student of character, to be descended from a mixed ancestry.

‘Madame la Comtesse,’ he said, ‘has been so delighted with your acting to-night, Monsieur la Valliere, that she wished to be acquainted more closely with one who has given her so much pleasure.’

By the light of the torches a lovely face, buried in masses of white fur, looked out from the corner of the carriage upon the two young men, and a melodious voice said—

‘Monsieur de Brie, I believe, is the

performer of that lovely obbligato to Made-moiselle Mori's song.'

'Madame la Comtesse is perfectly right,' said la Valliere eagerly, 'and my friend has his violin with him, so that if after supper Madame would like to hear the air again?'——

The uneasy motion of the carriage over the rough pavement prevented much conversation, but the distance to the city gate was short, and after they had passed the drawbridge and the glacis the road was easier, and a few minutes afterwards the carriage turned into an avenue lighted by the fitful moonbeams, which traversed a small park leading to a modern château. Numerous servants received the Count and his lady in the great hall, and the two

young men were conducted to a private room where they might to some extent make themselves ready for supper.

The supper-table was spread before a large and noble fireplace of carved stone reaching almost to the roof of a large *salle*. Screens of Chinese work sheltered the party, and beyond them stretched the dark and limitless shadows of an unknown and mysterious world. The Countess had changed her dress, and came to the supper-table in a robe of white satin, with strings of pearls in her hair. She had rich chestnut hair and deep violet eyes. The young men thought her the most mysteriously lovely creature they had ever seen.

The supper was delicate and delicious, and the Burgundy of the choicest growth.

The conversation turned naturally upon art and the stage, and la Valliere, warmed with the generous wine, became eloquent on this theme.

‘I can conceive nothing more delightful,’ said the Countess, ‘than this art, which gives you the power of pleasing others simply by the exertion of a faculty the exertion of which must be such a delight to yourself. I can think of nothing more attractive than the power of representing, at your own choice, Nature in all her vagaries—of treating at will all the diverse paths of life—of the following in your own person all the fortunes, all the vicissitudes, all the hopes and conceptions of a man. The world seems to me to be at your feet. You live every kind of life at will.’

‘That is the ideal actor,’ said la Valliere, ‘not at all the commonplace one. I have often been amused to see an old man—not a bad actor either—go through all the little tricks of action and tone of voice which he had practised for thirty years, because he had been taught so long ago that these were the correct adjuncts of the part, and never once during the whole of that time living in, realising, the part himself. For myself, I seem to live a different life each night. I seldom act even the same part precisely in the same way twice together. I seem to see fresh meanings and purposes in my part. Fresh complications occur, fresh incidents suggest themselves. I am born again every night.’

‘It is an inconvenient practice on the part of an actor,’ said de Brie, smiling; ‘my friend has been much blamed for it.’

‘Art,’ said la Valliere, ‘must never be crippled or confined. Indeed, all life must be free and untrammelled, or it is not life. He who would be really a man must know all that the life of man can be, must be free to choose and to enjoy, free to test his powers in all directions, to taste of all the enjoyments and faculties at his disposal; to probe to the uttermost the possibilities not only of the seen but of the unseen existence; to feel and to enjoy to the very full all that Nature possesses, or that man can dream, of life and thought. Give me the man who acts on the impulse of his nature—not upon a balanced, *bourgeois*

consideration of what is due to his class, or his character, or his principles.'

'You have not, Monsieur la Valliere,' said the Count, looking very fixedly at Felix, and speaking very slowly, 'you have not, I venture to think, put all this theory of life into practice, except upon the stage. Otherwise, I hardly think that you would speak as cheerfully as you do.'

His tone was so solemn, and his manner so marked, that the two young men looked at him with some surprise.

The Countess also raised her eyes, and it seemed to Claude de Brie, who watched her closely, that a little shudder passed over her exquisite form, and that her eyes were turned furtively in the direction of

her husband, with a lingering, hopeless look.

There was a short but awkward pause. La Valliere seemed for the moment unaccountably silenced, but before de Brie could recover himself sufficiently to speak, the Count seemed to make an effort, and, as though conscious of his duty as host, continued in a gayer tone.

‘ This talk is too grave for a supper after the play. You cannot possibly, gentlemen, return to the city to-night. The gates will not open even to my carriages. My people will, I hope, find you all things necessary, and I should like you to see our gardens in the morning light. The private garden is considered by some to be very quaint and well laid out. We call

it'—and the Count looked kindly, and even tenderly, across the table at his young wife—'we call it Paradise.'

The Countess's face flushed with a kind of delighted surprise, but it relapsed again in a moment into its usual listless, hopeless expression, as the kindly glance faded as rapidly from her husband's eyes.

'Paradise,' said la Valliere, speaking apparently to the great branched candelabra before him, 'Paradise. That was what I was meaning when I spoke of the possibilities of existence, whether seen or unseen. I did not know that it was so near.'

As he spoke a servant from behind his chair filled up his glass with the luscious Burgundy.

‘Felix,’ said his friend across the table, in a soft, quiet voice, but with no affectation of an aside; ‘do not drink any more wine. You have had enough.’

The actor looked for a moment across the table into his friend’s eyes. Then he put his glass back from him and rose quietly from his seat.

‘I promised Madame,’ he said, ‘that she should hear the air on the violin. If one of the servants would bring the instrument from the hall this might be a suitable moment.’

‘It is only the obbligate that Madame can hear,’ said de Brie. ‘We shall not have Mademoiselle Mori’s lovely notes; but in all beautiful compositions of sound, or colour, or form, there is, just so far as

they are pure and perfect, a unity and a beauty of which no part can exist selfishly or apart from the rest. So that, in the simple air as drawn from the strings, it is possible that Madame may recognise something of the old fascination. Let us hope that she may.'

'I engage that she will,' la Valliere broke in eagerly; 'it is the prerogative of all things in Nature—all things lovely, true and ideal—to act harmoniously together. Madame la Comtesse'—he seemed again to be addressing the candelabra—'cannot escape from this necessity, for it is a condition of the highest loveliness—even of her own.'

De Brie's advice had evidently not been given too soon.

While he spoke, as if to cover his last words, la Valliere had risen and drawn back his chair from the table and had placed it by the side of the lofty, carved fireplace, and the Count withdrew his chair from the end of the table to a position not far from him; the Countess moved from her seat to a settee sheltered by one of the large screens, and de Brie, coming round the table, stood leaning against it in front of the fire, his violin in his hand.

La Valliere had taken just enough wine to excite his fancy, and to produce that sensation of expectancy under which the strangest things may happen without exciting surprise. He sat back quietly in his chair, a sense of restraint and

caution upon him, his head leaning against the carved stone pilaster of the mantelpiece, and de Brie began to play.

A plaintive, continuous note, searching back into a past eternity, stretching forward into all time, stirred his senses into activity, and la Valliere looked across to where the Countess sat.

She lay back upon the cushioned settee, her sad eyes fixed upon the dancing firelight, with no expression in them but that of a resigned weariness—of a hopeless consciousness of mistake, of a mistaken effort and of an aim that had failed—a resigned weariness that roused itself every now and then to look up with a momentary hope into her husband's face, as with a longing for some interest in life and in

him, only to fall back again before his polished, stony, absent air.

Behind her the fantastic forms of strange birds and flowers on the great Chinese screen shut out the shadowy distance of the vast *salon*, and before her hovered restlessly the plumed whiteness of a great fan that lay, rather than was held, in her listless hands.

The plaintive note changed into the clear, holy joy of a pure love that meets its fellow and is glad, and la Valliere's eyes gleamed with a sudden terror indescribable in words, for from behind the gay, flowering screen, out of the weird darkness beyond, there glided a faint, shadowy figure and stood beside the Countess's couch, leaning towards her

as if to speak. Faint and almost indefinite at first, the figure became momentarily more distinct. A strange, absorbing feeling took possession of la Valliere's mind—in answer, as it seemed, to a corresponding effort on the part of the appearance itself—an intense desire for a clearer vision; for though the figure apparently concentrated its attention entirely upon the Countess, yet there emanated from it, so to speak, an indescribable effluence of temptation and attraction, luring la Valliere's fancy to endeavour to see more clearly, to be better acquainted with what he saw.

As the bewitching strains of the violin continued, and this mysterious intruder became more clear and distinct to his

excited sense, it seemed to la Valliere that a figure, habited as a French abbé, was leaning on the arm of the Countess's seat and whispering in her ear. It seemed that its presence was unperceived by the Countess herself, or by any of the other persons in the room; but after a few seconds of this strange intercourse—if such it could be called—the attitude and manner of the Countess changed inexplicably. She raised her eyes from the fire, and her look had undergone a surprising change. The hopeless weariness was gone, and in its place was an expression of startled, expectant interest and excitement, subdued and chastened, but real and strong. Did la Valliere deceive himself, or, in the soft, dreamy

light across the tremulous motion of the fan, was this altered look directed towards himself? Did it say?—certainly he interpreted it so to say—‘In place of stony indifference, of cold abstraction and repugnance almost, shall I not find, can I not find, the love for which I yearn—the sympathy and tenderness—elsewhere? And if elsewhere, surely here.’

The glamour of a dream seemed to pervade the whole scene—the softened light, the leaping flame of the wood fire, the strains of the violin—and over all a sense of ‘mystic atmosphere, within which all things seemed transfigured, a thin golden haze of soft light, in which la Valliere’s face and slight figure became more attractive and the loveliness of the

Countess more lovely still ; and always, in la Valliere's eyes, the figure by the couch became clearer and more clear, till at last it turned its face directly towards the young man, and the eyes met his with a quite friendly, confidential gaze.

It was certainly the figure of a French abbé, but the expression of the face was such as no French abbé—no, nor any other man—had ever displayed. For the moment it was that of an almost amiable suavity—almost, because the peculiarity of the face consisted in the conviction that the sight of it produced, that any expression it might wear was only for a moment ; that any amiable or pleasing expression especially was but the result of effort, the mere masque of an actor, not the result of amiability itself.

It was an expression instinct with a sense of change, infinitely fugitive, protean, indicating nothing, it seemed, so much as an indefinite capacity, which, in whatever direction it might tend, was certainly not suggestive of good.

This sense of change extended even to the features, so that no man could have positively defined them even to himself, much less have conveyed any idea of them to others. The most that could be said of them was, that they conveyed a general impression of power and of a certain distinction; not exactly, however, in the sense in which men generally understand the word, for it seemed to arise from the fact that the origin was indefinite and immaterial

rather than as springing from matter or as born of race.

The friendly gaze, if it were friendly, penetrated into la Valliere's nature as no human gaze had ever done before. Every thought of his heart, to the very depths of his being, seemed familiar to this strange influence and responsive to its call. Every tendency and facility which human frailty uses or suggests, every leaning of human life to the side of enjoyment, seemed to awake and to respond.

‘Be bold,’ it seemed to say. ‘Carry out your own theory of life. Enjoy, prove all things. Test the powers that have been given you, doubtless for use, by a beneficent Providence. Above all things be bold!’

La Valliere was not frightened. There was not even any feeling of wonder or of surprise connected with the appearance of this figure. What was produced was merely a sense of added power and a fresh life in every faculty and desire, of supreme luxury in the quickened perception of the shadowy room, of the glowing fire, of the dulcet music, above all of that lovely face and figure leaning forward from the large settee, with its background of fantastic screen, and the wonderful, entrancing look of the violet eyes. The strange, intruding figure with its intense individuality, seemed to shrink into the background and to wish to be forgotten. Perhaps its work was done.

The music ceased, and the Countess,

with a look of wearied falling back upon a disappointing present, arose and, thanking Claude de Brie politely, left the room. The Count summoned some domestics, and was on the point of consigning the two young men to their care, when la Valliere, inspired by a sudden impulse, spoke to him.

‘Monsieur le Comte,’ he said, ‘I should have thought that your excellent Burgundy had turned my head, but that the appearance was so persistent and distinct. Monsieur l’Abbé, I presume—the ecclesiastic who was leaning on Madame’s couch a moment ago, I could wish to have seen more of him—is probably not too desirous of making the acquaintance of strangers.’

He spoke, scarcely knowing what he said; the Burgundy had perhaps been more potent than he knew.

Something in his words, or in his tone, seemed to strike the Count as, with the echo of some familiar thought, he looked the young man straight in the eyes.

‘Monsieur l’Abbé,’ he said, ‘the *directeur* of Madame la Comtesse, is at present from home on a visit *à ses terres*. I do not know who you may have seen. I saw no one but ourselves. But there are other beings than ourselves constantly around us—the remembrance of other days, the effects of past actions, the consequences of past sins, the trail, taint, poison of committed sin. Some we know and see, some we never see; they are perhaps the more

fatal. You spoke of a man, had you told me that you had seen *her!*'—

La Valliere gazed at him with surprise.

'She must be always near me,' the Count went on, as if speaking to himself; 'always near me, and yet I never see her—never see her. May God, in His unspeakable pity, have mercy on me when I do.'

II

THE young men were shown into a lofty room in which were two beds and other luxurious furniture. Dark hangings of flowered silk covered the walls. A servant deposited *liqueurs* and cake upon a small table, and left them alone.

They were neither of them inclined to sleep. La Valliere, especially, was too excited even to think. De Brie was startled by what had passed between his friend and the Count. He seated himself before the fire, the bright-leaping flames of which seemed spirits and denizens of an ethereal life.

‘You were not jesting with the Count?’
he said.

‘Jesting!’ said la Valliere. ‘I saw him—the Abbé—as I see you.’

‘I believe you. The wonder is, not that you saw him, but that we, all of us, see so little. The whole of Nature is ensouled. There is no such thing as matter, as material existence. Everything is instinct with the nature of God, or of the Enemy of God.’

La Valliere did not reply. He sat looking listlessly into the fire, seeing perhaps in the dancing flames the face of the Countess Eve.

‘We have entered into a new life,’
de Brie went on. ‘The old centuries slumbered in a shadowy dream-life, a life of the unseen and of the soul. They had

the truth, but they did not know it ; we know it, but have lost its possession. I have often thought, but to-night it comes upon me with an irresistible certainty, that you are in yourself at once the embodiment of both—of the mystical life of the past centuries, and of the material life of to-day. You have the ignorant instinct of the past towards the unseen and the ideal ; and you have the animal instinct of the present, untrammelled by the new-born conscience and responsibility which, in most men, stands in the way of the moral *abandon* which is necessary for the magnetic union with the unseen. To you, if to no one else, it should assume palpable form.'

‘ You do not seem very complimentary,’

said la Valliere dreamily. 'Have you more to say?'

It was not the first time that he had listened to such lengthy dissertations from his friend.

'You always remind me,' de Brie went on, 'of those old Greek natures, half human, half fay, to whom belonged the secrets of Nature and of the sky, of the elements and of the spirit-world—pure animals such as we see among us now, our dogs and falcons, the creatures of their training and circumstances, but how perfect of their kind!'

'Really,' said la Valliere, laughing and rousing himself from his indolent attitude before the blazing fire, 'you are more and more polite. Dogs and falcons! What next, I wonder?'

De Brie sat looking at him with that unique and inexplicable attraction which exists only between man and man, and very often between men of singularly opposite nature and opinion ; but indeed la Valliere's attraction was so great that it was almost impossible to see him without admiration. He stood with his back to the stately hearth, the festooned walls of the room, the flowered-silk hangings and tapestries aglow with the fitful light. The finely-cut, delicate features, the lofty grace of pose and manner, were never more apparent to his friend than on this night. His heart yearned more than ever towards the matchless fascination of this facile, attractive nature — plastic as clay in the potter's hand, and yet attractive as though

it had absorbed the grace of all natures into its own.

‘He is nothing in himself,’ he thought ;
‘he is nothing but a lovely masque. This highly - strung, sympathetic nature, this magnetic temperament, this careless, happy, Greek conscience and unshackled will and purpose, confined by no scruple, bounded by no law — to what fell use might it not be put ? How perfect and beautiful an instrument and dwelling-place for a malefic spirit to use and to inhabit !’

.

And this stately house that seemed to him so empty, so swept and garnished for the delight of such few persons as he had seen to inhabit it, what was it but the stage of a concourse of beings, the scene

of a conflict terrible and enduring as life and the grave? Alone! we are never alone. Dead! nothing dies. The dead ancestor lives again in the so-called innocent child. The foul deed, the craven act, the sensual sin, stands out suddenly face to face with the pale, saintly girl, and confuses and mars her life. 'Alone! we are never alone!'

He said these words aloud, for there came into his mind a sudden sense of supreme mystery, even of terror—of the infinite consequence of the next moment's action and word. A sense of dominant and all but overpowering, malefic force, of the need of prayer and of rescue. Vaguely as in a dream, dimly as in the distant past, he seemed conscious of the birth of sin—

conscious of committed sin which, through the long process of time, was at that moment, by some fatal necromancy, drawing himself and la Valliere and the Countess Eve, and all whom he knew, within its netted toils. He too rose from his seat.

La Valliere was standing on the hearth, his figure thrown into strong relief by the firelight, by the contrasted shine and gloom. His face, usually so suave and placid, had a scared and set look.

‘De Brie,’ he said, ‘do you remember that night at Mesmer’s in Paris, when the girl who is so like the Queen was in a trance, and you dragged me away, and you said that it was not a girl but a fiend? Something like that is in this house—now.’

‘I took you away from Mesmer’s,’ said de Brie, ‘because I knew that it could not be the Queen, though it was so like her. I said it was a devilish delusion and the work of a fiend.’

‘They are here,’ said la Valliere, now with some bitterness in his tone. ‘You are a saint; they will not suffer you to see or to feel them near. They know that it is useless to tempt you—but they are here.’

‘If any of us are tempted, if the house be haunted by evil spirits,’ said de Brie, ‘let us kneel down and pray.’ And without waiting to see whether la Valliere followed his example or not, he knelt down and recited a prayer, not long before used at the jubilee of 1751.

‘O Father of light and God of all truth, purge the whole world from all errors, abuses, corruptions, and sins. Beat down the standard of Satan, and set up everywhere the standard of Christ. Abolish the reign of sin, and establish the kingdom of grace in all hearts. Let humility triumph over pride and ambition ; charity over hatred, envy, and malice ; purity and temperance over lust and excess ; meekness over passion, and disinterestedness and poverty of spirit over covetousness and the love of this perishable world. Let the gospel of Christ, in faith and practice, prevail throughout the world.’

De Brie rose from his knees and looked at his friend. Whether la Val-

liere had knelt or not he did not know, but the scared look was gone out of his eyes.

‘It is time we went to bed,’ he said. ‘To-morrow we must get back into the city, somehow. I have a rehearsal at eleven o’clock.’

.

In his unsettled sleep that night de Brie had a dream.

He dreamt that he was in a valley, in the moonlight, in an autumn night. On the grassy slopes and in the rocky paths of the valley, in the mystic light, numberless shadowy figures were walking, straying up and down, carrying branches of palms, olives and willows. The cold, cruel light of the moon—dead, pitiless and chill, in foil and enmity to the warm

and life-giving sunlight, cast black and deathlike shadows from the trees and moving, flitting forms.

It seemed to de Brie that he stood for some time regarding these people with wonder. Then he was conscious that one with a mocking vizard that concealed his face stood by his side, and he asked him, 'Who are these? and what do they do?'

And the fantastic mime answered—

'These are Hebrews. They seek, on the seventh day of the Feast of Tabernacles, for the "shadow of the shadow," for so their Rabbis teach them out of Deuteronomy. "Their shadow is departed from them." This does not relate, they tell them, to the natural shadow,

which any one can see, but to the "shadow of the shadow," the reflection of the first, which is given only to the elect.'

'And do these see it?' asked de Brie.

'No,' said the masque, with a rippling, mocking laughter in his tone. 'Watch and see.'

And it seemed to de Brie that, as he still looked, the fantastic figures were not only those of Hebrews, but appeared in the dress and shapes of all peoples and races, and that among them were many whom de Brie knew; and in the white moonlight, that drew such terrible sharp black shadows, the distant drives and vistas of the wood, which was in itself weird and cabalistical, and haunted by such strange forms, became peopled by

a throng of shapes and figures more spectral and shadowy still, and resounded with echoing footsteps more uncertain and remote, all deriving their existence from these shadows, and from these wandering, pacing forms, who, still carrying their branches of palms and olives and willows, continued their fantastic search ; and the sins of the fathers were reproduced in the children, and phantoms, that were at once shadowy and evil, gave birth to phantoms more shadowy and evil still.

And de Brie said to the masquer at his side—

‘ This is a great mystery, that matter can beget spirit, a fleshly lust beget intellect, sin beget a being capable of, but missing, a divine life.’

And the mocking demon by his side laughed, and said—

‘ By a kind of necromancy a man’s shadow has been known to walk and talk of itself ; but *its* shadow ! what is that ? ’

And the strange moonlit dance went on solemnly, as with a set purpose, but futile in result and in fruit, and de Brie said—

‘ Is there then no hope for these ? ’

And the mime by his side took off his masque, and de Brie woke at the horror of his face, and in his waking ear were the scornful words—

‘ There is none.’

And with a start he awoke to the fresh spring morning and the light.

III

WHEN the young men awoke they found that their windows looked out upon a prospect of soft and tranquil loveliness, quiet and peaceful as a happy dream. Immediately below the windows was a terrace, and beyond the terrace an orchard of fruit trees, then leafless, but just breaking into blossom, the twisted branches gray with lichens and sparkling with dewdrops ; and beyond this again a stretch of park and pastures and vineyards, and then, in the far distance, the Jura Mountains, with their dark fir forests and escarpments of white

rocks. Between the windows and these distant hills shadowy gradations of light revealed the ridges of vineyard and woodland with a delicate, faint tracery of outline, and a clear distinctness, in the softly-tinted morning air. It seemed to de Brie's troubled waking-sense that such a dawn as this might have broke over that other Paradise in the first mornings of the world.

An early meal was served to the young men, and a carriage conveyed them to the city, where, as la Valliere had said, they had to attend the rehearsal of a new play.

To the intelligent actor there is something strangely suggestive and fascinating in this correlation of parts, when the affairs of that which most men consent to call

real life are placed in close connection, are contrasted with, perhaps incorporated into, the ideal world of creative art.

This interwoven tissue of fancy and action made la Valliere's world, already fantastic and bizarre, more fantastic still. The characters upon the stage mingled with his conception of those he met with in the streets and houses of the city. Nothing seemed strange or impossible to him, nothing surprised him. The peculiar charm of his acting consisted in the fact that it was not acting—the stage was as real to him as life, life as real to him as the stage.

The play in which he was now taking a part was one of those intensely French pieces which no audience except a French one, if it were not the audience which

applauded Terence, could possibly have appreciated. The strain upon an actor in such a piece, the interest of which consists entirely in dialogue and chiefly in repartee and *équivoque*—repartee, it is true, exquisitely appropriate to the individual character, but still simply repartee—is tremendous, especially before an audience which recognises and appreciates the faintest *nuance* of character and phrase.

La Valliere came out of the theatre exhausted, even shattered both in mind and body. The excitement of the past night, the Countess with her sudden and unexpected look, the strange figure by the couch with its terribly irresistible influence, the restless sleep troubled with dreams, the glimpse of Paradise in the early dawn, all

this had strung his mind and wrought his body to a pitch of nervous excitement. The singular correlative condition of existence as it appeared to him, the constantly reiterated point and antithesis of the dialogue in which he had taken part, and the strange antithesis and uncertainty of the real and the fictional—which might be the one and which the other—dogging his footsteps in the life of every day, produced a condition which was not far short of delirium. When he left the playhouse he wandered restlessly about the streets.

Not far from the theatre, stretching westward from the gate by which the friends had left the city the night before and returned to it in the morning, the glacis of the old walls had been planted with rows

of trees, now of considerable size. Along one of these shaded paths, at that time of the day almost deserted, la Valliere took his way.

The peaceful scene that stretched before his eyes, the vista of bare, intricately-woven branches, the grass-bordered paths, the quiet figures dotted here and there, soothed his wearied senses and lured his imagination to retrace once more the startling fantasies of the past night. Once more he sat by the bright wood fire in the château; once more the strange birds and flowers of the fantastic screen quivered before his eyes; once more he saw that slight, perfect form, that lovely face, lean eagerly forward as if to meet him—a sight that no man who had once seen it could easily forget; once

more, but now fainter and more uncertain, he saw the intruding figure of the Abbé, if it were an abbé, and his heart beat suddenly with an intense longing that this entrancing scene might again take form in substance and in fact.

As this longing became more intense, and he slowly paced the straight, tree-bordered path, it flashed suddenly upon his recollection that it was *only* when the strange visitant had stolen softly from out of the darkness, and had spoken, or had appeared to speak, to the unconscious Countess, that she had manifested any interest whatever in himself. However she might have been attracted by la Valliere's acting, and have wished to make his acquaintance, yet, as the evening drew on,

her manner, so far as it had shown any interest at all, had seemed to concentrate itself entirely on de Brie. It was not till after this mysterious intercourse that her manner had changed, and her heart had seemed to entertain new aspirations and new desires.

As this thought occurred to la Valliere with greater and still greater certainty of recollection, it seemed that his longing changed, and that an intense desire formed itself in his mind to see this strange personage again, as though he felt that it was through its mediation, and this only, that his object could be obtained. But along all the distant vista of straight walk and grassy verge, no such figure, intensely as he sought it, met his gaze.

But it seemed singular, even to la Valliere's excited thought, that, though this strange medium was absent, the scene by the fireside repeated itself with a surprising freshness and intensity in his fancy, an intensity so overpowering as to absorb all his faculties in a burning desire to see it again enacted ; and, by a curious reaction, into a settled purpose to see—almost a prayer that he might see—this mysterious figure once more. ‘Whoever, whatever it might be, from above or from below, be it good or evil,’ the concentrated will seemed to cry, ‘Appear ! show yourself again !’

But down the long alleys, and through the thickly-planted trees, there was still no sign.

He had by this time reached a bend of the fortified fosse which concealed the city more completely from sight, and as far as his eye could reach, the glacis was even more absolutely solitary than before. In the distance, where the wall turned again, the quaint, sharp turrets of a city gate cut the misty pallor of the sky. Between la Valliere and this distant object, over the long stretch of glacis and planted walk, not a single figure could be seen.

He advanced some way along the silent avenue, and an overpowering feeling impressed his senses that something was near. It seemed that through the veil of sunny ether that surrounded him some strange personality was approaching, and endeavouring to make itself visible ; an

excited desperation of feeling, of mingled apprehension and desire, of attraction and repulsion, resolved itself finally into a fixed determination to *see*.

The next moment, by the third tree from him on the right hand, la Valliere saw the Abbé again.

He seemed to advance towards la Valliere with an insinuating gesture and attitude, and that singular sensation, as of the presence of a masque, forced itself again upon his mind, a masqued form, a masqued nature, a masqued purpose; and in a singularly curious way there seemed, on the part of the stranger, to exist a feeling which corresponded with the feeling in la Valliere's mind; on his part a suave, attractive friendliness, and yet a craven

fear ; on la Valliere's part, a desire at one moment to meet the singular visitant half-way, at the next an equally strong impulse to turn and flee from him—a complicated dual impression which, one would surely think, must involve the two in a hopeless mesh and net of intricate wandering and loss.

As la Valliere awaited his approach the Abbé seemed about to speak more than once, or possibly he did speak without la Valliere's being able to catch a sound ; but at last something like the faintest soft whisper, a courteous and persuasive voice, was perceptible to his sense, and he seemed to hear these words—

‘ If Monsieur Felix la Valliere will go to the vesper service at the Convent of

Our Lady of Pity this evening, at five o'clock, he will find his friend Monsieur de Brie, and he will also see another friend.'

'And the other friend?' la Valliere himself seemed to say in the same hushed undertone.

'Is Madame la Comtesse du Pic-Adam?'

'If I am not mistaken,' said la Valliere, still concentrating all his power of will to keep the figure of the Abbé within his sense of vision and to hear his voice—'if I am not mistaken I have had the pleasure already of seeing Monsieur l'Abbé at the château of Monsieur le Comte, but, what was somewhat singular, Monsieur le Comte assured me that he was unconscious of his presence.'

A most striking and singular expres-

sion formed itself upon the other's face—an expression compounded of mocking amusement, or what would have been amusement in other men, and an unspeakably malefic and vindictive look.

‘I am nevertheless well acquainted with Monsieur le Comte, and he with me,’ said the fair-spoken yet malefic voice. ‘I may even in some sense claim him as my parent or perhaps my *parrain*.’

To la Valliere's excited fancy, trained as it was to detect play and parody upon words, a singular ambiguity seemed to lurk in this speech, more so than perhaps the words might warrant.

‘*Parrain*,’ he said, ‘may mean, I believe, either a godfather or a soldier appointed to be the executioner of his

comrade. I trust that this is not the function of Monsieur l'Abbé.'

'It may come even to that,' the baleful voice replied.

There was a pause. In spite of la Valliere's intense desire to see and hear, the figure became every moment more indistinct—the voice fainter.

'Monsieur la Valliere will not fail to attend the vespers this evening,'—the empty, misty air seemed full of the soft yet mocking words,—'and above all things let him remember to be bold.'

The empty air must have produced the sound, for down the long perspective of terraced walk, as far as the distant pinnacles of the city gate, no form or figure could be seen.

IV

LA VALLIERE did not fail to attend the vesper service at the Convent of Our Lady of Pity the same afternoon. The nuns used the parish church, to which their convent adjoined, for their service, and as their singing was extremely good, the vesper service was the fashionable lounge of the city idlers of both sexes.

When la Valliere entered the church a considerable portion of the nave was occupied by a numerous audience, seated upon chairs. Pausing for a few moments on the outskirts of this crowd he at last

perceived a group, near the antique screen that stretched in front of the chancel, that seemed familiar to him. Making his way quietly round the edge of the crowd, he found that this group consisted of the Countess, accompanied by two girls, of his friend de Brie, of two young officers of the regiment in garrison whom he had already met, and of a little old Vicomte, a cadet of a noble family in the neighbourhood, a man notorious for existing simply for the purpose of retailing to one acquaintance after another the last scandalous story he could hear or invent.

‘Ah, Monsieur la Valliere,’ he whispered, as soon as the young actor approached him, after addressing the others, ‘how pale the lovely Countess looks!

Fancy that old don of a husband of hers, instead of hastening with her to Paris, settling down in this villainous little town, which I have described in a word as stupidity personified. Not bad, was it? No wonder she looks *ennuyée*. How could she be otherwise with that monster of a husband, cold as his own snow-peak? He is doubtless right. She would not be his long in Paris. Besides he is a great man here. She looks to you, *mon ami*, to *se désennuyer*.'

He did not think it necessary to tell la Valliere that he had given precisely the same advice to both the young officers, and used the same words exactly, at a *déjeuner* in the city at which he had been present that morning.

The parish church in which the nuns sang was an ancient Gothic structure of the thirteenth century, at the time we are speaking of very much neglected and decayed. The pavement of the nave was broken and uneven, and the hand of time had softened every carved column and sculptured tomb to a gracious mellowness of outline. The short spring day was drawing to a close, and behind the lofty rood-screen, with its towering crucifix, dark shadows, thrown from the lights of distant altars, brooded over the space beyond, and ascended to the lofty, foliated roofs and to the arcades of the aisles. The gigantic, reedlike pillars of the nave loomed vaguely in the sombre light.

The Countess had chosen a seat near one of these massive pillars, by which she sat together with the two girls, her companions. The old Vicomte and the two officers, who were both noble, sat immediately behind them, and de Brie and la Valliere still farther back; but the arrangement of the chairs around the column left a clear space between the two young men and the Countess, which it was easy to overpass.

From the grated gallery of the nuns, beyond the shadowy veil of screen and crucifix, floated down the soft, melodious harmonies of women's voices, in wave after wave of delicate sound, like the measured refrain of an angelic choir—

‘Missus est Gabriel angelus.’

The notes fell upon de Brie's mind with a sense of peace and calm, pure and undefiled by stain of earth as was the heart of that Holy Maiden to whom the Angel Gabriel was sent.

It would be difficult to find greater divergence of motive than that which had brought the two friends to the same place and service. De Brie constantly attended the vespers of the nuns. He had even composed music which they had sung. He came partly from love of the music, partly because the sacredness of the place and of the words was congenial to his spirit, which found and heard in every incident and sound of daily life something holy and inspiring, something that left the spirit better and more refined than before.

Himself a skilled musician, he had never for a moment lost the divine message of music in the outward form. Music was to him not a scientifically balanced system of notes. It was an infinite and eternal voice speaking to the soul of man.

We know something of the motives which have brought la Valliere to the service. He had been present before, in accordance with the fashion of the city in which, for a time, he found himself. To-day, however, he came from no motives of fashion; his mind and senses were lost in a chaos of excitement, and of conflicting strifes and ideas.

The *Stabat Mater* was being sung to a motet which de Brie himself had written for the nuns. In the contrast between

its sad strains and the fashionable assemblage there was something which, at the moment, struck his fancy with a sense of reality ; even the rustling of silk, the slight noises, the occasional whisper, did not jar upon his ear, rather they seemed to him part of the great mystery of sound, and of the mystery which sound conveys.

‘ Sancta Mater, istud agas,
Crucifixi fige plagas
Cordi meo valide.
Tui Nati vulnerati
Tam dignati pro me pati
Pœnas mecum divide.’

The mystery that transmutes, with a wondrous alchemy, the long, weary hours of pain into the happiest life ; the mystery of sacrifice and of pain ; the mystery which is in itself a personal, plastic Force ; the mystery expressed in sound by concerted

discord,—must surely be able to absorb into itself the frivolous and disturbing elements of life.

He was engaged, rapt in an ecstasy of wonder and delight, in forming more exquisitely-suggestive chords, if any such existed, by which these ideas might, if possible, be adequately expressed, when he was suddenly startled by la Valliere's hand laid upon his arm.

‘Do you know that abbé who is standing by the pillar speaking to Madame la Comtesse?’

‘Abbé?’ replied de Brie crossly, ‘you are dreaming; there is no one there. There is no one by the pillar speaking to the Countess.’

‘No one!’ said la Valliere beneath

his breath. 'No one! Do you mean to tell me that you do not see him? and she is listening to him too! Look! she turns her head!'

It was true. The Countess at that moment, inspired apparently by some sudden impulse, turned in her seat and fixed her eyes with an expression of kindly appeal full on la Valliere's face.

The *Stabat Mater* had ceased, and there was a moment's hush of delicious sound. La Valliere rose from his seat, and as he rose he was conscious, wild and unsettled as his thoughts were, that the figure of the Abbé faded suddenly from his sight and disappeared behind the massive, carved pillar. Scarcely knowing what he did, *la Valliere took his place.*

‘You have seen too little of Paradise, Monsieur la Valliere,’ the Countess was saying in her softest voice and most courteous manner. ‘You must return soon, even at this time of year.’

‘Entrance into Paradise is hardly for us mortals, Madame la Comtesse,’ replied la Valliere in a soft voice. ‘The beauty dazzles us, the fine air is too pure for us to breathe; we faint and die in the unaccustomed life.’

‘You are too modest,’ said the Countess with a gracious, winning smile. ‘We will not treat you so badly as that. What pledge of welcome shall I give you?’

‘There is only one key to Paradise, Madame,’ said la Valliere, still in a soft undertone. ‘Only one spell by which the

gates fall open, and the happy visitant walks the sunny paths void of fear and at ease. 'That key is love.'

As he spoke these words the nuns began the antiphon before the Magnificat, *Magnum Hæreditatis Mysterium*, and the congregation became silent once more. The Countess looked full in la Valliere's face as she sat back in her chair.

Surely a great 'mystery of inheritance' that Paradise should open with the key of love! For a moment a look of eager inquiry and hope came into her eyes, then a sudden, dark shade passed over her lovely face, which relapsed into the look of wearied sadness that was habitual to it.

'You are right,' she said softly; 'there is no Paradise without love.'

‘Missus est Gabriel angelus,’ the nuns had sung. Pure and holy as was the story of that heaven-born messenger, it was not more pure than the thoughts that passed through her own heart as she listened to the alluring, monotonous strain. The weight of a grievous disappointment was pressing her down, the weight of her husband’s melancholy and icy reserve, more frozen, as it seemed, from the occasional futile effort to cast it off or to conceal it, —a weight the more insupportable because its real origin and cause was unknown to her — one of those ‘mysteries of inheritance’ which defile the ground-springs of life, and which waste and mar our loves.

‘There is no key to Paradise save that of love’ ; they were strange and searching

words—that its paths were only peaceful and happy with love—that without love the heart died of famine in the empty air. How true they were! How well she knew them to be true!

They were spoken by an elegant and polished stranger, a trained actor on the stage of life, every tone and word and gesture nicely chosen for the attaining of his end, possessed of every art and trick of tone and manner to please the heart and ear. ‘The only key to Paradise was love.’ What had she done to forfeit her husband’s love? What should she do now that Paradise might be hers, really hers; not as walking its paths as a chance stranger only, but as the owner and mistress of the enchanting scene? What part

was this pleasant friend destined to play in her life?—he that had so suddenly appeared in her paths accompanied with such strange suggestive thoughts and emotions within herself? He had seemed to help her already. Should she trust to his friendliness for further aid?

But there was another whose thoughts were troubled among the thoughtless audience and amidst the wealth of lovely sound. De Brie had been startled out of his musical reverie of pious musing by la Valliere's strange assertion, and by the coincidence which followed and seemed to substantiate it—the singular fact that the Countess should at that moment turn her inviting gaze upon his friend. A sense of mystery, of the presence of felt but unseen

influences, oppressed him with a feeling of apprehension, almost of dread. Something terrible — so it seemed to him — might happen at any time. Around the outskirts of the human crowd, Powers inimical to human virtue, perhaps even to human life, seemed to hover, invisible and impalpable, ready at any moment to concentrate their inherent powers, the power of beings purely intellectual, for the working of their own malefic ends. What could he do to stem this evil? to defeat this plot against human happiness? to deliver those who were bound, whom Satan would lead captive at his will?

‘Holy Mother of Redemption,
By that Ave Gabriel brought,
By the blessing of that Ave
Sinners kneel to Thee!’

The concluding antiphon of the season was being sung by the nuns.

The congregation streamed out on to the *pavé* of the churchyard, surrounded by the lofty, gabled houses of the old city, to a strange light—the solemn, evening sky of spring, the flambeaux of the servants, and the glimmer from the houses shining on the wet flags. The old Viscount conducted the Countess to her carriage, to which the girls who were her companions followed her. As she entered she turned to la Valliere, who was close by, and said some words to him in a low voice. As the carriage drove off la Valliere turned back into the churchyard to rejoin his friend. De Brie was late in leaving the church, having remained

in prayer, and la Valliere met him at the west door.

Then, in the fitful, uncertain, flickering light, as he turned to accompany his friend, close to the spot the Countess's coach had just left, by the side of the paved pathway to the gate, and beneath a quaint iron standard containing an oil-lamp, he saw the Abbé again, his face fully turned towards the young men.

‘Claude!’ he cried, passionately seizing his friend by the arm; ‘there he is again—the Abbé whom you will not see. You shall see him. There, by the lamp!’

He held de Brie by the arm, and unconsciously exerted all the force of his vivid and intense personality upon the consciousness of his dearest friend, with

whom he had been brought up from childhood, the sympathy with whose spirit was closer than that with any of his own kindred. 'Claude, you shall see him. There, by the lamp!'

De Brie's attitude seemed to stiffen, as though a motive-power not his own ran through his frame. He turned his eyes in the direction pointed out to him, and in a moment the pupils dilated into a fixed and terror-stricken gaze. A look of horror and of intense distrust and repulsion deadened the colour of his face into a ghastly white. He gasped for breath, and clutching wildly at la Valliere's arm, he sank senseless on to the paved footway.

V

THE two girls thought that the Countess was very quiet as she drove home. When they found that their chatter was unheeded they subsided into silence, and the Countess sat looking steadfastly before her, the words of la Valliere still ringing in her ears. 'There is no entrance into Paradise without love.' These words mingled with tones of the nun's singing, with the clear altos and trebles which recited the sorrows of the Mother of God. Was all that long-past story nothing but a metaphor of the hours that were present to her, and to all?

There were pure virgins now to whom the angel of God came ; could there possibly be a second Eve ?

She left the two girls at their home without the city gate, and on her arrival at the château, went up at once into the private suite of apartments, where she expected to find her husband. Young as she was she heard a voice speaking to her, that told her that a crisis in her life was near ; that it behoved her to be careful of her steps ; that, above all things, as she might hope to respect herself hereafter, it was incumbent upon her to see her husband at once, that very night. What might happen, she, poor child, could not tell. Any way, she would be there—would speak to him, would show herself by his side.

The apartments which the Count and Countess occupied consisted of four or five rooms, terminating in a cabinet, formed in a small projecting angle of the front, and containing a staircase leading into the private garden.

As the Countess passed through the intervening rooms a vague sense of depression weighed upon her mind. On every side of her, as she passed, nothing met her eyes but such objects as were calculated to soothe and to please. The walls were wreathed with carving of fruit and flowers in strong relief, framing in the midst of their own loveliness portraits and landscapes more lovely than themselves; and below were buffets and presses full of strange and beautiful and curious things.

The old major-domo accompanied the Countess.

‘Monsieur le Comte,’ he said, ‘was in the little cabinet at the end of the suite.’ He believed that he was there, because he himself had been into the privy garden, to speak to one of the gardeners, and Monsieur was not there.

At these words, as it seemed, a still deeper apprehension and dread, more insupportable because so inexplicable, troubled the Countess’s mind.

‘Have you seen Monsieur since the morning?’ she said.

‘I attended Monsieur le Comte *après le déjeuner*,’ said the old servant. ‘He appeared to me *distract* and absorbed.’

Drawing a heavy curtain that screened

a door opening into the cabinet, the majordomo bowed, and left his mistress to proceed alone.

She stood for a moment with clasped hands before her, herself the most perfect object in a world of beauty on every side.

As she stood, in her bright, fanciful dress, somewhat disordered by her afternoon drive, with a delicate beauty and a refinement of outline and of feature that made her, as she stood, so perfect a picture in her beautiful house, there rose once again in her heart, amid the *entourage* of luxury and splendour and fine living, a genuine longing and desire, common to the loftiest and the humblest life—the same in the cottage as in the palace—a longing for

love, a desire towards that which is, of all things, most to be desired, a life of pure and holy domestic love. ‘*Missus est Gabriel angelus*’ the nuns had sung. The sweet tones, the mystic words, haunted her sense, and seemed to teach her something beyond her sense, beyond all thought and hope of hers, beyond all the thought and hope of men.

The door of the cabinet was open, and she stopped for a moment before going in. The Count was seated, with his back to her, at a table at which apparently he had been writing. The room was lighted with candles, but the curtains of the windows were still undrawn, and outside a brilliant moon revealed the garden and the distant wooded fields in a faint vision of delicate

forms and lines ; but what the Countess saw, in a sudden vision that absorbed all her faculties, was neither the Count, nor the room, nor the faint moonlit distance, etched as it were upon the dark background of night, but what her intense mental sympathy, her pure love for her husband, revealed to her as that which at the same moment was present to his own mental gaze.

His form was fixed and rigid, and his gaze appeared concentrated upon the landscape without.

‘I never see her, never see her.’ It was the Count speaking, though the voice was scarcely his own, so strange and faint it seemed. ‘Never see her, and yet she must be always near me.’

It was evident that, no more than the Countess, did he see the objects that were really before his eyes.

She saw, as she stopped sudden and still upon the threshold of the room, plain and distinct in vision before her eyes, a dark lake, wild and vast and dreary, lying as it were in eternal gloom; the chill, terrible waters, motionless with the stillness of a settled despair, black with unfathomable mysteries of the dim æons of existence when the world lay void and misty and slimy in the pangs of creation; and over the lake, indistinct in mystic shadow, pinewood and forest dingle, and, still higher, the rocky scars and shoulders of the great hills, and then a belt of mist and cloud-land, and then, high against the azure sky,

serene, impassive, not of this earth, amid the solemn unapproachable dawns and the celestial sunsets, cold and terrible as a dream, pure and lovely as a saint, pallid, lofty, wonderful, the stainless form of a peak of snow.

‘I never see her,’ said the Count again ; ‘never see her, yet she must be near.’

The Countess sank on her knees beside her husband’s chair, her hands resting upon the carved arms. Between her and him there seemed to rise an impassable barrier—nay, rather a positive, active presence, a dividing force. He seemed unconscious even that she was there. He did not move, nothing moved, nothing happened. It seemed, indeed, impossible that any-

thing could ever happen any more—hence the terrible, the hopeless despair.

The Countess rose slowly from the ground, stood for a second upon the threshold—then she left the room.

VI

DE BRIE was carried back into the church, and from thence, as he did not recover consciousness, into the visitors' room of the convent ; but it was a long time before he came to himself. When he had recollected himself a shudder of horror passed over his frame, and he absolutely refused to tell what he had seen.

‘ Do not ask me what I saw,’ he said.

‘ He has received,’ said the doctor, sententiously, ‘ a tremendous moral shock, which has for a moment annihilated his rational sense. It is in such cases as these

that we may hope to gain an insight, the only one it would seem that we can gain, into the relationship of the seen with the unseen. By witnessing such startling events we seem to be placed *en rapport* with powers and influences outside our everyday life.'

De Brie seemed so shattered and ill that he was removed into an adjoining room, where the doctor directed that he should be left in perfect quiet, visited at intervals only by one of the nursing sisters. As he became more composed he requested to be allowed to see the Abbess, saying that he had something of the utmost importance to communicate to her.

The Abbess came into the room, and they were left alone. She was a beautiful

woman of early middle life, tall, and of dignified appearance. She had suffered, and knew how to pity the suffering. It was not the first time that she had seen de Brie. He had even, as we have seen, composed music which had been sung by the nuns.

‘You have something of great importance to communicate to me, my son,’ she said.

‘My mother,’ said de Brie, ‘do not ask me what I saw. I cannot tell you what I saw. It seemed to me that I saw a vision, a foul and terrible vision—as far as words can faintly image what I saw—ghastly with the horrors of the charnel-house and the grave, with all the foulness of corruption and with all the horror of despair, a figure, gaunt with the terrors of

a skeleton, and the grewsome pallor of a shroud. It seemed to me that I saw for a moment's span all that evil could work of ravin, that innocence could suffer of defilement, that fair fame and prospects could endure of disappointment and delusion. I cannot tell you what I saw.'

The Abbess was seated at some distance from de Brie, who had risen from his couch and was seated upon the edge of it, his hands clasped before him, very pale, and troubled in mind, hardly able to control his voice.

'My mother,' he went on after a pause, 'some terrible evil is menacing my dearest friend, la Valliere, and it connects itself with the Comtesse du Pic-Adam. Some fatal misfortune will befall both of them

unless aid can be found. She appears to be estranged from her husband, to whom she has been so recently married, by some mysterious fate or reason, some strange dividing power that stands between them. She is attracted towards la Valliere by as mysterious a force. La Valliere is good, amiable, true, but he is the slave of his feelings, carried away by the passion of the moment ; a born actor, to whom all parts are alike. They are lost unless some help may be found. Were it possible to discover the reason of the Count's strange absorption much would be gained.'

Some deep emotion disturbed the Abbess's mind. She became absolutely pale, and seemed, after a moment's conflict of hesitation, to arrive at a resolve which

involved self-sacrifice and some unspeakable effort and pain. A slight shudder passed over her figure as she spoke.

‘My son,’ she said, ‘I know and confide in you. I know that you are pure in heart and life, a good Catholic, a true son of the Church. I will confide all to you. I can reveal the mystery that overshadows the Comte and Comtesse du Pic-Adam, and which has drawn your friend into its fatal meshes. It is a sad story of woman’s frailty. It will rend my heart to tell it. It is my duty to tell it to you, and to suffer in the telling. It is a penance, which is but part of a life of penance, much of which, I begin to fear, has been self-appointed and mischosen, and therefore ineffectual and even pernicious. This

penance is of God's appointment. It shall be borne. May God in His mercy accept it, and make it efficient and fruitful to the salvation of His creatures from the snare of the Fiend. You tell me that the Countess is estranged from her husband; I will tell you why.'

De Brie gazed at the Abbess with astonishment. His mind, already unsettled and disturbed, was still further perplexed by this strange and unexpected announcement. He almost doubted his own sanity and that of the Abbess. He seemed to be wandering in a wild, unhallowed dream.

'Twenty years ago,' began the Abbess, 'there was a young girl. She lived with a great and noble lady, her patroness and mistress—Madame la Comtesse du Pic-Adam.'

The Abbess lingered over this name as though she loved it, and yet at the same time spoke it with effort and reluctance. She paused for a moment to gather strength and resolve before she went on.

‘From the top of the Jura heights, which you can see from the château of the Count, you may discern, on a very clear day, beyond the nearer snowpeaks of the Alps, a distant peak clear and sharp against the sky. Beneath this peak this young girl lived, in the château of her mistress, in one of the valley-passes dropping down into Italy. The Comtes du Pic-Adam were French. Some ancestor, a soldier in the French armies of invasion, had married the daughter of a small noble and settled down on his estate,

calling himself, as his father-in-law had done, by the name of the snowpeak that rose above his valley, and of which strange tales of a supernatural spirit-world were told by the peasants. They believed that our father Adam, wandering from Paradise, with all the world before him in which to choose a place of rest, had climbed this inaccessible peak, and had held supreme council, if not with God Himself, at least with celestial messengers and spirits, as to his future course. The descendants of this French soldier, in later and more peaceable times, called themselves French, and served the French king, both at home and abroad.

‘Of all the great and noble ladies whom God has sent into this world to

beautify His creation, to glorify His name, and for the relief and happiness of His suffering creatures, none ever fulfilled the object of their Creator more fully than did Madame la Comtesse du Pic-Adam. If any man had, by the snare of Satan, come to doubt the existence of a merciful God, or had suffered himself to believe or to conclude that righteousness and virtue were empty names, that unselfishness and sacrifice were a foolish dream, and that human nature differs nothing from the nature of the beasts that perish, he had only to know Madame la Comtesse for one day, for one hour even, and he changed his mind. The mountain peaks were not more pure and stainless than was her mind, nor so lofty nor so near to heaven

as were her thoughts ; and the chiefest ministering angel could scarcely be more touched by the sorrows of humanity, more ready or more constant in help. As she moved about her household, or among the cottages of the poor, or upon the terraces of her hill-gardens, or in the great halls or amid the brilliant crowds of castles and cities, she did not seem like a being of this world. This young girl worshipped her as a saint of God.'

The Abbess paused, as though the task she had set herself was wellnigh beyond her power. Then she went on. De Brie held his breath in nervous strain.

'This lady had an only son, the Comte du Pic-Adam whom you know. He had been educated at home, under tutors, but

he was afterwards sent with his *gouverneur* to Paris and other cities. His mother was ambitious, as far as he was concerned. She was descended from a family of higher nobility than her husband was, and she wished her son to take a higher place in the court and in the world than his family had ever filled, and above all things that he should marry within *la haute noblesse*. All this the young girl knew.

‘The young Count came home. As might be expected, he was very much changed by his foreign life. He seemed, however, to be thoroughly true and affectionate to his mother, and of gallant and lofty aspirations and desires. He was very handsome and perfectly bred.

‘Madame la Comtesse du Pic-Adam

was of that noblest of natures which never suspects evil. More than in any one else she believed and trusted in the young girl, whom she had brought up, whom she had all but created, upon whom she had lavished the wealth of her love and the dower of her great example, all that was in her power to bestow of enjoyment and of instruction in all the arts that make life happy, the hours golden, the possessor fortunate. The young Count saw in this young girl something that pleased his fancy. He spoke to her kindly of his journeyings. He met her at every turn. He used to hunt in the forests and on the craggy rocks where the chamois haunt; but he used to come back earlier than was supposed, and the young girl knew where to

meet him, by chance, in the lower terraces of the gardens, by the woods. I have no power to go on, but there is no need.'

There was a short deathlike pause. Then the Abbess spoke again.

'One terrible, one fatal night, the Countess had been on a visit to a neighbouring town and château, and had taken the young girl with her. They returned after nightfall surrounded by servants with torches. I remember the steep roads, the swaying of the great pine branches in the wind, the moaning of the coming storm. We reached the vast, rambling château in safety.

'The Count had been supping alone. He was excited beyond his wont. The Countess was fatigued and went to her

rooms at once. In one of the saloons of the château these two met.

‘For one moment of wild delirium, for it was not pleasure, she gave up all. All the heaven of purity and peace and loving devotion and respect, all the innocent gaiety that was so happy because it was ignorant of conscious evil, all the memory of the past that was so lovely, all the hope of the future that was so bright, all that makes woman the priceless treasure of humanity, the beloved of Heaven! O, my God! My God!’

The Abbess stopped. De Brie sank from off his seat upon his knees and buried his face in his hands. There followed a silence that might be felt.

‘It was only for a moment. Then she

tore herself from the Count's embrace and fled, as with the brand of Cain, through corridor and chamber. She threw herself upon her bed, but long before the dawn she rose, made her way to a familiar postern door, and went out into the night.

‘The predicted storm had come, but without rain. A brilliant, star-strewn sky was overhead, a wild storm-wind swept up the valley from the south and rent and swung the great branches of the trees—the great black branches that hung like ghostly forms above my head. A terrible cry and wailing, as of souls in torment, tore the distracted air and the distraught brain alike.

‘Through the terraces of the garden, over the strewn rack of leaf and flower and branch, out into the wild forest, up

into the wooded dingles, not knowing, not caring whither she went, the girl hurried on, driven by remorse and by despair. At last she found herself on the borders of a great lake, a lake which she knew well. It lay still and unruffled beneath the great rocks and the forests of pines and of oaks, undisturbed by the storm-tossed woodlands and howling, piercing wind, its unfathomable depths—in which, as legends reported, monsters of the primeval world still lurked—black and desolate beneath the starry, placid sky. Then long streaks of light, which were not those of the stars, began to draw themselves out beyond the mountains and the trees ; black clouds, flying as from a pitiless foe, hurried across the sky, torn and twisted into fan-

tastic shapes, and tinged here and there with this strange, lurid light that was coming into the sky: and above—far above, out of all reach of human hope—cold and icy and pitiless in the terrible light, rose the great peak, white with the starlight that was passing away, tinged, as were the rushing storm-clouds, with the glimmer of the dawn.

‘On the bank of the cold, relentless lake, dark with unknown horrors, the girl stood at last. I believe now—I have believed for years—that had she gone back, the Countess, merciful, holy, forgiving as a saint, would have received her as a daughter—that the Count would have married her; but how could she go back? How could she look into that loved face?

How could she stand before the gaze of those pure, those pitiful, those searching eyes? How could she have married him? How could she have endured to live with him after that terrible, that fatal night?’

‘She stood for a long time upon the waters’ brink. Some impulse, doubtless of God—for why should He who cares for the sparrows be supposed careless of this poor, distraught, maddened creature—restrained her from plunging into their solemn depths. Suddenly a new thought, a flash of light—I do not think that it was of God—broke upon her mind, and brought with it something that resembled a dreary hope. She would leave something that would be recognised as hers upon the grassy bank. They would think

that she had perished beneath the black, cold waters. They would forget her, or, perhaps, who could tell? when the first shock of disappointment and of loathing was over they might even pity her; and she, the Countess, she who was so loving and so merciful and so good, might even, in the pure summer dawns as she lay awake, might think of this poor child whom she had loved and befriended and lavished such gifts upon; and even as the years went on she might, who knows? think of her with something of the old love again—still as she would lie beneath the cold, black water, harmless and impotent to injure or to degrade her beloved son—remembering, as she surely would, how the girl had loved her, how sincere was her gratitude,

how true and devoted her love. The girl left her cloak and hat upon the bank, and went on through the valley down into the pass.

‘For days and days she wandered on, weary and half-starved, her feet torn and bleeding by the roughness of the way, begging for bread at the cottage doors. Finally, after many days, she reached the plains of Savoy. At the first village of any size that she reached, she sought a convent of nuns, she neither knew nor cared of what order. There she threw herself upon the doorstep and lay as dead.’

VII

WHEN the Countess awoke early in the spring morning, after a restless and uneasy sleep, the sunshine was flooding the room with warmth and light. She drank her morning cup of coffee, and when she was dressed she wandered out into the private garden alone in the pure, delicate air, driven by a devouring restlessness, a desperate insurrection against fate—against the life that seemed to be opening before her — against this terrible mistake which, as it seemed to her every moment more clearly, she had made—against this marriage

that would blot out all the possibilities of joy during the few short years given her of youth and beauty, and of the possibility to enjoy. She paced up and down the sunny terrace shaded by the yew hedges like a beautiful, wild animal snared and imprisoned by a cruel guile. The warm sunshine, the fresh morning air laden with the scent of opening blossoms, seemed to quicken within her spirit a consciousness of pleasure and an instinct of hope ; with the warm, scent-laden air there seemed to glide into her sense, to thrill through every nerve and vein, a personal and direct influence, *prévenant* and ingratiating, which soothed her restless despair.

‘ Console yourself,’ a suave, bland voice seemed to whisper in her ear ; ‘ your friend

will soon be here. Your pleasant, kindly friend.'

Life seemed to open again before her with a prospect fair and alluring as a child's happy dream ; a waft of peace and easy indulgence, dear to human frailty, whispered compassion and allowance to her senses and in her ear.

.
When la Valliere awoke on the same morning his first thought was of his friend. The next was one of bewilderment and perplexity at the strange effect that the sight, as he supposed, of the Abbé had produced upon his friend. What could he have seen that was so horrible, so terrible, as to deprive him of consciousness, and to produce, as the doctor had said, such a

shock both to his body and his mind? He went to his friend's lodgings to inquire for him, but found that he had not returned from the convent, where he had passed the night. La Valliere went there, but failed to gain any information. The Abbess was fatigued and could not be seen. Monsieur de Brie, who appeared to be quite recovered, had left some time since, to go whither the portress did not know. La Valliere returned to his lodgings more perplexed and bewildered than when he had left them.

In the excited state of his feelings he naturally remembered the invitation of the Countess, with a desire to see again her beautiful face, to listen to her soft accents of kindly courtesy.

The distance between the city and the château was so short that la Valliere went there on foot.

The spring rain had laid every particle of dust, the morning was delicately fine, the birds sang in the parks and gardens that lay beside the road that stretched from the city gate in a straight line into the country. At first level, but beginning to undulate as it approached the hills, the road was planted on either side with rows of trees.

Before the young man had reached the confines of the Count's park he was conscious of a presence near him, and in another second the Abbé appeared to him, walking by his side, with an appearance of pleasant converse. There was

now no necessity for effort, on la Valliere's part, before he could see or hear him ; on the contrary, the intercourse seemed familiar and easy. Nevertheless, or perhaps even in consequence of such familiarity, la Valliere shrank from his companion with increased dislike.

' *Scélérat !*' he said excitedly ; ' why do you dog my steps ? What infernal spell did you cast yesterday night upon my friend ? What did you do to him ? '

And he laid his hand upon his sword.

' Gently, my son ! gently !' said the other, always with his suave, masqued air and voice. ' You forget what I am. I did nothing to your friend. What he saw, he saw from no wish of mine, but by his own excited, fanatic imagination. Do not

let us speak of him or of any such fantastic fools ; other matters press upon our attention. Do not slight the opportunity, the moment that lies before you. Be bold. You will find the Countess in the private garden. Do not fear to be interrupted by the Count. I have taken care of him.'

'Wretch!' cried la Valliere ; 'who! what are you! that you should——?'

He spoke to the void air. With a faint, mocking smile the figure before him was gone.

In the avenue that led up to the château and in the straight walks of the open garden that lay on either side, with statues and long narrow canals of water upon which swans were floating, several people were walking, most of them, as la

Valliere knew, *notables* and persons of distinction in the city. They had come out to attend the *levée* of the Count, but he had not yet left his room, and the answers of the servants were vague and evasive. Several of these persons were known to la Valliere, and spoke to him ; among them was the little Viscount.

‘ Ah, Monsieur la Valliere,’ he said, as he came running up, his thin, elderly face wreathed with smiles, ‘ I see that you have followed my advice. You are a fortunate man. With that shape, that inimitable *tournure*, what may you not hope for ? ’

And he gazed with unfeigned admiration and envy at the handsome young actor.

‘ Have you seen Monsieur le Maire Carré ? ’ he went on — ‘ I beg his pardon,

Monsieur Carré de Bois-Faucon—and congratulated him on his nobility?’

‘Is he noble?’ said la Valliere, indifferently.

‘Oh, surely. He has purchased the office of Greyhounds of the King’s Chamber, which gives nobility. His family dates their nobility since exactly nine days. It is perfectly correct. I have seen the receipt.’

La Valliere wished to shake him off, but the little Viscount stuck to him.

‘He will not, however, be able to join in the assembly of the confraternity of nobles which will take place in a few days,’ he said. ‘None can do that who cannot prove four quarterings. Your friend de Brie might. He is noble of far more than that. The de Bries of

Bois-Garou in Poitou, you know—wood-wolves they were, doubtless, in the old lawless days.’

La Valliere managed to escape from him after this, some other more important or responsive person attracting his attention. La Valliere spoke to the freshly-ennobled mayor, and to one or two other of the notables. There was a rumour current among them that the Count had left the château on some sudden and mysterious business.

At last the ancient major-domo appeared, and confirmed this report. ‘The Count,’ he said, ‘had been suddenly called away to his lands at the Pic-Adam. Would *les messieurs* partake of *déjeuner* before returning to the city?’

‘Les messieurs’ would partake of *déjeuner*, and were marshalled into a dining-room on the ground floor of the château, facing the avenue and the public walks. La Valliere seized the opportunity and spoke to one of the pages. He in turn fetched a maid-servant, who, inspired by a bribe, spoke to the head woman of the Countess, who condescended to take his name to her mistress. In a few moments an answer was returned.

‘Madame la Comtesse would see Monsieur in the privy garden.’

The château was built in the taste of the latter part of the reign of Louis Quatorze, with sash doors and windows, at intervals in the façade, towards the private garden, opening on to a terrace

walk. The windows and doors were ornamented with carved stonework, profusely enriched with wreaths of flowers and grotesque masques and grinning satyr faces.

As, following the page, la Valliere passed through several rooms, the air seemed laden with an enervating perfume and sultriness, as of a past luxury that lingered in its ancient haunts; outside, he had left a mocking frivolousness, perhaps, but a sense of fresh life and action—here, in these scented, delicately pencilled, but to some extent faded rooms, he seemed to pass into another world, into an enchanted palace, a *Sans Souci* which extended before him wide as limitless desire.

‘I have read,’ he thought, ‘somewhere

that "we are seekers after something in the world, which is there in no satisfying measure or not at all." It is not true. The possibilities of existence are infinite. Everything is possible to him who seeks!'

He passed out on to the long terrace opposite to a flight of steps. Beneath was a small lawn, screened by high yew hedges, and by tall beech trees, cut into regular and massive walls of interlaced boughs. In the centre of the green, thus enclosed from view even from the windows of the château, were two fountains, springing from stone sculpture representing boys holding dolphins, and between the fountains a solitary tall *Arbor Vitæ* reared its green spire against the blue, spring sky. Beside the Tree of Life, the flickering

sunlight through the fountain spray falling upon her, stood the Countess Eve.

She was dressed in a white morning robe of flowered silk, which clothed the faultless outline of her figure without concealing it by any monstrosities of fashion, and a white hat with an egret's plume looped with pearls. She smiled on la Valliere as he approached.

The sudden change from the heavy, scent-laden air of the luxurious rooms to the fresh, brilliant sunlight, the grotesque outlines and ornaments of the chambers, the château itself, with its architecture of carved faces amid wreaths of flowers, creeping serpents twined with roses and with jessamine, were, as it seemed, so many impresses and signatures of love.

He forgot the injunction, 'Let no man be hasty to taste of the fruit of Paradise before his time.' Whispering spirits, speaking to his soul, gave him courage and strength. A mystic veil of soft light, shining across his spirit, like the sunlit spray of the fountains across the Countess's figure, seemed to transform this lovely scene into the life of Fairy-land.

'I feared to venture into Paradise when at a distance, Madame la Comtesse,' he said. 'Now that I have been so bold, I wonder still more at my temerity. The bright reality, as I feared, appals and dazzles me.'

She looked at him simply and steadily out of her violet eyes.

'I asked you to come,' she said.

'There is no entrance into Paradise

without love,' thought la Valliere, but he did not utter the words.

'I was thinking of you this morning, Monsieur la Valliere,' the Countess went on, still speaking with perfect ease and simplicity, 'and of what you said the other night concerning the actor's life. I was wondering whether to you that which men call real was not altogether unimportant and frivolous, and whether the real to you was only the emotions and desires of the moment, and the characters and thoughts of those with whom you acted for a while ; and I thought what a wonderful life this must be.'

She stopped and looked inquiringly at la Valliere, who thought he saw clearly what was passing through her mind.

‘A wonderful life indeed,’ he thought, ‘she has glimpses of. Not the cruel, everyday round of dull and commonplace reality, but the boundless choice of circumstance and emotion ! What shall I tell her of such a life ?’

It may seem an improbable thing, but, though this was la Valliere’s first and eager thought, he was not able at once to express it. At this most inopportune moment the recollection of his friend de Brie, of what his theory of life was and would have been, forced itself upon his consciousness with an insistence that would not be gainsaid. It was as though de Brie stood by his side—nay, forced himself between the Countess and his friend.

It may have been that his actor’s life

predisposed him to take at once the part of varied and opposing action, or it may have been that the influence of de Brie over his friend was so powerful that in absence even his spirit was by la Valliere's side.

However this may be, it is a fact that instead of the thought that was in his mind, or the purpose that had brought him thither, he spoke quite opposite words.

‘My friend de Brie, Madame,’ he said, ‘would scold us both for entertaining such thoughts. He would preach us an edifying sermon on the necessity and certainty of facts, and of the duty of abiding by them, of neglecting the syren calls of the feelings and of the passions. I can see his attitude. I can hear his eloquent——’

La Valliere stopped in the midst of the

persiflage which his dual nature had at once awakened within him. The recollection of his friend's terror the night before, of his sudden faint and fall, arrested him. He faltered in his speech and turned pale ; then he stopped.

There was an embarrassed pause. The Countess seemed mystified and annoyed. The gracious smile left her lips, and the light seemed suddenly to fade from garden, alley, and lawn.

La Valliere bit his lip in vexation at what seemed to him his inexplicable stupidity. A dark shadow lay upon the path before him, which a moment before had seemed so bright, and, as out of a sudden thunder-cloud, the flash of a wielded sword intervened between himself and the Tree of Life.

But the shadow passed from the lovely face in another moment ; la Valliere must have impressed the Countess's fancy to an uncommon degree.

‘Your friend de Brie is no doubt a most excellent person,’ she said archly, ‘but I did not invite him here this morning. I do not know why he should intrude between us thus.’

They wandered on, after this, round the grassy verge of the fountains toward a flight of three broad steps, which led between the yew hedges to a long, broad terrace or alley, on a slightly lower level, extending the entire length of the garden. It was laid out in flower-beds of fantastic shapes upon the gravel paths. It was skirted on the upper or northern side by

the high beech hedges, but on the southern side it was open to a wide lawn or orchard planted with fruit trees, and bounded on the lower side by the high ivy-grown wall that divided the private garden from the park, the lofty trees of which were seen towering above it.

The cherry and pear trees were bursting into blossom, the apple trees swelling into bud, the lofty trees in the park beyond showing the first faint green of the opening leaf, the bright spring sky stretched overhead. The Countess stood silently, looking over the white blossoms of the fruit trees towards the lofty branches of the park, through which might be seen here and there the white, rocky cliffs of the hills, and even, still

more remotely, the faintest outline of the distant snowpeaks. A strange feeling of confident boldness and strength came into la Valliere's heart.

Never before had it seemed so clear to him, standing in that bright spring morning by the side of this lovely woman, that life—real life—did not consist in the mere accidents of existence, in the limitations with which fact and circumstance had cumbered the path of a man's life, but in the limitless possibilities which his imagination and his genius opened to him on every side. 'Only,' as the whispering, sardonic voice had said, 'only be bold.'

He was standing by the Countess's side, a step backward behind her, by the border of the grassy orchard.

‘You are right,’ he said, ‘and de Brie is wrong. To love and to enjoy is the whole duty of man. The life which you have glimpses of is the only true existence—to rise above the confining limits of fact and circumstance—to dwell in the light and freedom of an untrammelled intellect, like to like, contrast to contrast, opposite to opposite. In this way life is raised to brilliancy and interest, as with a sparkling draught of sunlit elixir, that gives to all, even to the humblest, the heritage of the gods, and casts out all fear. “Ye shall not surely die.”’

Did he speak these last words himself, or were they uttered by some unseen presence near him amid the garden walks? Some such fancy seemed to strike la Val-

liere, for he turned his head suddenly, but there was no one there.

The Countess did not seem to hear him. She kept her place, facing the white blossoms and the delicate sky. The flush of spring was in her face and in her eyes; but she did not speak.

There seemed, indeed, at this moment to fall upon the Countess and la Valliere one of those palls of silence that suddenly and without apparent cause embarrass us at times. We do not know the reason, we think of it only as an annoying stupidity, we blame ourselves. It is possible that we are wrong. It is possible that these sudden lets and hindrances are monitions of a higher life.

In the effluence of the Countess's look,

in the serenity and composure of her pose and gesture, there seemed some power to depress la Valliere's exultant spirits. He followed her a step or two behind, in silence.

Then, as they went on along the terrace towards the east, among the quaint borders edged with box, and turned down a path that skirted the lower lawn, and followed the high wall of the garden, la Valliere became conscious of the presence of another power; the air seemed to him full of something that could only be described as Effort, as supreme exertion of will towards a definite and determined end. He felt a strange certainty that the Abbé was by his side, and that the slightest exertion of his own will would

cause him to be visible at the instant ; but the presence and personality of the Countess absorbed his faculties and rendered such exertion impossible. The two wandered on in silence, hardly knowing what they did.

At the east corner, farthest from the château and from the city, the ground beyond the wall sloped suddenly into a small dingle, and this little valley was planted thickly with great trees that came close up to the wall, and even to the château itself. Near the corner of the wall, almost hidden by the heavy masses of untrained ivy, was a small postern door. Was it by chance or by some mysterious direction that, as la Valliere approached this door, he noticed it ?

‘That door,’ he said, ‘leads, I suppose, into the wood?’

‘I suppose it does,’ said the Countess, indifferently. ‘It is never used. I believe it was made for the convenience of the Counts, that they might return to the privy garden and to the château unobserved. *Would you like to have a key?*’

Did she say these words herself? or were they spoken for her by some malefic power that was lurking near? She seemed to have some such thought as this, for she started as she said the words and looked round—furtively, if such a word might possibly be applied to her.

They walked round the grassy orchard

and returned to the château, where the *déjeûner* of the Countess awaited them. When, at midday, la Valliere left to return to the city, he took the key of the postern with him.

VIII

CLAUDE DE BRIE awoke on the morning of this eventful day apparently restored to perfect health. He went to mass at the parish church adjoining the convent, and after mass he had an interview with the Abbess, as the result of which he journeyed out to the château for the purpose of seeing the Count. In this he was unsuccessful ; but being known to the domestics at the château, he obtained earlier news of the Count's sudden departure than was vouchsafed to the notables of the city. With this news he

returned to the Abbess, who manifested great perturbation on hearing it.

‘He is driven by the devil into the wilderness,’ she said; ‘and in his despair there will be none to help him. Satan shall stand at his right hand. “Et diabolus stet a dextris ejus.”’

The rule of the Abbess was not strict; she allowed the nuns to visit as they wished in the city and neighbourhood, but she herself never visited any on mere terms of civility or the customs of society. She spent her time, when not engaged in the management of her household, in visiting the poor in the city, or in such villages or farmhouses as she was by any means acquainted with. In this way it was not strange to her to take a sudden

journey on emergency. As she spoke to de Brie, even, such a message was brought to her from a neighbouring village.

‘Ah,’ she said, ‘poor child! she is very lovely; she is the daughter of Monsieur de Gesril. They are noble and live on their own lands, but are very poor, and the only sign of nobility is the *colombier* at the farm; but I cannot think of her now. I must go to him; I have delayed too long.’

‘I am at your service in all things, my mother,’ said de Brie; ‘only command me.’

‘There are some people—good people in their way,’ said the Abbess, ‘who have an utterly unsubdued nature, which they

call God. May He grant that I have not been such a one! I have dreaded the pain of revealing myself to him. I have taken my own course and made my own fate. May God in His infinite pity have mercy upon me!’

‘That,’ said de Brie, below his breath, ‘is the very prayer I heard the Count utter, as he thought of the moment when he might see you.’

‘Our lives are interwoven in such mysterious sort,’ said the Abbess, ‘that we cannot always distinguish what the will of God is. I have heard of your mother’s story. She was a child at a convent school. In this convent the Jansenist heresy obtained considerable sway. One of the nuns, who had great influence with

this child, refused, among others, to submit to the ruling of the visiting Superior, and finally, with several more, broke her vow and left the convent. Your mother, who was completely under her influence, was about to follow her, when at this juncture your father appeared, married her, and carried her off. All this you know as well as I; but now, listen. This old nun, the other day, ninety years of age, being ill at ease, and for long desirous to return to her vocation, came back to us! Who can say where the hand of God is? I, like this old nun, chose my own path, hence this terrible growth of sin. Wherever there is sin committed, then sin is born into the world—is born, but does not die. Where

it wanders to, what work of evil is done by it, none can tell. Driven to despair by remorse, Satan standing at his right hand, what may he not do? He who was so gentle and so sweet-natured? Will you go with me to his aid, Monsieur de Brie?’

‘*Ma mère,*’ said de Brie, ‘it seems to me that God is more gracious to us than we think. My mother, who, as you say, left her convent partly through heresy and partly through love, was discarded by all her relations, by all her husband’s relations and friends. She seemed discarded by God Himself. Her husband became a common player and musician. But she had contracted, in her convent, in spite of heresy and in spite of love, a deep feeling

of religion and of absolute resignation to the will of God, which sustained her in life and supported her in death. She died happy. I, who am her son, owe everything that I have of happiness to her. I will go with you where you will.'

The Abbess looked at de Brie for some moments in silence. There could be no doubt that he was a happy man. His disposition was singularly sweet and placid, and he escaped, by an instinctive recoil, everything that was coarse, cruel, or unpleasant. His religion consisted in following the good and the beautiful, and he avoided intuitively the disquieting and difficult aspects both of life and thought. The existence of beauty was to him a safeguard and an asylum from all the attacks

of Satan and of doubt. It led him to a Father in Heaven. To him the long range of white summits were indeed the heavenly Beulah. Every lovely chord, or sunset, or mountain rill, or rocky valley, assured him of a higher life ; and safe in this fairyland, he could defy the distracting sights of evil or the insinuating whispers of doubt.

The impatience of the Abbess admitted of no delay. At her urgent request de Brie obtained a *chaise de poste*, and they left the city that same afternoon, only a few minutes, indeed, after la Valliere had returned on foot from the château. The Abbess was accompanied by an elderly nun, in whom she placed confidence, and who was much attached to her. De Brie

and a servant followed the chaise on horseback.

They traversed the undulating plains, rich with woods and vineyards, that lay between the city and the hills. They slept at a little town at the foot of the mountains, in a romantic valley with a mountain torrent and lake, and mill-wheels that made a gentle, soothing murmur, and early in the morning dragged their way slowly up the long, steep road, beneath the lofty white rocks and the pine forests of the Jura range.

Snow still covered the tops of the hills, which were partially concealed by wreaths of delicate white vapour, drawn out and contorted into fantastic and fleeting shapes, through which the sharp outlines and

weird forms of the pine forests were indistinctly traced. Every few moments a rift in the seething mist revealed a delicate blue sky, and sudden bursts of sunshine lighted the fresh green of the sycamore and chestnut and beech woods. A sudden light, climbing the steep hillsides, revealed, now and again, the verdant pastures, and the delicate shimmer of spring flowers on the grassy slopes and in the fissures of the rocks.

Near the summit of the hills they reached a churchyard, when, alighting and looking back, they saw the mountain lake and the winding valleys which they had passed. Then through a gorge of pine-clad hills they reached Saint Cergne, and then, immediately afterwards, without a

moment's warning, the road reaches the verge of the precipice, and the wall of the Jura opens right and left, and the finest view in the world bursts upon the traveller's gaze.

The writings of Rousseau had made the love of the picturesque in mountain scenery fashionable, but both the Abbess and de Brie would have paused before such a sight had Rousseau lived or not. The Abbess alighted from the *chaise de poste*, and de Brie dismounted and stood by her side.

At the distance of some eight miles, embossed upon a plain of verdure, of woodland, and of vineyard, there lay, or rather hovered before the sight, so delicate and shaded and ideal was the vision, the apparition,

as it might seem, of a celestial lake. Of a colour deeper than that of the most fathomless sky, its margin indistinct with snow-white reflection, like the hovering of shadowy wings, it seemed, from where they stood, to rise above the earth as a pathway and pavement of that city whose foundations are sapphire ; and above this marvellous and glorious sight there rose another more glorious and wonderful still, for above the pavement of this mystic sea rose into the sky, pure in a whiteness hitherto unconceived, distinct against the delicate morning light, piled in stupendous fashion, etched in lines of marvellous witchery and glamour, in pointed peak and giant strength, the stainless region of the snow.

.

The Abbess and de Brie stood some minutes in silence ; but the heart of the Abbess was too full of one absorbing subject to permit of its being long distracted towards any other. She pointed out to de Brie, in the far distance towards the south, a peak of snow standing somewhat apart, white and phantom-like in the air.

‘ That is the Pic-Adam,’ she said. ‘ We must skirt the mountains by Chambéry. The passes before us are closed at this time of the year, but by Chambéry we can reach the Pic by a lower pass. It will be a long journey. Pray God we do not come too late !’

.

On the evening of the third day the

chaise de poste, toiling slowly up the pass from Chambéry, reached the Château du Pic-Adam. It stood, with its dark massive masonry and projecting Gothic towers and upper windows, its pinnacles and lofty sloping roofs, surrounded by thick groves of oak and chestnut on the hillsides ; and above it, high above the neighbouring pine-woods, rose the narrow snowpeak, the western sun shining full upon it. Over the château and below the peak, partly upon a low rain-cloud and partly upon the dark pinewood, a rainbow crossed the mountain slope.

‘That is a good omen,’ said de Brie, riding up close to the door of the chaise. ‘We shall not be too late.’

The tired horses dragged the chaise

slowly up on to the broad terrace of the château, which was planted along the edge with a straight row of sycamore trees. From the farther end de Brie could see the peak, from which all trace of sunset had faded, and below it, at some distance from the terrace, the fatal lake. The rainbow was gone.

The solemn bell of the château sounded long and drearily in the deepening gloom before there was any response.

At last an old servant, accompanied by a youth in an old and worn livery, appeared, and jealously inspected the visitors through the partly open door.

The appearance and manner of de Brie succeeded in partly reassuring the old man, and he ventured forth as far as the chaise

door, where the Abbess spoke to him for a few minutes in a low voice.

‘*La mère Abbesse*,’ he said, ‘might certainly enter with her attendants.’ He seemed dazed and confounded.

The last faint glow of evening light shone upon the great hall as they entered. It was an immense apartment, longer than it was broad, with a comparatively low ceiling, crossed by gigantic beams of oak, and running through the entire depth of the house. On the right hand was an enormous, carved, stone fireplace, of greater length than height, and opposite to it a collection of armour of all ages and descriptions, both arranged upon the wall and standing in front of it in entire suits. At the back of the hall were two flights of

steps and a low square window full of dark-stained glass, with armorial bearings in the small panes.

Monsieur le Comte had been there, said the old servant, since three days. He believed that he was then in his room, but he would inquire of his servant.

The young footman produced two candles in lofty candlesticks and lighted the Abbess and de Brie up the wide straggling stairs. The wind moaned dismally through the doors and windows and down the pannelled walls, and caused the candles to flicker and burn dimly. De Brie's spirits sank amid the gloom.

‘This house,’ said the Abbess, ‘seems to you, I do not doubt, silent, empty and deserted, but it is far otherwise with me.

To me it seems full of restless footsteps. I see these rooms and stairs full of servants and dependants, and of guests. I hear the talk and jests and laughter ; I hear Madame's voice. The air is full of voices and of echoing footsteps. Those who have lived and worked, and thronged the chambers of old houses—where are they ? Where are the absent and the dead ? Surely they are not far from us in such a house as this is ?'

She walked straight on as if through her own house. The staircase led to a long gallery which stretched away on either hand far beyond the distance to which the faint light of the two candles extended. It appeared to be lined, as was the staircase, with dim and faded

portraits, and here and there with cabinets and embroidered chairs, all equally ancient and out of fashion.

The Abbess crossed the gallery, opened a door, and entered a great saloon apparently over the hall, and the young servant followed her submissively.

The *salle* was furnished much in the same fashion as the rest of the house. If there had ever been in it anything modern or elegant, it had long since been removed. Everything wore that look of oneness, that sameness of tint, that attaches itself to furniture which has been long in the same place.

The Abbess crossed the *salle* and opened a door on the further side. By this door, where a picture had formerly hung, there was a blank space.

‘She used to be there,’ said the Abbess. ‘The Count has the picture at the château.’

They went through several smaller rooms, all furnished in the same way, all bearing the same marks of desertion and emptiness. Finally they reached a door, which seemed to end the suite. Here the Abbess paused for a moment with her hand upon the lock. Then she opened the door and went in.

The room had a more modern appearance than any that they had yet seen. It was a bedroom of considerable size, furnished in the taste of the Louis Quatorze period of thirty years before. The embroidered bed-hangings, the marqueterie wardrobes, the *garniture de toilette* and little tables,

were undisturbed — left exactly as their mistress had left them years ago. The room was carefully kept, and some repairs had been made where the hangings and covers had become worn and rotten with age.

‘This was Madame’s room,’ the Abbess said ; but de Brie had known it already.

In this room, as in every room of the house, was the sense of unseen presences of the absent and of the dead, of a people and of owners who had passed away, and to whom everything still belonged. It seemed incredible that any should dare to alter or to touch. All such meddling would seem intrusion and wrong—wrong to the past and to the dead.

The Abbess crossed the room and stood

before a large wardrobe of rich marqueterie, the upper part opening with doors, the lower consisting of drawers. One of these—the upper one—the Abbess opened.

‘Here,’ she said, as she drew it out, ‘she kept her own jewels, her most cherished——’ with a sharp cry she sank upon her knees, and covering her face with her hands, burst into a passion of tears.

In the drawer, carefully folded and preserved as with the hand of love, strewn with the withered remnants of what had once been sweet-smelling flowers and herbs, with here and there a girl’s ornament and jewel, were the dresses of a young girl of the passed fashion of perhaps some twenty years.

.

In a few moments the steps of the old major-domo were heard. The Abbess rose from her knees and recovered her self-possession.

‘Monsieur le Comte’s servant informed him,’ the old man said, ‘that his master had retired to his room, and had dismissed him with orders that he was not to be disturbed until a certain hour in the morning. He dared not disobey his orders. If *la Mère Abbess* and monsieur would partake of some supper, such refreshment as the house afforded was at their service. In the morning the Count’s will could be ascertained.’

There was no alternative but to submit to the delay.

.

A lovely morning, foretold by the rainbow which had attracted de Brie's regard the evening before, dawned upon the château, the valley, and the peak. Before his servants were awake, the Count rose and wandered out through the terraced garden and the fresh green woods towards the margin of the lake, whose dark waters had so terrible an attraction to him. Twenty years ago, on a wild tumultuous morning, he had stood almost on the same spot, his mind distracted with remorse and despair. Since then there had been seasons, long seasons, when the terror and the despair, and even the past itself had been almost, if not quite, forgotten ; but beneath all the associations and the preoccupations, the distinctions and the successes of his life, had

lurked a germ of conscious memory and of remorse. Whether aroused by return to scenes of his boyhood, or by the presence of his lovely wife, the remembrance of this other girl—none less lovely—the companion of his boyhood, the love and fancy of his youth, dogged his steps from day to day. Fanned, as it would seem, for their own malefic purpose, by the spirits that track the footsteps of the sinner, the remembrance became to him in itself a sin. By a terrible action and reaction, committed sin had become not only exceeding sinful, but a diabolic witch-circle without exit and without end.

Yet, though he stood on that lovely morning by the grassy margin of the lake, himself as remorseful and despairing as

when he had stood there twenty years before, how changed otherwise was the scene! *Then*, on the stormy autumn morning, the great sere and withered leaves, swept and driven through the air and along the earth, hurled and contorted into fantastic shapes and measures like the witch-dances of a Walpurgis night; *then*, the gigantic branches of the forest trees, torn and riven and hurled and strewn upon pathway and rock and green sward; *then*, the roar and wail as of the storm-fiend through mountain pass and pine wood; *then*, the storm-clouds hunted and driven across the affrighted sky. *Now*, along the margin of the lake, upon the green, fresh-springing turf, hyacinth and crocus and anemone, countless in

number, spread out a carpet fit for the dancing of the summer hours; *now*, the laughing waters of the lake, just stirred by the morning breeze, flashed with opal tints of blue and gold beneath the newly risen sun, and above, over the gay, rustling wood, loud with the singing of birds, the Pic-Adam, cold, clear, steadfast, in the sky.

The Count was standing, his hands crossed behind his back, his head bent forward upon his chest, as nearly as he or any man might be able to judge, precisely on the spot where, twenty sad years before, a girl's hat and scarf had been found soiled and torn upon the rotted turf.

A slight noise caused the Count to turn

suddenly and sharply round, and he saw de Brie, whom he remembered with indistinctness. He instinctively laid his hand upon his sword. De Brie was standing hesitatingly upon the flowery grass. He was very pale, and his manner was embarrassed and almost timid. The Count looked at him with wonder and even alarm.

‘Pardon me, Monsieur le Comte du Pic-Adam,’ said the young man at last, ‘that I intrude upon your seclusion. I have a message, I may say, from the grave.’

He spoke slowly as if to gain time. He was indeed overpowered by a sense of nervousness, and scarcely knew what he said. Even with his knowledge of the

past—of what the past day, the past hour had brought—a strange sense of mystery and uncertainty haunted him. What was about to happen he could not tell. Nothing that might happen would seem strange.

The Count looked at him very steadily, but he did not take his hand from his sword.

‘Monsieur le Comte,’ de Brie went on, still speaking very slowly, ‘we are not alone. We are never alone; we are surrounded by the living and the dead, here with us one moment and then gone for ever; and not only by such but by those others who never die. Do you believe this?’

The supreme distinction of face and

gesture, the tone of his voice, were so perfectly noble and innocent of evil, that all trace of suspicion and doubt vanished from the Count's look. He took his hand from his sword.

‘I believe it he said; ‘no one has reason to know it better than I.’

“‘She must be ever near me, ever near me, and yet I never see her,’” de Brie went on. ‘Monsieur le Comte, do you remember using these words?’

‘When I see her!’ exclaimed the Count; ‘when I see her!’ In his eyes the dazzling lake, the waving woodland, the green sward covered with flowers, seemed only a fitting stage for this distinguished mysterious stranger, who spoke such penetrating words. He felt almost

like those priests of old, who saw, in the ministrations of their course, angels by the altar of the Lord. 'When I see her! May God in His infinite pity have mercy on me when I do!'

As he said these words, de Brie saw a strange light come into his eyes, as he stood with his back to the lake, facing de Brie and the château, whence the young man had come. De Brie turned suddenly, and the Count's surprise was, perhaps, hardly greater than his own.

Within the shadow of the wood, where the grassy verge began to drop towards the lake, stood a figure more like an angel of God than falls to the lot of most men, in their course through life, ever to see.

The white lining of the Abbess's dress

was thrown back, and hung like folded wings on either side of her slight, noble figure, clothed in what seemed the rich dress of a young girl of a past age ; on her breast an antique gem flashed in the morning light. Her closely-cut hair, released from all covering, seemed to surround her head with a halo of glory, shot through by the sun. De Brie gazed upon her with wonder and with awe. The Count sank upon his knees.

‘Auguste,’ she said, and the lingering air seemed to caress and to prolong the sound ; ‘Auguste, I am here. I have never seen you since that night, but I am here. God in His unspeakable pity has had mercy upon us, and has utterly abolished the whole *body* of Sin.’

IX

THE key which the Countess Eve had given to la Valliere made the entrance into Paradise very easy to him. He came day after day, at the same hour in the morning, to the postern door in the wood. He hired a horse, upon which he made a circuit of a few miles every morning, and leaving his horse at a farm and game-keeper's house in the little valley, he made his way to the private door through the wooded paths. Every day the spring sunshine seemed brighter, and every day the sky above him seemed more blue. Every

day the budding leaves grew greener, and the fruit blossom more white and dazzling against the blue sky. The rich moulding of masques and flowers and fruit that shone out amid the trellised trees in the renaissance work of the château seemed to glow with welcome in the warmth of their mellow, moss-tinted colouring, and morning after morning, beneath the fountains and the Tree of Life, without fail to receive him, stood the Countess Eve.

‘It is good of you to come,’ she said; ‘you are the truest of friends, for you are never late.’

Do you wish me to tell you what they said? Do you ask me what the rushing brooklet is saying when the tiny waves ripple and sparkle in the light? Do you

think that I can crystallise the warmth and the glow and the sunlight, the flush of youth and the fresh breeze of life and of the spring? — the bounding spirits, the health and vigour of the warm life within the bud? Were I able, by some magic science, to trace in sound to your ears every syllable that fell from their lips, would you be aught the wiser? Would you be nearer, if you have it not without, to a perception of what these two felt and enjoyed? Was the talk so brilliant, do you suppose? Was it couched in the antithesis and epigram that look so clever in print? In the Paradise to which you look back with a fond remembrance, was your talk so brilliant? Would it have stood the ordeal that demands such sparkling

dialogue in the novels of the day? and, if not, why should you demand it of la Valliere and the Countess Eve?

But there was, it must be owned, something in the nature of things which, though untranslatable into English talk, yet should not be altogether forgotten. In the sparkling, clear air, untainted by the foulness of smoke, or impurity of stagnant mist,—a sparkling freshness peculiar to France,—in the ravishing connection of blue sky and white blossom, and the delicate green tracery of spray of bursting leaf, with the yellow, moss-tinged, carved work of the Château, with grinning satyr heads and friezes of wild, dancing figures turned to stone, was something so *germain* to the light, sparkling nature of the old French

world—so truly, at the same time, the author and the offspring of it—that it is not given, without an effort, to the northern, slumberous imagination to see these things as they really were, to understand either the scene or the people of these places, or of these reckless, brilliant hours.

To la Valliere, indeed, it seemed as though he were translated into an ethereal region, left alone to be driven hither and thither by his own unbridled will and desire. De Brie seemed to have deserted him, vanished unaccountably from the scene at the very moment when his distinct personality and powerful influence over his friend might have been thought most needed. All help seemed to be

denied to him. The ways and effects of evil—of committed sin—are too varied to be foreseen or guarded against.

.

The fifth day after de Brie had so mysteriously disappeared was a Sunday, and la Valliere did not take his accustomed ride that morning. He had some reason to expect that the Countess would attend High Mass at the cathedral of the city—at any rate he strolled into that service in the middle of the morning.

The cathedral was full of worshippers when la Valliere entered it. He had come in from idleness and curiosity more than from any other motive, and wandered round the outskirts of the congregation by the great western door. He entertained

himself by observing the demeanour and differing classes of the worshippers. They were of both sexes and of all ages, and of that class which, in Catholic countries, hovers on the borders of the Church, not exactly wishing to break with it, but in no way submitting to its rule. It consisted for the most part of men, some of whom were young men, and a few women of the lowest class; their more decent sisters were higher up in the vast nave.

A vista of pillars of immense size and towering height, carved and ornamented at the top to the depth of many feet struck la Valliere's gaze as he entered. Beyond, far beyond, high in the misty, distant roof, a gigantic crucifix crowned, with a vague, mysterious awe, a screen of wonderfully

elaborate stonework, relieved by tier above tier of the dark mahogany of pulpit stair and gallery and pinnacle, and of the carved fretwork of the stalls. Beyond, still beyond, rapt away from human touch or intrusion as it seemed, at least to these distant loiterers, remote from human sense, a region of transcendental mystery and glory, from which, partly hidden by cloud-wreaths of incense and by the guardian screens, and even by the crucifix, was dimly present to the sense and feeling the unspeakable awe of white altar and pix and sacrament.

La Valliere found himself standing by a young man of more intelligent and refined aspect than most of those about him, evidently a workman in some delicate art.

He was looking round upon the people, most of whom were kneeling, with an expression of contempt.

‘What brings all these people here?’ he said aloud, but possibly only to himself.

‘What brings them here?’ said la Valliere. ‘What brings you here?’

‘The music partly,’ said the young man, not so much to la Valliere as in answer to some thought of his own; ‘then hunger, and because I have nothing else to do.’

La Valliere gazed at him curiously, but before he could answer there was a sudden hush in the wave of sound, and an intenser sense of awe and worship swept over the kneeling crowd and reached even to the outcasts and mockers and indifferent that had wandered within the limits of the

sacred fold, round the precincts of the western door. Far away, surrounded and guarded by hierarchies and priests and reverent worshippers, the Ineffable Presence was revealed; but amid the hushed stillness there fell upon the ear the passing of gentle footsteps, as two priests, followed by serving brothers carrying baskets of loaves, distributed, to whosoever would receive them, pieces of consecrated bread, remembering, surely, One who, amid a desert wild of Galilee, had compassion on the multitude, 'because they had come from far, and had nothing to eat.'

'Will you take it?' said the young man to la Valliere, with a still more bitter sneer. 'It is not for food. It is an obsolete, superstitious charm—doubtless of great

virtue, but to enjoy it you must kneel to a priest !'

La Valliere looked at him again. There was a bitter, desperate look in the young man's eyes that he did not like. La Valliere was not the man to involve himself in any trouble or inconvenience that might be avoided by a prudent indifference. He turned and left the cathedral. He did not take the sacred bread.

.

As he came out into the then hushed and quiet market-place, soon, as the day drew on, to be the scene of gaiety and noise, the devil entered into la Valliere, as surely as he entered into Judas Iscariot, though he himself was perhaps unconscious of it, and no outward sign revealed the fact.

In the city market-place and through the empty streets, as often in the pathways of the sunny wood, stealthy footsteps seemed to echo and to keep pace with his own ; the bland, suggestive voice which by this time he knew so well, whispered, ' You have attained to so much, surely you are not satisfied. Only be bold ! Nothing is possible to those who fear—impossible to the courageous and the bold.'

And, indeed, la Valliere was stifled and constrained within the solemn, stately walks and shaded alleys of this decorous, princely garden—a type, as it might well be thought, of what reserved and virtuous life might seem to him to be. The very beauty of such a life oppressed him. It was to him as though the very dust and

stain of daily, reckless life, with all the sorrow and the soil which such a life may bring—will surely bring—was to be chosen before such a decorous, decent life as this, surrounded and protected as it was by this stateliness, this beauty and refinement; the loveliness of the Countess even seemed to lose something of its charm. She was still above him and out of his sphere. A wild, degraded, selfish desire took possession of him, a passionate longing to see her elsewhere, in common, vulgar life, amid sordid and tawdry surroundings, and people far beneath her, of whose existence she had hitherto perhaps scarcely dreamed; to bring her down to his level, nay, beneath it; to possess her with the friendly familiarity which such a life allows.

The adventures and scenes in which, night after night, he took his part upon the stage, suggested to him incidents and embarrassing situations without number. He fancied this lovely, stately creature involved in such situations and scenes. His imagination revelled in them with an ever-increasing zest. In every such scene his own lower nature played a principal part, found a sensual and an unclean gratification. Satan stood at his right hand.

.

The next morning he was standing, as usual, by the Countess's side, in Paradise, in the centre of the long alley, fronting the white flowering blossoms and the green ranges of the wood.

‘Your life is crippled and confined,’ he

said suddenly, 'with all this pomp and solemn decorum. You do not know what life is; how bright and cheerful, and full of zest and interest and humour and fun. You have no perception of the contrast that gives pleasure to the free, gay, reckless life of shine and shade, of storm and calm, of hunger and feasting, of quarrellings and makings-up. For myself, this life would suffocate me. Could you taste, but for an hour, the other life, you would never return to this.'

Why did the light seem to fade from glade and garden alley in the Countess's eyes as she looked up the stately walk on either hand?

'I shall go into the city this afternoon,' she said in a soft tone; 'it is very stupid,

but it seems to me that I see life. I shall go to a fête *chez Monsieur le Maire*. There will be dancing on the trellised lawns, and music. Then I shall go to the vesper service. Every one is there, and there is much talk, but it is always the same—the same badinage, the same jokes, that stupid little Vicomte with his spiteful stories. It is very dull,’—and the Countess sighed—‘but surely I see life.’

La Valliere smiled—the sort of superior smile of an inferior nature.

‘That is not the life I speak of, Countess,’ he said. ‘You noble ladies know nothing of life. Did you ever wonder why it was that your nobles—your husbands and your brothers—spend so much of their time away from you? Did it ever

occur to you—do you not see—that it is that they may enjoy something of this free life, something of this tattered, soiled striving with fate—this life which is not shackled by the bonds of wealth and custom, but which knows something of the joys of poverty and of reckless existence from day to day, upon what the day's successes—or the day's failures, for that matter—may bring? I would it were possible for me to show you something of this life.'

The Countess turned her face toward la Valliere and looked him full in the eyes. There was a flushed colour in her cheeks and an inquiring, searching look in her eyes that would have been trying for some men to face, thinking the thoughts that

he was thinking, yet he stood it without flinching.

The pseudo-art in which he was a proficient absorbed his whole faculties in the project of the moment, the success of which became to him, for the time, the sole important aim in life. If the part were well played—if the character, whatever it were, was well maintained throughout—it mattered nothing how it stood with regard to a moral law, to the wellbeing of those with whom it had to do. The spirit of a born actor possessed him. As this lovely creature fixed her eyes upon his he felt as though a power that was not his own gave him confidence and strength. She was—in spite of the soft loveliness of her face and expression, and of the rounded

outline of her form—of that stately and commanding stature and beauty, of that fulness and perfection of figure, of that steadiness and gravity of look, that makes woman not the frail suppliant for man's pity and protection, but his equal and competitor in the race of life—a fact that adds to the enterprise, in the eyes of many men, an unspeakable zest, that makes such a woman a priceless possession, an exquisite prize.

It was a strange and terrible thing, but, as she looked at him, he seemed to grow in beauty and in power. A fascination of which she had been unconscious hitherto seemed to issue from his look and figure, as though some glamour from below—it could hardly have come from heaven—had

been suffused into him by deadly magic and guile. A fatal, alluring attraction seemed to overmaster her will, to lure and to induce her to waver in her lofty calm, to throw down her highborn reserve, to follow him even to poverty and to shame.

And, indeed, there was in la Valliere's expression and countenance something that might well lure and persuade the will, in the perfectly-cut features, the delicate, distinct eyebrows, the thin, suasive lines of the mouth, closed but trembling as it were in the act to open with dulcet sound, in the full and confident yet inoffensive gaze of the almond-shaped, finely-shaded eyes, a gaze full of conscious sympathy, of a wide, all-embracing perception and knowledge

and friendliness. A beautiful, persuasive creature, strangely in touch and keeping with the soft beauty and peace of the garden which it seemed fated to annul and to destroy.

‘Shall I not trust this man?’ thought the Countess Eve. ‘Shall not I, too, see something of this life of which he speaks, I feel, so well? Why should not women also know something of good and evil? Where is my husband at the present moment? If he may leave his home and wander over the face of the earth in search of adventures, surely so may I.’

It must have been some demon that put this thought into her mind just then.

‘What do you want me to do?’ she said.

‘I will have two horses in the valley outside the postern door at this time to-morrow,’ said la Valliere, hardly knowing indeed what he said, so entirely did the words seem prompted to him. ‘Come masqued. Many ladies wear masques to protect their faces from the dust. We can return the same way.’

‘I will come,’ she said.

.

Each morning in that fair springtime rose, if it might be, more lovely than the last. Every gift that could make earth or life attractive seemed lavished upon sky and land. A mild, soft night had caused the spring to burst almost into full summer in a few hours, and had bathed all the fresh wood and the grass and

flowers with a sparkling crystal veil of pearly light and mist.

The Countess came into the garden at the appointed hour and passed down to the postern door, her masque in her hand.

There was no tremor in the blue sky over her head, no sudden pallor on the golden flowers of the earth, no warning note or stillness in the choir of birds that filled the air with music. The Countess put the key into the lock. It grated harshly as she turned it, but it turned easily to her hand. It had been turned often of late. She opened the door and went out.

The light lay clear upon the grassy turf and on the stems of the great trees dappled with sunshine and with shade ; her heart stopped with a sudden shock and stillness,

for, the moment that she passed the threshold, she saw It for the first time.

It was only for a second. All the power of hell, all the glamour and delusion and sorcery at the command of the Prince of Evil, were exerted at the moment to recall the false step, to cancel the sight; but it was too late. She had seen, by the power and light of God's conscience in a pure spirit—she had seen, at the moment of a fatal error, the face of committed Sin.

What she saw she never knew. The horror of the sight, whatever it was, blasted her memory, and left it so far a ghastly blank. She sank upon her knees before the still open door of Paradise, her face buried in her hands.

X

THE same day that la Valliere had left the Countess, he acted at night in the little theatre in the city. In no crisis of his fate, however severe, would he willingly have kept away from the stage or renounced his part.

Here and there, in other nations, have individuals felt this unique attraction for the stage; but in no nation, as to the French, has been given such ability, delicacy, and perfection in the representation of every aspect which character can assume or which incident can furnish. Act-

ing and the stage, in France or among Frenchmen, is a different thing, altogether a distinct art and place, from the craft and the boards which are called by these names in other countries. In the possession of this gift la Valliere was a true Frenchman.

When he came off the stage, instead of finding, as he usually did, his friend de Brie waiting for him, he was accosted by the little Viscount.

‘Monsieur la Valliere,’ he said, ‘you have been perfectly charming to-night; you have surpassed yourself. Might I hope that you will condescend to sup with me to-night?’

They went out into the moonlit streets, accompanied by a boy carrying a torch.

In a silent and somewhat deserted street, in a part of the city which had once been fashionable at a time when centralisation had not crushed out all provincial life in France, they stopped at the *portière* of a large and apparently luxurious house. The great door falling back, they found themselves in a passage, which was chiefly lighted by the large fire of a porter's lodge on one side. From the lodge, where apparently he had been warming himself before his fire, there appeared a valet or serving-man, of the true old French type.

‘Ah! la Fleur,’ said the Viscount, ‘I hope you have something presentable for supper. I have brought with me a most distinguished gentleman, whom probably you know very well by sight.’

La Fleur bowed with a complaisant smile. 'It would distress me,' he said, 'were Monsieur le Vicomte badly served, whether he returns alone or with company.'

They followed la Fleur and the boy, who had procured candles instead of his torch, up a large and somewhat imposing staircase. As they ascended, la Valliere soon perceived that they were not the only inhabitants of the house. Sounds of talking and even of quarrelling were heard, and figures, some of them in decided dishabille, peeped at them round corners and flitted from their sight down passages. They were conducted into a comfortably but antiquely-furnished dining-room, where a round table was set for supper.

The Viscount showed la Valliere into an adjoining room, and begged to be excused for a few moments. When la Valliere came out into the supper-room the Viscount was entering with two large and dusty bottles of wine in his hands. He welcomed la Valliere again with enthusiasm.

‘Monsieur,’ he said, ‘it gives me the sincerest pleasure to entertain you. You have given me, I say it from my heart, some of the most delightful moments that have occurred in a life that has been by no means too full of pleasure. I give you in return what I have.’

La Valliere was touched by the little man’s evident sincerity. He expressed himself as politely as he could.

‘You may be surprised,’ continued the Viscount, ‘to find me in so large a house. That is easily explained. When my family gave up *la vie de province* and lived entirely in Paris, they resigned to me this house—their town house—as my portion. You may have wondered, sometimes, why I remain here at all, and do not go to Paris. That is a long story which need not be told here. I began life as a page to the Queen. When I left the pages I entered the marine, which I did not like. *Voilà tout*. I entered into a compact with la Fleur. He lets the house. I reserve for myself two or three rooms. You may have noticed, even since you have been here to-night, that there are other inmates.’

La Valliere admitted that he had.

‘Yes,’ continued the Viscount, ‘there are complications, at times disturbances ; but it is life, it is entertaining—at times very much so. Besides it is remunerative. Ah ! here is supper.’

La Fleur entered, accompanied by the boy, and supper was served. It consisted of small carp from the river, in a great dish, a *poulet* delicately cooked with truffles, and other dainties, all exquisitely served.

‘This *carpillon*,’ said the Viscount, ‘at this time of year, caught in certain reaches of the river, is considered very fine.’

‘It is delicious,’ said la Valliere.

As he spoke la Fleur filled the glasses from one of the bottles the Viscount had himself brought up.

La Valliere had taken part of his glass, when he put it down suddenly, and looked at the Viscount inquiringly.

‘Ah!’ said the other, evidently pleased, ‘you like that wine. That is good. I like a man who knows what he is drinking. There is a somewhat curious story about that wine. When my family gave up this house as a city house, they took away most of the furniture to Paris; but there was some wine left, and la Fleur and I used to visit the cellars.’

‘If the wine they left,’ said la Valliere, emptying his glass, which la Fleur had refilled in the meantime, ‘was of this quality, it speaks more for their complaisance than for their taste.’

The Viscount smiled. ‘Listen,’ he

said. 'By and by—we used to visit the cellar, la Fleur and I——'

La Fleur, who must have heard the story often, was standing by with a reserved, amused air.

'La Fleur and I. Suddenly, one day, we perceived a door which neither of us had before observed. We tried to open it. It resisted our efforts, although the lock was broken off. We forced off a portion of the rotted wood. Then we perceived that the whole vault, or small cellar, was filled with a huge fungus, which prevented the door from opening inwards. We cut it out piecemeal with an axe. Then at the back we discover a small *réduit* of this wine. *Voilà!* It must have been there a century—who knows?'

La Fleur filled the glasses again.

‘I only produce this wine,’ said the Viscount, ‘for my most especial friends. I have already said that I am under most peculiar obligation to you. La Fleur respects my secret.’

‘Monsieur le Vicomte,’ said la Fleur, breaking silence at last in a soft voice, ‘has attached himself to me by so many acts of condescension and kindness that it would be infamous were I to betray his slightest confidence.’

‘Wine,’ said the Viscount, ‘is a wonderful thing. I have read in an old book that belonged to a great-uncle of mine, who was a great *curioso*—a book written by an English doctor to that king of theirs whose head they cut off; funny thing, was

it not, to cut off a king's head? but the English are naturally eccentric—this doctor, partly out of his own head, and out of van Helmont and Paracelsus, tells strange things, of strifes and histories, that go on within the nature of wine, until the perfect spirit is born, and is purified, and escapes, and triumphs over gorgons and demons and slaves, and becomes immortal and the giver of immortality. All this had something to do with the existence of that mystic fungus that filled that cellar of ours—which fills other cellars, as I have heard. It certainly is wonderful wine.'

And with a voice somewhat cracked, but in which much of the old sweetness yet lingered, he sang Sganarelle's air—

‘ Qu’ils sont doux,
Bouteille jolie,
Qu’ils sont doux,
Vos petits glougloux !
Mais mon sort ferait bien des jaloux,
Si vous étiez toujours remplie.
Ah ! bouteille, ma vie,
Pourquoi vous videz-vous ? ’

When they had dispatched the *poulet aux truffes*, and la Fleur had served an omelette and other delicacies, he left the room, and the two men were left alone. La Valliere was seized with a sudden idea, inspired probably by the wine.

‘ Monsieur le Vicomte,’ he said, ‘ I wish you would add another to the favours you have already granted me by asking me to *déjeuner* to-morrow and allowing me to bring a friend ? ’

The Viscount looked at him with surprise.

‘And this friend?’

‘Is the Countess Eve.’

‘Mon Dieu!’ cried the Viscount, ‘you have not lost time! And, pray, what should the Countess Eve do here?’

‘I have promised the Countess,’ said la Valliere, ‘that she should see life. It strikes me that in your *ménage*, from what you have told me and from what I have myself partly seen, something of this sort might be shown her.’

A very curious expression came into the Viscount’s face. He looked at la Valliere for a few seconds across his wine in silence. Had la Valliere’s plans been more clearly defined—had he formed, in fact, any distinct scheme or plan of action at all—he might have read in the delicate,

worn face much that might have been of use to him, much that might have revealed aspects of human life, of which even he, with all the knowledge of good and evil which his art or craft gave him, was still ignorant. As it was, however, he noticed merely that there was a somewhat awkward pause. Then the Viscount said—

‘I should think of it, Monsieur, were I you, once or twice. He is of *la haute noblesse* on the mother’s side; *en outre, elle est si belle.*’

La Valliere looked at his companion with surprise. Was this the spiteful, gossiping, frivolous chatterer, at once the amusement and the pest of society? At his own table, all through the evening, he had been a different man from what la Valliere

had known him elsewhere. It seemed as though his other manner had dropped from him as soon as he had left that *vie de société*, for which possibly it had been alone assumed.

‘But I thought, Monsieur le Vicomte,’ said la Valliere, ‘that you had been so anxious that Madame should *se désennuyer*?’

The Viscount looked at him again for a moment.

‘*Que voulez-vous ? mon cher Monsieur,*’ he said. ‘Do you take a passing word so much *au sérieux*. *Une petite bourgeoise perit-être, mais la haute noblesse ! c’est tout autre chose.*’

There was an awkward pause ; la Fleur fortunately came in with coffee, and the Viscount changed the subject.

‘Your friend, de Brie, did not come to the assembly of nobles,’ he said. ‘I wish you could have been there; you would have gleaned invaluable hints for your art. Picture to yourself such a collection of antiques. We attended mass, and then dined together with Monsieur l’Intendant. It was the only good meal many of them would have in the year. I would warrant that out of all the nobility of the province, and there are thousands, there are not a dozen who have even a decent income. You would have laughed at the comical assemblage.’

La Valliere was too disconcerted to reply. The Viscount went on—

‘I sat next an old Don, Monsieur le Comte de la Roche-Anguie d’Avras. It

must have been the only good dinner he had had for many a day. I was rather curious to see on what sort of a Rosinante he would depart—the old mares and other curiosities of horse-flesh would have delighted a Calot—so I put myself in his way as we were breaking up, and, would you believe it, he marched away on foot!—three leagues if it were a yard!—to his ruined *château-métairie*, where they live from year's end to year's end on pigeons, fowls, and fish. I know the place—great ruined towers over alleys of chestnut trees. He wore a long antique cloak, perfectly brushed, but darned all round the edges—no doubt by the fair hands of Mesdames de la Roche-Anguie d'Avras. I ventured on a little joke as

he came down, about your friend the Countess—Adam and Eve, you know, and—you know the sort of thing. My old Don drew himself up like a poker, looked as though he would have eaten me. Then he pulled his long gray moustache down into his mouth as though he would have eaten it. Then he said,—

““When I was a boy, Monsieur le Vicomte”—picture to yourself him, or me either for that matter, a boy! “When I was a boy it was held dangerous to joke about a pretty woman in the presence of gentlemen.” Then he strode away into the muddy lanes and into the night.’

The Viscount continued his chatter, evidently with the courteous intention of covering la Valliere's embarrassment at

the reception his proposal had met with, but la Valliere was too disconcerted to respond.

Suddenly a terrific disturbance made itself heard through the partly open door.

‘What is that noise, la Fleur?’ said his master, if such he might be called.

‘Only the Flèche family, Monsieur,’ replied la Fleur. ‘The old man has caught that *vaurien*, the gold-worker, who has been forbidden the house, with his daughter, and he and his sons have been dropping him out of one of the front windows. They are really too noisy. I shall have to dismiss them. They pay well, however.’

The Viscount looked at la Valliere for a moment with a meaning smile upon

his thin, lined face, but la Valliere did not speak.

The men finished their wine. Then the Viscount conducted his friend to the great door leading to the street. As they went down the staircase the commotion seemed to have subsided. They neither heard nor saw any one.

As la Fleur opened the door for la Valliere to pass out, the Viscount followed him a step into the street—

‘Monsieur,’ he whispered, taking him by the arm, ‘don’t do it. Think about it, anticipate it, but don’t do it. *Ma foi!* nothing irritates Satan more than that!’

Then he tripped back again into the house, and the great door was closed upon la Valliere and upon the gloomy street.

XI

WHEN la Valliere awoke from a restless, unrefreshing sleep, and remembered the events of the past night and his strange appointment with the Countess Eve, his sensations were of a very conflicting character.

Sprung as he was from a race of born actors, advancing from generation to generation in the social scale and in intellectual acuteness, but not at all in any moral or mental strength, he was himself at last as little under the domain or ordinance of moral responsibility as it is possible for any human creature to be.

The romantic incidents of the last few days, the beauty of the Countess and of her home, the wild, mysterious surroundings of adventure and of intrigue, had impressed his fancy and excited his imagination as an attractive and fantastic play would have done. When he had stood in Paradise the morning before, so far as he was acting for himself at all, and was not the mere instrument of the powers of evil which had gathered round him and found him a compliant and finished tool, his chief idea had been to gratify his desire of having so glorious a creature as the Countess in his own power and possession, to do with her as he would.

He could, however, never properly be said to have any will of his own, for,

according to his training and his creed of life, it was only the passing fancy of the moment, the accident of environment, that attracted his attention or interest, that was worthy of regard. He had therefore been greatly impressed by the way in which his proposal had been received by the Viscount, and had it been necessary to take action immediately on leaving his host, he would probably have relinquished his intention, though such conduct would have involved the breaking of an assignation. But when he awoke in the morning his first thought was that the Countess would come out to meet him in the wood, that he would lift her upon her horse ; whither he would take her he knew not. A strange, unusual power

within him—a strength of purpose and of will—surprised even himself. The delight and zest of such an enterprise were pictured to his imagination with a distinctness such as he had never known before.

In one respect fortune favoured him. There was arranged to be given that afternoon, at a château some leagues from the city, a performance of private theatricals, —*Parade* as it was called, at which all the fashion of the neighbourhood would be present. These *Parades*, which were slight comedies representing the humours of the lower classes, were extremely popular among the aristocracy of the time, and were a sign of the general depravity of taste. The Count, trained in an earlier and severer school of society, detested them.

‘It was astonishing to him,’ he would say, ‘how ladies of standing in society, often of rank and fashion, should condescend to utter sentiments couched in the language of the fishmarket.’

The Count and Countess, therefore, had declined the invitation to be present, but all the rest of the world had accepted, and the neighbourhood of the château of the Countess Eve would in consequence be deserted during the whole of the day.

It seemed indeed as if the powers of evil were allowed a clear field for their malefic work. De Brie, who alone exerted any continuously steadying influence upon his friend, was mysteriously absent,—la Valliere did not know where.

Left to his own devices, as it seemed, he became an easy prey to those impulses which he had made the rulers of his life. He had ordered horses to be ready for him in the city—once accoutred for a lady; and accompanied by a boy, he mounted and rode out at the appointed time.

But as he rode out, his mind was not at ease. It was one thing to stand in the radiant garden, in the warm, inspiring sunshine, face to face with perhaps the loveliest eyes he had ever seen, inspired too by some strange power which did not seem his own, and quite another, in the cool, unexciting, morning hour, to ride out slowly to an enterprise the end of which he could not see. The manner in which the Viscount had received his proposal shewed

him, with distinct clearness, the audacity of his enterprise. Its possible consequences occurred to him with alarming insistence ; and as he rode along another difficulty hitherto unthought of perplexed him.

He had intended to leave his horses at the little farm in the valley, where, as we have seen, he had been in the habit of leaving his horse on his visits to the Countess. He had thought that he would then, as usual, have gone on foot to the postern door, and that he would be there at the appointed moment to receive the Countess as she came out. If he had carried out this plan it is possible that the enduring fate of the personages of this story would have been, for every one of them, other than it was.

But a weak, highly-sensitive, and imaginative nature suggested to him endless complications. It suddenly occurred to him, as he rode along, that the people at the farm had more than once shown considerable suspicion of his purposes, and that, should he bring the Countess down to them, even though she might be masqued, something unpleasant might be expected to happen. He was not a coward, but he was a man of highly-wrought nervous temperament and susceptibility, and he shrank instinctively from anything like a scene or contention.

The relations between the *noblesse* and the peasantry were in those days doubtless not of the most friendly character, but the immediate retainers of the nobility were

generally attached to them by interest if not by affection; and the Count, who had been long abroad, and had resided for some years in England, had lost, if he ever had them, those cruel, insolent feelings with regard to the peasantry of which some of the French nobles were accused. He was respected, and to a certain extent beloved, by his servants and retainers. Anything prejudicial to his interests and honour was certain to be resented by them.

These reflections caused la Valliere to hesitate. The more he thought of his scheme, the more wild and dangerous did it appear. The peculiar susceptibility of impression which made him a pliant tool in the hands of evil, at the same time militated against the absolute dominion of any par-

ticular form of evil. In the sunny garden the morning before, when only the misty outline of his scheme lay before him, it had seemed easy and delicious; now he was more than half inclined to turn back and renounce the whole.

But a complex feeling, made up of vanity and honour, prevented this action. Having pledged his word to be at the garden gate at a certain hour, surely he would keep his tryst; and as he rode along, a mocking, sneering voice seemed ever constant at his ear, insinuating to his fancy the intolerable ignominy that would await a man who, having such a prize within his grasp, faltered from irresolution or from fear, and turned back at the moment of success.

Perplexed by these contradictory emo-

tions, he adopted a timid policy which, as is usually the case, was fatal to the success of his purpose. He avoided the cottage in the wood, and leaving his horses with the boy in the main road, he determined to await the coming of the Countess at a turn of the wooded path which commanded at once the farmhouse and the horses which he had left. His oscillation and alteration of plan had occasioned some delay, and he did not reach the turn of the path until some moments after that the Countess, true to her time to a second, had opened the postern door ; no finite understanding can realise to the full what the delay of these few seconds meant.

From the point where la Valliere stood he could not see the door. He waited for a few minutes impatiently, half hoping

that she would not come. Then, his anxiety overcoming his prudence, he gave up the sight of the cottage and of his horses, and advanced towards the garden through the shaded pathways of the wood.

It was now near upon midday. The full morning light, the brilliant sunshine, the soft verdure of the green turf and of the fresh leaves, and the dazzling white blossom of the wild cherry trees were all unheeded by him, for before him, as he ascended the path, the postern door stood wide open! the bright light from the outside shining through into the bosky apple groves of Paradise within. There was no trace or sign of the Countess anywhere. What terrible thing had happened? What was the meaning of the open door?

An appalling sense of mystery, a wild horror and terror such as he had never felt before, seized upon la Valliere's mind. It seemed to him that he was conscious above and around him—in the sunny still air, in the warmth and glow of life, and of fresh spring birth—of the presence of malefic existence, baffled and excited to despair. The very air he breathed seemed charged with this environing, oppressive power and force, terrible from its invisibility. The peculiar faculty with which he was gifted rose in opposition to this unseen, intangible oppression and tyranny. Anything, however appalling to sight and sense, must be better than this! By a tremendous effort he concentrated his will, as he had done before, in a determined

effort to see, and before him, issuing as it were from the open door of Paradise, the Abbé once more stood in his path.

He wished, or so la Valliere's scared fancy showed him, to avoid his recognition, and he seemed to hold the sleeve of his cassock across his face ; but la Valliere, maddened with passion and terror, threw himself across his steps.

‘ Devil ! fiend ! ’ he cried ; ‘ where is she ? What have you done with her ? ’

The figure drew the concealing drapery from across its face, and la Valliere staggered backwards, blasted at the sight, so deadly in hate, so vindictive in disappointment and despair, was the expression on the ghastly face he saw.

If there be an annihilation terrible to

the damned, to the lost and utterly malefic being,—an extinction of the evil existence which is its life and hope, its sole purpose and aim, and which comes to such a being therefore with an intolerable, burning despair—a crouching, craven fear, which spends its last moments in a mad, purposeless, reckless scattering of the venom which was its life,—then such a paroxysm of despairing death, such a final effort of defeated devilry, lashed as with stripes of burning steel across la Valliere's gaze.

‘Fool!’—the words hissed upon his face like withering flame—‘miserable fool! Go on!’

Unconscious of will or of motion, la Valliere passed through the open door into the blessed sunshine of the garden

beyond. Some half-way across the daisied sward, and beneath the apple trees, now laden with a wealth of opening blossom, the Countess Eve, clinging to her husband's arm, was standing in the dazzling light. Beside them, her eyes fixed upon the open door, stood the Abbess; and de Brie, with outstretched hand, stepped forward to meet his friend. Above them, on the distant terrace, beyond the leafy arcades of the garden, the tapering spire of the Tree of Life pointed towards the cloudless sky.

Dazed and confounded as he was by what had passed, scared and distracted by the terrible vision he had just escaped from, la Valliere's eyes were riveted upon another sight—a sight which he was never

to forget. He lived to see the massacres of September, and the butchery of the Swiss Guard, yet the sight that haunted him to his deathbed was not these, nor yet that terrible face outside the gate of Paradise, but the Countess's face as she stood clinging to her husband's arm.

Often in the dead of night, after long years had passed away, he would wake up with that lovely face shining out upon him from the darkness, distinct and clear as on that wonderful morn, a radiance of the wondering joy of escape and deliverance upon her lips and within her eyes; but through the meshes of her chestnut hair, and across the gleam of her violet eyes, an appalling mystic light—the singe and glow of the flame of the pit!

The Abbess stood like the archangel of God, the crucifix, that turned its flashing light every way, in her uplifted hand.

‘Fear not,’ she said, as la Valliere reached his friend; ‘he will return no more. The sin which gave him birth, which kept him in existence, and gave him his malefic power, is abolished and blotted out; for by this sign—the sign of the Crucifix—than which none other shall be given while the world endures, Death and Hell are cast into the lake that burns for ever.’

THE END

WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR.

JOHN INGLESANT: A Romance.

Popular Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

[*Thirty-sixth Thousand.*]

THE LITTLE SCHOOLMASTER MARK: A Spiritual Romance.

Two Parts. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d. each; or complete, in One Volume, 4s. 6d.

‘Such a story as “The Little Schoolmaster Mark” is worth a dozen first-rate novels.’—*The Academy.*

SIR PERCIVAL: A Story of the Past and of the Present.

Crown 8vo. 6s.

‘It is the work of a man who to great literary power unites a deep insight into the hidden mysteries of spiritual life.’—*The Literary World.*

A TEACHER OF THE VIOLIN, and other Tales.

Crown 8vo. 6s.

‘No one who takes up this volume will be likely to leave it unfinished. . . . All the stories are of delicate workmanship.’—*The Spectator.*

MACMILLAN AND CO., LONDON.

Now Publishing Monthly (Vol. I. October 1888). 3s. 6d. each.

WORKS OF CHARLES KINGSLEY.

A new and cheaper Edition of the more popular of Mr. KINGSLEY'S books in twelve volumes as under. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d. each.

Westward Ho.	[Ready.]	Poems.	[April.]
Hypatia.	[Ready.]	The Heroes.	[May.]
Yeast.	[Dec.]	The Water Babies.	[June.]
Alton Locke.	[Jan.]	Madam How and Lady Why	[July.]
Two Years Ago.	[Feb.]	At Last.	[Aug.]
Hereward the Wake.	[March.]	Prose Idylls.	[Sept.]

Fortnightly (Vol. I. October 1888). 3s. 6d. each.

THE NOVELS AND TALES OF CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

A complete, uniform, and cheaper Edition in twenty-seven volumes, with all the original Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d. each.
To be published fortnightly in the following order.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. The Heir of Redclyffe. | 15. The Chaplet of Pearls. |
| 2. Heartsease. | 16. Lady Hester and the Danvers Papers. |
| 3. Hopes and Fears. | 17. Magnum Bonum. |
| 4. Dynevor Terrace. | 18. Love and Life. |
| 5. The Daisy Chain. | 19. Unknown to History. |
| 6. The Trial. | 20. Stray Pearls. |
| 7. Pillars of the House. Vol. I. | 21. The Armourer's 'Prentices. |
| 8. Pillars of the House. Vol. II. | 22. The Two Sides of the Shield. |
| 9. The Young Stepmother. | 23. Nuttie's Father. |
| 10. Clever Woman of the Family. | 24. Scenes and Characters. |
| 11. The Three Brides. | 25. Chantry House. |
| 12. My Young Alcides. | 26. A Modern Telemachus. |
| 13. The Caged Lion. | 27. Bye Words. |
| 14. The Dove in the Eagle's Nest. | |

BEDFORD STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON

April, 1883.

*MACMILLAN & Co.'s CATALOGUE of Works in
BELLES LETTRES, including Poetry, Fiction, etc.*

- ABOUT MONEY; AND OTHER THINGS.** A Gift Book. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Crown 8vo. 6s.
- ADDISON, SELECTIONS FROM.** By JOHN RICHARD GREEN, M.A., LL.D. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- ADVENTURES OF A BROWNIE, THE.** By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." With Illustrations by Mrs. ALLINGHAM. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- ÆSOP.—SOME OF ÆSOP'S FABLES.** With Modern Instances shown in Designs by RANDOLPH CALDECOTT. From New Translations by ALFRED CALDECOTT, M.A. The Engraving by J. D. COOPER. Cheaper Issue. 4to. 5s.
- ALEXANDER (C. F.).—THE SUNDAY BOOK OF POETRY FOR THE YOUNG.** (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- ALICE LEARMONT.** A Fairy Tale. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." With Illustrations by JAMES GODWIN, New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- ALLINGHAM.—THE BALLAD BOOK.** Edited by WILLIAM ALLINGHAM. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- AMIEL.—THE JOURNAL INTIME OF HENRI FREDERIC AMIEL.** Translated, with an Introduction and Notes, by Mrs. HUMPHRY WARD. Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.
- AN ANCIENT CITY, AND OTHER POEMS.—**By A NATIVE OF SURREY. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- AN UNKNOWN COUNTRY.** By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." With Illustrations by F. NOEL PATON. Royal 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- ANDERSON.—BALLADS AND SONNETS.** By ALEXANDER ANDERSON (Surfaceman). Extra fcap. 8vo. 5s.
- ARIOSTO.—PALADIN AND SARACEN.** Stories from Ariosto. By H. C. HOLLWAY-CALTHROP. With Illustrations by Mrs. ARTHUR LEMON. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- ARNOLD.—**Works by MATTHEW ARNOLD.
THE POETICAL WORKS OF MATTHEW ARNOLD. Vol. I. EARLY POEMS, NARRATIVE POEMS, AND SONNETS. Vol. II. LYRIC AND ELEGIAC POEMS. Vol. III. DRAMATIC AND LATER POEMS. New and Complete Edition. Three Vols. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d. each.
- SELECTED POEMS OF MATTHEW ARNOLD.** With Vignette engraved by C. H. JEENS. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- ESSAYS IN CRITICISM.** Fifth Edition, revised and enlarged. Crown 8vo. 9s.
- DISCOURSES IN AMERICA.** Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- ART AT HOME SERIES.—**Edited by W. J. LOFTIE, B.A.
MUSIC IN THE HOUSE. By JOHN HULLAH. With Illustrations. Fourth Thousand. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- THE DINING-ROOM.** By MRS. LOFTIE. Illustrated. Fourth Thousand. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

a

ART AT HOME SERIES—continued.

THE BED-ROOM AND BOUDOIR. By LADY BARKER. Illustrated. Fourth Thousand. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS. By WALTER H. POLLOCK and LADY POLLOCK. Illustrated by KATE GREENAWAY. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

NEEDLEWORK. By ELIZABETH GLAISTER, Author of "Art Embroidery." Illustrated. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

THE LIBRARY. By ANDREW LANG. With a Chapter on *English Illustrated Books*, by AUSTIN DOBSON. Illustrated. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

ARTEVELDE—JAMES & PHILIP VON ARTEVELDE. By W. J. ASHLEY, B.A., late Scholar of Balliol College, Oxford. Being the Lothian Prize Essay for 1882. Crown 8vo. 6s.

ATKINSON.—AN ART TOUR TO THE NORTHERN CAPITALS OF EUROPE. By J. BEAVINGTON ATKINSON. 8vo. 12s.

AUSTIN.—Works by ALFRED AUSTIN.

SAVONAROLA. A Tragedy. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

SOLILOQUIES IN SONG. Crown 8vo. 6s.

AT THE GATE OF THE CONVENT, and other Poems. Crown 8vo. 6s.

PRINCE LUCIFER. A Poem. Second Edition. With a Prefatory Note "On the End and Limits of Objective Poetry." Crown 8vo. 6s.

AWDRY.—THE STORY OF A FELLOW SOLDIER. By FRANCES AWDRY. (A Life of Bishop Patteson for the Young.) With a Preface by CHARLOTTE M. YONGE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

BACON'S ESSAYS. Edited by W. ALDIS WRIGHT. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

BAKER.—Works by Sir SAMUEL BAKER, M.A., F.R.S., F.R.G.S., &c., &c.

CAST UP BY THE SEA; or, THE ADVENTURES OF NED GREY. With Illustrations by HUARD. New Edition. Crown 8vo, cloth gilt. 6s.

TRUE TALES FOR MY GRANDSONS. With Illustrations by W. J. HENNESSY. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

BALLAD BOOK.—CHOICEST BRITISH BALLADS. Edited by WILLIAM ALLINGHAM. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

BARKER (LADY).—Works by Lady BARKER (Lady Broome):

A YEAR'S HOUSEKEEPING IN SOUTH AFRICA. With Illustrations. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

STATION LIFE IN NEW ZEALAND. With Illustrations. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

LETTERS TO GUY. Crown 8vo. 3s.

THE WHITE RAT, and other Stories. Illustrated by W. J. HENNESSY. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

BEESELY.—STORIES FROM THE HISTORY OF ROME. By Mrs. BEESELY. Fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.

BERTZ.—THE FRENCH PRISONERS. A Story for Boys. By EDWARD BERTZ. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

BIKÉLAS.—**LOUKIS LARAS;** or, **THE REMINISCENCES OF A CHIOTE MERCHANT DURING THE GREEK WAR OF INDEPENDENCE.** From the Greek of D. BIKÉLAS. Translated, with Introduction on the Rise and Development of Modern Greek Literature, by J. GENNADIUS, Chargé d'Affaires at the Greek Legation in London. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

BJÖRNSON.—**SYNNÖVE SOLBAKKEN.** Translated from the Norwegian of BJORNSTJERNE BJÖRNSON, by JULIE SUTTER. Crown 8vo. 6s.

BLACK (W.).—**THE STRANGE ADVENTURES OF A PHAETON,** Illustrated. Crown 8vo. 6s.

A PRINCESS OF THULE. Crown 8vo. 6s.

THE MAID OF KILLEENA, and other Stories. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MADCAP VIOLET. Crown 8vo. 6s.

GREEN PASTURES AND PICCADILLY. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MACLEOD OF DARE. With Illustrations. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

WHITE WINGS. A YACHTING ROMANCE. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

THE BEAUTIFUL WRETCH: THE FOUR MAC NICOLS: THE PUPIL OF AURELIUS. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

SHANDON BELLS. Crown 8vo. Cheaper Edition. 6s.

YOLANDE: THE STORY OF A DAUGHTER. Crown 8vo. 6s.

THE WISE WOMEN OF INVERNESS: a Tale, and other Miscellanies Crown 8vo. 6s.

JUDITH SHAKESPEARE. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

WHITE HEATHER. Crown 8vo. 6s.

SABINA ZEMBRA. Crown 8vo. 6s.

BLACKIE.—Works by JOHN STUART BLACKIE, Emeritus Professor of Greek in the University of Edinburgh:—

THE WISE MEN OF GREECE. In a Series of Dramatic Dialogues. Crown 8vo. 9s.

LAY SERMONS. Crown 8vo. 6s.

GOETHE'S FAUST. Translated into English Verse, with Notes and Preliminary Remarks. By J. STUART BLACKIE, F.R.S.E. Crown 8vo. 9s.

WHAT DOES HISTORY TEACH? Two Edinburgh Lectures. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

MESSIS VITÆ: Gleanings of Song from a Happy Life. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

BRIGHT.—**THE ENGLISH FLOWER GARDEN.** By HENRY A. BRIGHT. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

BRIMLEY.—**ESSAYS.** By the late GEORGE BRIMLEY, M.A., Librarian of Trinity College, Cambridge. Edited by W. G. CLARK, M.A., late Fellow and Tutor of Trinity College, Cambridge. A new Edition. Globe 8vo. 5s.

Contents: Tennyson's Poems; Wordsworth's Poems; Poetry and Criticism; Carlyle's Life of Sterling; "Esmond"; "Waverley Novels"; "Notes Ambrosianæ"; Comte's "Positive Philosophy," &c.

- BROOKE (S. A.).**—Works by STOPFORD A. BROOKE, M.A.
RIQUET OF THE TUFT: A LOVE DRAMA. Extra crown 8vo. 6s.
POEMS. Globe 8vo. 6s.
- BROWNE (SIR THOMAS).**—**RELIGIO MEDICI**; Letter to a Friend, &c., and Christian Morals. Edited by W. A. GREENHILL, M.D. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)
- BUMBLEBEE BOGO'S BUDGET.** By A RETIRED JUDGE. With Eleven Illustrations by ALICE HAVERS. *People's Edition.* Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- BUNCE.**—**FAIRY TALES, THEIR ORIGIN AND MEANING.** With some Account of the Dwellers in Fairy Land. By J. THACKRAY BUNCE. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.** (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- BURGON.**—**POEMS.** By JOHN WILLIAM BURGON, B.D., Dean of Chichester. Extra fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- BURKE.**—**LETTERS, TRACTS, AND SPEECHES ON IRISH AFFAIRS.** By EDMUND BURKE. Arranged and Edited by MATTHEW ARNOLD, with a Preface. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- BURN.**—**ROMAN LITERATURE IN RELATION TO ROMAN ART.** By the Rev. ROBERT BURN, M.A., Author of "Rome and the Campagna," &c. With Illustrations. 8vo. 14s.
- BURNETT.**—Works by FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT, Author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's":—
HAWORTH'S. A Novel. Globe 8vo. 2s.
LOUISIANA; and THAT LASS O' LOWRIE'S. Two Stories. Illustrated. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- BURNS.**—**THE POETICAL WORKS OF ROBERT BURNS.** Edited from the best printed and manuscript Authorities, with Glossarial Index and a Biographical Memoir, by ALEXANDER SMITH. With Portrait of Burns, and Vignette of the Two Dogs, engraved by SHAW. Two Vols. Fcap. 8vo. 10s.
COMPLETE WORKS OF. Edited with Memoir by ALEXANDER SMITH. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- BUTLER'S HUDIBRAS.**—Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by ALFRED MILNES, M.A. Fcap. 8vo. Part I. 3s. 6d. Parts II. and III. 4s. 6d.
- BYRON.**—**POETRY OF BYRON.** Chosen and arranged by MATTHEW ARNOLD. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 9s.
- CARLYLE (THOMAS).** **LETTERS OF THOMAS CARLYLE.** Edited by CHARLES ELIOT NORTON. Vol. I. 1814—1821. Vol. II. 1821—1826. With Two Portraits. Crown 8vo. 18s.
LETTERS OF THOMAS CARLYLE. Second Series. 1826—1835. Two Vols. Crown 8vo. [In the press.]
REMINISCENCES. Edited by CHARLES ELIOT NORTON. Two Vols. Crown 8vo. 12s.
- CARLYLE AND GOETHE, CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN.** Edited by CHARLES ELIOT NORTON. Crown 8vo. 9s.
- CARR.**—**PAPERS ON ART.** By J. COMYNS CARR. Extra Crown 8vo. 8s. 6d.

CARROLL.—Works by LEWIS CARROLL:—

ALICE'S ADVENTURES IN WONDERLAND. With Forty-two Illustrations by TENNIEL. 81st Thousand. Crown 8vo, cloth. 6s.

People's Edition of the same. With all the original Illustrations. Crown, 2s. 6d.

A GERMAN TRANSLATION OF THE SAME. With TENNIEL's Illustrations. Crown 8vo, gilt. 6s.

A FRENCH TRANSLATION OF THE SAME. With TENNIEL's Illustrations. Crown 8vo, gilt. 6s.

AN ITALIAN TRANSLATION OF THE SAME. By T. P. ROSSETTI. With TENNIEL's Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 6s.

THROUGH THE LOOKING-GLASS, AND WHAT ALICE FOUND THERE. With Fifty Illustrations by TENNIEL. Crown 8vo, gilt. 6s. 58th Thousand.

People's Edition of the same. With all the original Illustrations. Crown 8vo, 2s. 6d.

People's Edition of "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland," and "Through the Looking Glass." With all the original Illustrations. Both Books in one Volume. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

RHYME? AND REASON? With Sixty-five Illustrations by ARTHUR B. FROST, and Nine by HENRY HOLIDAY. Crown 8vo. 6s.

* * This book is a reprint, with a few additions, of the comic portion of "Phantasmagoria and other Poems," and of the "Hunting of the Snark." Mr. FROST's Pictures are new.

ALICE'S ADVENTURES UNDER GROUND. Being a Facsimile of the Original MS. Book, afterwards developed into "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland." With Thirty-seven Illustrations by the Author. Crown 8vo. 4s.

A TANGLED TALE. Reprinted from "The Monthly Packet." With Six Illustrations by ARTHUR B. FROST. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE GAME OF "LOGIC." Crown 8vo. 3s.

CARPENTER (W. B.).—**TRUTH IN TALE.** Addresses chiefly to Children. By the Right Rev. WILLIAM BOYD CARPENTER, D.D., Lord Bishop of Ripon. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

CAUTLEY.—**A CENTURY OF EMBLEMS.** By G. S. CAUTLEY, Vicar of Nettleden, Author of "The After Glow," etc. With numerous Illustrations by LADY MARION ALFORD, REAR-ADMIRAL LORD W. COMPTON, the Ven. LORD A. COMPTON, R. BARNES, J. D. COOPER, and the Author. Pott 4to, cloth elegant, gilt edges. 10s. 6d.

CAVALIER AND HIS LADY. Selections from the Works of the First Duke and Duchess of Newcastle. With an Introductory Essay by E. JENKINS. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

CHAPMAN (ELIZABETH RACHEL).—**A COMPANION TO "IN MEMORIAM."** By ELIZABETH RACHEL CHAPMAN. Globe 8vo. 2s.

CHILDREN'S POETRY. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Extra Fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.

CHRISTMAS CAROL (A). Printed in Colours from Original Designs by Mr. and Mrs. TREVOR CRISPIN, with Illuminated Borders from MSS. of the 14th and 15th Centuries. Imp. 4to, cloth elegant. Cheaper Edition. 21s.

CHRISTY CAREW.—By the author of "Hogan, M.P." Globe 8vo. 2s.

CHURCH (A. J.).—**HORÆ TENNYSONIANÆ,** Sive Eclogæ e Tennyson. Latine redditæ. Cura A. J. CHURCH, A.M. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.

CHURCH.—THE MISCELLANEOUS WRITINGS OF R. W. CHURCH, Dean of St. Paul's. Collected Edition in five Volumes. Globe 8vo 5s. each. Now publishing in Monthly Volumes as follows:—

Vol. I. MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS.	Vol. III. ST. ANSELM.	[May.
[Ready.	Vol. IV. SPENSER.	[June
Vol. II. DANTE, and other Essays.	Vol. V. BACON.	[July.
[Ready.		

CLIFFORD.—ANYHOW STORIES FOR CHILDREN—MORAL AND OTHERWISE. By Mrs. W. K. CLIFFORD. With Illustrations by DOROTHY TENNANT. Popular Edition. Crown 8vo. Sewed, 1s. Cloth, 1s. 6d.

CLOUGH (ARTHUR HUGH).—THE COLLECTED WORK OF ARTHUR HUGH CLOUGH. Two vols. Crown 8vo. 6s. each. POEMS. New Collected Edition. With additions.

PROSE REMAINS. With a Selection from his Letters, and a Memoir. Edited by his wife.

COLLECTS OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND. With a beautifully Coloured Floral Design to each Collect, and Illuminated Cover. Crown 8vo. 12s.

COLLIER.—A PRIMER OF ART. By JOHN COLLIER. 18mo. 1s.

COLQUHOUN.—RHYMES AND CHIMES. By F. S. COLQUHOUN (née F. S. FULLER MAITLAND). Extra fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.

CONWAY.—Works by HUGH CONWAY.

A FAMILY AFFAIR. Globe 8vo. 2s.

LIVING OR DEAD. Globe 8vo. 2s.

CORBETT.—Works by JULIAN S. CORBETT.

THE FALL OF ASGARD. Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.

FOR GOD AND GOLD. Crown 8vo. 6s.

CORNWALL, AN UNSENTIMENTAL JOURNEY THROUGH. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." With numerous Illustrations by C. NAPIER HEMY. Medium 4to. 12s. 6d.

COWPER.—POETICAL WORKS. Edited, with Biographical Introduction, by Rev. W. BENHAM, B.D. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

THE TASK: AN EPISTLE TO JOSEPH HILL, ESQ.,; TIROCINIUM; or, a Review of the Schools; and the HISTORY OF JOHN GILPIN. Edited, with Notes, by WILLIAM BENHAM, B.D. (Globe Readings Edition.) Globe 8vo. 1s.

LETTERS OF WILLIAM COWPER. Edited, with Introduction, by Rev. WILLIAM BENHAM, B.D., F.S.A., Rector of St. Edmund the King, Lombard Street. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)

SELECTIONS FROM COWPER'S POEMS. With an Introduction by Mrs. OLIPHANT. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)

CRANE.—THE SIRENS THREE. A Poem. Written and Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Royal 8vo. 10s. 6d.

CRANE.—GRIMM'S FAIRY TALES: A Selection from the Household Stories. Translated from the German by LUCY CRANE, and done into Pictures by WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 6s.

CRANE (LUCY).—LECTURES ON ART AND THE FORMATION OF TASTE. By LUCY CRANE. With Illustrations by THOMAS and WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 6s.

CRAWFORD—Works by F. MARION CRAWFORD.

MR. ISAACS. A Tale of Modern India. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

DOCTOR CLAUDIUS. A True Story. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

A ROMAN SINGER. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

ZOROASTER. Crown 8vo. 6s.

A TALE OF A LONELY PARISH. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MARZIO'S CRUCIFIX. Crown 8vo. 6s.

PAUL PATOFF. Three Vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.

CUNNINGHAM.—THE CÆRULEANS. A Vacation Idyll. By H. S. CUNNINGHAM, Author of "The Chronicles of Dustypore." New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

DAGONET THE JESTER.—Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

DAHN.—FELICITAS. A Tale of the German Migrations, A.D. 476. By FELIX DAHN. Translated by M. A. C. E. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

DANTE.—THE PURGATORY. Edited, with Translation and Notes, by A. J. BUTLER, M.A. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.

THE PARADISO. Edited, with a Translation and Notes, by A. J. BUTLER, M.A. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.

DAY.—Works by the Rev. LAL BEHARI DAY:

BENGAL PEASANT LIFE. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

FOLK-TALES OF BENGAL. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

DAYS WITH SIR ROGER DE COVERLEY. From *The Spectator*. With Numerous Illustrations by HUGH THOMSON. Small 4to. Extra gilt. 6s.

DEMOCRACY—An American Novel. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

DE MORGAN (MARY).—THE NECKLACE OF THE PRINCESS FIORIMONDE, and other Stories. With 25 Illustrations by WALTER CRANE. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.

. Also an Edition printed by Messrs. R. and R. Clark, on hand-made paper, the plates, initial letters, head and tail pieces being printed on Indian paper and mounted in the text. Fcap. 4to. THE EDITION IS LIMITED TO ONE HUNDRED COPIES.

DEUTSCHE LYRIK. By Dr. BUCHHEIM. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

DE VERE.—ESSAYS CHIEFLY ON POETRY. By AUBREY DE VERE. Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s. Vol. I. CRITICISMS ON CERTAIN POETS. Vol. II. ESSAYS, LITERARY AND ETHICAL.

DE WINT.—THE LIFE OF PETER DE WINT. By WALTER ARMSTRONG. Illustrated with 20 Photogravures from the Artist's Work. Super Royal 4to. [Immediately.]

DICKENS (CHARLES).—THE POSTHUMOUS PAPERS OF THE PICKWICK CLUB. By CHARLES DICKENS; with Notes and numerous Illustrations. Edited by CHARLES DICKENS the Younger. In Two Volumes. Extra Crown 8vo. 21s.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF PARIS, 1885. An Unconventional Handbook. With Maps, Plans, &c. 18mo. Paper cover, 1s. Cloth, 1s. 6d.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF LONDON, 1887. (Seventh Year.) An Unconventional Handbook. With Maps, Plans, &c. 18mo. Paper cover, 1s. Cloth, 1s. 6d.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF THE THAMES, 1887. An Unconventional Handbook. With Maps, Plans, &c. Paper cover, 1s. Cloth, 1s. 6d.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD. 1885-1886. 18mo. paper cover. 1s.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE. 1885-1886. 18mo. paper cover. 1s.

DICKENS'S DICTIONARY OF THE UNIVERSITIES OF OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE. In One Volume. 18mo. Cloth. 2s. 6d.

DILLWYN (E. A.).—Works by E. A. DILLWYN.

JILL. Crown 8vo. 6s.

JILL AND JACK. 2 vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.

DOYLE.—THE RETURN OF THE GUARDS, and other Poems. By Sir FRANCIS HASTINGS DOYLE, late Fellow of All Souls' College, Oxford. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

DRYDEN.—POETICAL WORKS OF. Edited, with a Memoir, by W. D CHRISTIE, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

DUFF (GRANT).—MISCELLANIES, POLITICAL and LITERARY. By the Right Hon. M. E. GRANT DUFF. 8vo. 10s. 6d.

EBERS.—Works by DR. GEORG EBERS.

THE BURGOMASTER'S WIFE; a Tale of the Siege of Leyden. Translated by CLARA BELL. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

ONLY A WORD. Translated by CLARA BELL. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

ELBON.—BETHESDA. By BARBARA ELBON. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

ELLIS.—SKETCHING FROM NATURE. A Handbook for Students and Amateurs. By TRISTRAM J. ELLIS. With a Frontispiece and 10 Illustrations by H. STACY MARKS, R.A., and 30 Sketches by the Author. New Edition, Enlarged and Revised. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

EMERSON.—THE COLLECTED WORKS OF RALPH WALDO EMERSON. Uniform with the EVERSLEY EDITION of Charles Kingsley's Novels. Globe 8vo., price 5s. each volume.

1. MISCELLANIES. With an Introductory Essay by JOHN MORLEY.

2. ESSAYS.

3. POEMS.

4. ENGLISH TRAITS: AND REPRESENTATIVE MEN.

5. CONDUCT OF LIFE: AND SOCIETY and SOLITUDE.

6. LETTERS: SOCIAL AIMS, &c.

ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE, THE. Profusely

Illustrated. Published Monthly. Number I., October, 1883. Price Sixpence.

YEARLY VOLUME, 1884, consisting of 792 closely-printed pages, and containing upwards of 400 Woodcut Illustrations of various sizes, bound in extra cloth, coloured edges. Royal 8vo. 7s. 6d.

YEARLY VOLUME, 1885. A Handsome Volume, consisting of 840 closely printed pages, containing upwards of 400 Woodcut Illustrations of various sizes bound in extra cloth, coloured edges. Royal 8vo. 8s.

YEARLY VOLUME, 1886. A Handsome Volume, consisting of 840 closely printed pages, containing about 400 Woodcut Illustrations of various sizes, bound in extra cloth, coloured edges. Royal 8vo. 8s.

YEARLY VOLUME, 1887. A Handsome Volume, consisting of over 822 closely printed pages, and containing nearly 400 Woodcut Illustrations of various sizes, bound in extra cloth, coloured edges. Royal 8vo. 8s.

Cloth Covers for binding Volumes, 1s. 6d. each.

ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE, THE. PROOF IMPRESSIONS OF ENGRAVINGS ORIGINALLY PUBLISHED IN THE ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED. In Portfolio. 21s.

ENGLISH MEN OF LETTERS. Edited by JOHN MORLEY. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d. each.

JOHNSON. By LESLIE STEPHEN.
 SCOTT. By R. H. HUTTON.
 GIBBON. By J. COTTER MORISON.
 SHELLEY. By J. A. SYMONDS.
 HUME. By T. H. HUXLEY, F.R.S.
 GOLDSMITH. By WILLIAM BLACK.
 DEFOE. By W. MINTO.
 BURNS. By Principal SHAIRP.
 SPENSER. By the Very Rev. R. W. CHURCH, Dean of St. Paul's.
 THACKERAY. By ANTHONY TROLLOPE.
 LANDOR. By SIDNEY COLVIN.
 DE QUINCEY. By Prof. MASSON.
 CHARLES LAMB. By Rev. ALFRED AINGER.
 BENTLEY. By Prof. R. C. JEBB.
 CHARLES DICKENS. By A. W. WARD.
 GRAY. By EDMUND GOSSE.
 SWIFT. By LESLIE STEPHEN.
 STERNE. By H. D. TRAILL.

BURKE. By JOHN MORLEY.
 MILTON. By MARK PATTISON.
 HAWTHORNE. By HENRY JAMES.
 SOUTHEY. By Professor DOWDEN.
 CHAUCER. By A. W. WARD.
 COWPER. By GOLDWIN SMITH.
 BUNYAN. By J. A. FROUDE.
 LOCKE. By Prof. FOWLER.
 BYRON. By Prof. NICHOL.
 WORDSWORTH. By F. W. H. MYERS.
 DRYDEN. By GEORGE SAINTSBURY.
 MACAULAY. By J. COTTER MORISON.
 FIELDING. By AUSTIN DOBSON.
 SHERIDAN. By Mrs. OLIPHANT.
 ADDISON. By W. J. COURTHOPE.
 BACON. By the Very Rev. R. W. CHURCH, Dean of St. Paul's.
 COLERIDGE. By H. D. TRAILL.
 SIR PHILIP SIDNEY. By JOHN ADDINGTON SYMONDS.
 KEATS. By SIDNEY COLVIN.

[Other Volumes to follow.]

Popular Edition. One Shilling Each.

ENGLISH MEN OF LETTERS. Edited by JOHN MORLEY. Now publishing Monthly. Vols. I.—XVI. *ready*. Paper covers, 1s. each; cloth binding, 1s. 6d.

JOHNSON. By LESLIE STEPHEN.
 SCOTT. By R. H. HUTTON.
 GIBBON. By J. COTTER MORISON.
 HUME. By T. H. HUXLEY, F.R.S.
 GOLDSMITH. By WM. BLACK.
 SHELLEY. By J. A. SYMONDS.
 DEFOE. By W. MINTO.
 BURNS. By Principal SHAIRP.
 SPENSER. By the Very Rev. R. W. CHURCH, Dean of St. Paul's.

THACKERAY. By ANTHONY TROLLOPE.
 BURKE. By JOHN MORLEY.
 MILTON. By MARK PATTISON.
 HAWTHORNE. By HENRY JAMES.
 SOUTHEY. By Prof. DOWDEN.
 BUNYAN. By J. A. FROUDE.
 CHAUCER. By A. W. WARD.

[And the rest of the Series in due course.]

ENGLISH STATESMEN.—TWELVE ENGLISH STATESMEN. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d. each.

Under the above title Messrs. MACMILLAN & Co. are now publishing a series of short biographies, not designed to be a complete roll of famous Statesmen, but to present in historic order the lives and work of those leading actors in our affairs who by their direct influence have left an abiding mark on the policy, the institutions, and the position of Great Britain among States.

ENGLISH STATESMEN—(*continued*).

The following list of subjects is the result of careful selection. The great movements of national history are made to follow one another in a connected course, and the series is intended to form a continuous narrative of English freedom, order, and power. The Volumes are as follow :—

- WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR.
By EDWARD A. FREEMAN, D.C.L., LL.D. [*Ready.*]
- HENRY II. By Mrs. J. R. GREEN.
[*In the press.*]
- EDWARD I. By F. YORK POWELL.
- HENRY VII. By JAMES GAIRDNER.
- CARDINAL WOLSEY. By Prof. M. CREIGHTON. [*Ready.*]
- ELIZABETH. By the Dean of St. PAUL's.
- OLIVER CROMWELL. By FREDERIC HARRISON. [*June.*]
- WILLIAM III. By H. D. TRAILL [*May*]
- WALPOLE. By JOHN MORLEY.
- CHATHAM. By JOHN MORLEY.
- PITT. By JOHN MORLEY.
- PEEL. By J. R. THURSFIELD.
- EVANS.—Works by SEBASTIAN EVANS.
BROTHER FABIAN'S MANUSCRIPT, AND OTHER POEMS. Fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- IN THE STUDIO: A DECADE OF POEMS. Extra fcap. 8vo. 5s.
- FAIRY BOOK. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- FAY.—MUSIC STUDY IN GERMANY. From the Home Correspondence of AMY FAY, with a Preface by Sir GEORGE GROVE, D.C.L. Director of the Royal College of Music. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- FINCK.—ROMANTIC LOVE AND PERSONAL BEAUTY: THEIR DEVELOPMENT, CAUSAL RELATION, HISTORIC AND NATIONAL PECULIARITIES. By HENRY T. FINCK. 2 vols. Crown 8vo. 18s.
- FLEMING.—Works by GEORGE FLEMING.
VESTIGIA. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
A NILE NOVEL. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
MIRAGE. A Novel. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
THE HEAD OF MEDUSA. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- FO'C'S'LE YARNS.—Including "BETSY LEE" AND OTHER POEMS. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- FORBES.—SOUVENIRS OF SOME CONTINENTS. By ARCHIBALD FORBES, LL.D. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- FOSTER-BARHAM.—THE NIBELUNGEN LIED. Lay of the Nibelung. Translated from the German. By ALFRED G. FOSTER-BARHAM. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- FOWLER (W. WARDE).—TALES OF THE BIRDS. By W. WARDE FOWLER, M.A., Sub-Rector of Lincoln College, Oxford. With Illustrations by BRYAN HOOK. Crown 8vo. [*In the press.*]
- FRASER-TYTLER.—SONGS IN MINOR KEYS. By C. C. FRASER-TYTLER (Mrs. EDWARD LIDDELL). Second Edition. 18mo. 6s.
- FREEMAN.—Works by E. A. FREEMAN, D.C.L., LL.D., Regius Professor of Modern History in the University of Oxford.
HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL SKETCHES; CHIEFLY ITALIAN. With Illustrations by the Author. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
SUBJECT AND NEIGHBOUR LANDS OF VENICE. Being a Companion Volume to "Historical and Architectural Sketches." With Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- ENGLISH TOWNS AND DISTRICTS. With Illustrations. 8vo. 14s.

- GARNETT.**—IDYLLS AND EPIGRAMS. Chiefly from the Greek Anthology. By RICHARD GARNETT. Fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- GEDDES.**—FLOSCULI GRAECI BOREALES SIVE ANTHOLOGIA GRAECA ABERDONENSIS. Contextuit GULIELMUS D. GEDDES. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- GILMORE.**—STORM WARRIORS; or, LIFE-BOAT WORK ON THE GOODWIN SANDS. By the Rev. JOHN GILMORE, M.A., Vicar of St. Luke's, Lower Norwood, Surrey, Author of "The Ramsgate Life-Boat," in "Macmillan's Magazine." Second Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- GLOBE LIBRARY.**—Globe 8vo. Cloth. 3s. 6d. each.
- SHAKESPEARE'S COMPLETE WORKS.** Edited by W. G. CLARK, M.A., and W. ALDIS WRIGHT, M.A., of Trinity College, Cambridge, Editors of the "Cambridge Shakespeare." With Glossary.
- SPENSER'S COMPLETE WORKS.** Edited from the Original Editions and Manuscripts, by R. MORRIS, with a Memoir by J. W. HALES, M.A. With Glossary.
- SIR WALTER SCOTT'S POETICAL WORKS.** Edited with a Biographical and Critical Memoir by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE, and copious Notes.
- COMPLETE WORKS OF ROBERT BURNS.**—THE POEMS, SONGS, AND LETTERS, edited from the best Printed and Manuscript Authorities. With Glossarial Index, Notes, and a Biographical Memoir by ALEXANDER SMITH.
- ROBINSON CRUSOE.** Edited after the Original Editions, with a Biographical Introduction by HENRY KINGSLEY.
- GOLDSMITH'S MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.** Edited, with Biographical Introduction by Professor MASSON.
- POPE'S POETICAL WORKS.** Edited, with Notes and Introductory Memoir, by ADOLPHUS WILLIAM WARD, M.A., Fellow of St. Peter's College, Cambridge, and Professor of History in Owens College, Manchester.
- DRYDEN'S POETICAL WORKS.** Edited, with a Memoir, Revised Text, and Notes, by W. D. CHRISTIE, M.A., of Trinity College, Cambridge.
- COWPER'S POETICAL WORKS.** Edited, with Notes and Biographical Introduction, by Rev. WILLIAM BENHAM, B.D.
- MORTE D'ARTHUR.**—SIR THOMAS MALORY'S BOOK OF KING ARTHUR AND OF HIS NOBLE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE. The original Edition of CAXTON, revised for Modern Use. With an Introduction by Sir EDWARD STRACHEY, Bart.
- THE WORKS OF VIRGIL.** Rendered into English Prose, with Introductions, Notes, Running Analysis, and an Index. By JAMES LONSDALE, M.A., late Fellow and Tutor of Balliol College, Oxford, and Classical Professor in King's College, London; and SAMUEL LEE, M.A., Latin Lecturer at University College, London.
- THE WORKS OF HORACE.** Rendered into English Prose, with Introductions, Running Analysis, Notes and Index. By JAMES LONSDALE, M.A., and SAMUEL LEE, M.A.
- MILTON'S POETICAL WORKS,** Edited, with Introductions, by Professor MASSON.
- GOETHE AND CARLYLE.**—CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN GOETHE AND CARLYLE. Edited by CHARLES ELIOT NORTON. Crown 8vo. 9s.
- GOETHE'S REYNARD THE FOX.**—Translated into English Verse by A. DOUGLAS AINSLIE. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- GOETHE'S FAUST.** Translated into English Verse, with Notes and Preliminary Remarks, by JOHN STUART BLACKIE, F.R.S.E., Emeritus Professor of Greek in the University of Edinburgh. Crown 8vo. 9s.

GOLDEN TREASURY SERIES.—Uniformly printed in 18mo., with Vignette Titles by Sir J. E. MILLAIS, R.A., T. WOOLNER, W. HOLMAN HUNT, Sir NOEL PATON, ARTHUR HUGHES, &c. Engraved on Steel by JEENS, STODART, and others. Bound in extra cloth. 4s. 6d. each volume.

THE GOLDEN TREASURY OF THE BEST SONGS AND LYRICAL POEMS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE. Selected and arranged, with Notes, by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE.

THE CHILDREN'S GARLAND FROM THE BEST POETS. Selected and arranged by COVENTRY PATMORE.

THE BOOK OF PRAISE. From the best English Hymn Writers. Selected and arranged by EARL SELBORNE. *A New and Enlarged Edition.*

THE FAIRY BOOK ; the Best Popular Fairy Stories. Selected and rendered anew by the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

THE BALLAD BOOK. A Selection of the Choicest British Ballads. Edited by WILLIAM ALLINGHAM.

THE JEST BOOK. The Choicest Anecdotes and Sayings. Selected and arranged by MARK LEMON.

BACON'S ESSAYS AND COLOURS OF GOOD AND EVIL. With Notes and Glossarial Index. By W. ALDIS WRIGHT, M.A.

THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS from this World to that which is to come. By JOHN BUNYAN. Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

THE SUNDAY BOOK OF POETRY FOR THE YOUNG. Selected and arranged by C. F. ALEXANDER.

A BOOK OF GOLDEN DEEDS of All Times and All Countries gathered and narrated anew. By the Author of "The Heir of Redclyffe."

THE ADVENTURES OF ROBINSON CRUSOE. Edited from the Original Edition by J. W. CLARK, M.A., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge.

THE REPUBLIC OF PLATO. Translated into English, with Notes, by J. L. DAVIES, M.A. and D. J. VAUGHAN, M.A.

THE SONG BOOK. Words and Tunes from the best Poets and Musicians. Selected and arranged by JOHN HULLAH, late Professor of Vocal Music in King's College, London.

LA LYRE FRANÇAISE. Selected and arranged, with Notes, by GUSTAVE MASSON, French Master in Harrow School.

TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL DAYS. By AN OLD BOY.

A BOOK OF WORTHIES. Gathered from the Old Histories and written anew by the Author of "The Heir of Redclyffe." With Vignette.

GUESSES AT TRUTH. By TWO BROTHERS. New Edition.

THE CAVALIER AND HIS LADY. Selections from the Works of the First Duke and Duchess of Newcastle. With an Introductory Essay by EDWARD JENKINS, Author of "Ginx's Baby," &c.

SCOTTISH SONG. A Selection of the Choicest Lyrics of Scotland. Compiled and arranged, with brief Notes, by MARY CARLYLE AITKEN.

DEUTSCHE LYRIK. The Golden Treasury of the best German Lyrical Poems, selected and arranged with Notes and Literary Introduction. By Dr. BUCHHEIM.

ROBERT HERRICK.—SELECTIONS FROM THE LYRICAL POEMS OF. Arranged with Notes by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE.

POEMS OF PLACES. Edited by H. W. LONGFELLOW. England and Wales. Two Vols.

MATTHEW ARNOLD'S SELECTED POEMS.

THE STORY OF THE CHRISTIANS AND MOORS IN SPAIN. By CHARLOTTE M. YONGE. With a Vignette by HOLMAN HUNT.

CHARLES LAMB'S TALES FROM SHAKESPEARE. Edited by Rev. ALFRED AINGER, M.A.

WORDSWORTH'S SELECT POEMS. Chosen and Edited, with Preface, by MATTHEW ARNOLD. Also a Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 9s.

SHAKESPEARE'S SONGS AND SONNETS. Edited, with Notes, by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE.

GOLDEN TREASURY SERIES—*continued.*

SELECTIONS FROM ADDISON. Edited by JOHN RICHARD GREEN.
SELECTIONS FROM SHELLEY. Edited by STOPFORD A. BROOKE. Also

Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.

POETRY OF BYRON. Chosen and arranged by MATTHEW ARNOLD. Also
a Large Paper Edition. Crown 8vo. 9s.

SIR THOMAS BROWNE'S RELIGIO MEDICI; Letter to a Friend, &c., and
Christian Morals. Edited by W. A. GREENHILL, M.D., Oxon.

MOHAMMAD, THE SPEECHES AND TABLE-TALK OF THE
PROPHET. Chosen and Translated by STANLEY LANE-POOLER.

WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR, Selections from the Writings of. Arranged and
Edited by SIDNEY COLVIN.

COWPER—SELECTIONS FROM COWPER'S POEMS. With an Introduc-
tion by Mrs. OLIPHANT.

COWPER.—LETTERS OF WILLIAM COWPER. Edited, with Introduction,
by the Rev. W. BENHAM, B.D.

KEATS.—THE POETICAL WORKS OF JOHN KEATS. Reprinted from
the Original Editions, with Notes by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE.

LYRICAL POEMS. By ALFRED, LORD TENNYSON, Poet Laureate. Selected
and Annotated by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE. Large Paper Edition.
8vo. 9s.

IN MEMORIAM. By ALFRED, LORD TENNYSON, Poet Laureate. Large Paper
Edition. 8vo. 9s.

THE TRIAL AND DEATH OF SOCRATES. Being the Euthyphron,
Apology, Crito, and Phædo of Plato. Translated into English by F. J. CHURCH.

GOLDSMITH.—MISCELLANEOUS WORKS. Edited with Biographical
Introduction, by Professor MASSON. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

VICAR OF WAKEFIELD. With a Memoir of Goldsmith by Professor
MASSON. (Globe Readings Edition.) Globe 8vo. 1s.

THE TRAVELLER, AND THE DESERTED VILLAGE. Edited, with
Introduction and Notes, by ARTHUR BARRETT, B.A., Professor of English
Literature in the Elphinstone College, Bombay. Globe 8vo. 1s. 6d.

GONE TO TEXAS. LETTERS FROM OUR BOYS. Edited, with
Preface, by THOMAS HUGHES, Q.C. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

GRAY.—THE WORKS OF THOMAS GRAY. Edited by EDMUND GOSSE,
Clark Lecturer on English Literature in the University of Cambridge. In Four
Vols. Globe 8vo. 20s.

GRAHAM.—KING JAMES I. An Historical Tragedy. By DAVID
GRAHAM, Author of "Robert the Bruce." Globe 8vo. 7s.

GRAHAM, J. W.—NEÆRA: a Tale of Ancient Rome. By JOHN W.
GRAHAM. New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

GREENWOOD.—THE MOON MAIDEN; and other Stories. By
JESSY E. GREENWOOD. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

GRIMM'S FAIRY TALES. A Selection from the Household Stories.
Translated from the German by LUCY CRANE, and done into Pictures by
WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 6s.

GUESSES AT TRUTH. By TWO BROTHERS. (Golden Treasury Series.)
18mo. 4s. 6d.

HAILSTONE.—NOVAE ARUNDINES; OR, NEW MARCH MELO-
DIES. By HERBERT HAILSTONE, M.A., Author of "Grætae Imagines," &c.
Second Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

HAMERTON.—Works by P. G. HAMERTON.

ETCHING AND ETCHERS. Illustrated with Forty-eight new Etchings. Third Edition, revised. Columbian 8vo.

THE INTELLECTUAL LIFE. With Portrait of LEONARDO DA VINCI, etched by LEOPOLD FLAMENG. Second Edition. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.

THOUGHTS ABOUT ART. New Edition, Revised, with Notes and Introduction. Crown 8vo. 8s. 6d.

HUMAN INTERCOURSE. Third Thousand. Crown 8vo. 8s. 6d.

HARDY.—Works by ARTHUR SHERBURNE HARDY.

BUT YET A WOMAN. A Novel. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE WIND OF DESTINY. Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.

HARDY, T.—THE WOODLANDERS. By THOMAS HARDY. Auth or of "Far from the Madding Crowd." New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

HARMONIA.—By the Author of "Estelle Russell." 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.

HARRISON (F.).—THE CHOICE OF BOOKS; and other Literary Pieces. Fourth Edition. By FREDERIC HARRISON. Globe 8vo. 6s.

* * Also an Edition on Hand-made paper, buckram binding. Limited to 250 copies. 8vo. 15s.

HARRISON (JOANNA).—A NORTHERN LILY. Five Years of an Uneventful Life. By JOANNA HARRISON. Three Vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.

HEINE.—SELECTIONS FROM THE POETICAL WORKS OF HEINRICH HEINE. Translated into English. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

A TRIP TO THE BROCKEN. By HEINRICH HEINE. Translated by R. McLINTOCK. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

IDEAS "BUCH LE GRAND" OF THE REISEBILDER OF HEINRICH HEINE, 1826. A Translation by I. B. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

HERRICK (ROBERT).—SELECTIONS FROM THE LYRICAL POEMS OF. Arranged with Notes by Prof. F. T. PALGRAVE. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

HILL.—Works by OCTAVIA HILL.

HOMES OF THE LONDON POOR. Popular Edition. Crown 8vo, sewed. 1s.

OUR COMMON LAND. Consisting of Articles on OPEN SPACES: and on WISE CHARITY. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

HOBDAY.—VILLA GARDENING. A Handbook for Amateur and Practical Gardeners. By E. HOBDAY, Author of "Cottage Gardening," &c. Extra Crown 8vo. 6s.

HOGAN, M.P.—By the Author of "Flitters, Tatters, and the Counsellor." Globe 8vo. 2s.

HOLLWAY-CALTHROP.—PALADIN AND SARACEN: Stories from Ariosto. By H. C. HOLLWAY-CALTHROP. With Illustrations by Mrs. ARTHUR LEMON, engraved by O. LACOUR. Crown 8vo. 6s.

HOMER.—THE ODYSSEY OF HOMER DONE INTO ENGLISH PROSE. By S. H. BUTCHER, M.A., Professor of Greek in the University of Edinburgh; sometime Fellow and Prælector of University College, Oxford, late Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge; and A. LANG, M.A., late Fellow of Merton College, Oxford. With Steel Vignette. Seventh and Cheaper Edition. Revised and Corrected. With new Introduction and Additional Notes. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE ODYSSEY OF HOMER. Books I.—XII. Translated into English Verse by the Right Hon. the Earl of Carnarvon. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

THE ILIAD OF HOMER. Translated into English Prose. By ANDREW LANG, M.A., WALTER LEAF, M.A., and ERNEST MYERS, M.A. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.

HONOURABLE MISS FERRARD.—By the Author of "Hogan, M.P." Popular Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

HOOPER AND PHILLIPS.—A MANUAL OF MARKS ON POTTERY AND PORCELAIN. A Dictionary of Easy Reference. By W. H. HOOPER and W. C. PHILLIPS. With numerous Illustrations. Second Edition, revised. 16mo. 4s. 6d.

HOPE.—NOTES AND THOUGHTS ON GARDENS AND WOODLANDS. Written chiefly for Amateurs. By the late FRANCES JANE HOPE, Wardie Lodge, near Edinburgh. Edited by ANNE J. HOPE JOHNSTONE. Crown 8vo. 6s.

HOPKINS.—Works by ELLICE HOPKINS.

ROSE TURQUAND. A Novel. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

AUTUMN SWALLOWS: a Book of Lyrics. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.

HOPPUS.—A GREAT TREASON; A Story of the War of Independence. 2 vols. Crown 8vo. 9s.

HORACE. WORD FOR WORD FROM HORACE. The Odes literally versified. By W. T. THORNTON, C.B. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

WORKS OF. Rendered into English Prose by JAMES LONSDALE, M.A. and SAMUEL LEE, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

HULLAH.—HANNAH TARNE. A Story for Girls. By M. E. HULLAH Author of "Mr. Greysmith." With Illustrations. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

HUNT (HOLMAN).—THE PRE-RAPHAELITE BROTHERHOOD. By W. HOLMAN HUNT. Illustrated by Reproductions from some of Mr. HOLMAN HUNT's drawings and paintings. Crown 8vo. [In the press.]

HUNT (W.).—TALKS ABOUT ART. By WILLIAM HUNT. With a Letter by Sir J. E. MILLAIS, Bart., R.A. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

HUTTON.—ESSAYS ON SOME OF THE MODERN GUIDES OF ENGLISH THOUGHT IN MATTERS OF FAITH. By R. H. HUTTON. Globe 8vo. 6s.

These Essays deal with the following writers: Thomas Carlyle, Cardinal Newman, Matthew Arnold, George Eliot, and Frederick Denison Maurice.

IRVING.—Works by WASHINGTON IRVING.

OLD CHRISTMAS. From the Sketch Book. With upwards of 100 Illustrations by RANDOLPH CALDECOTT, engraved by J. D. COOPER. New Edition. Crown 8vo, cloth elegant. 6s.

Also with uncut edges, paper label. Crown 8vo. 6s.

People's Sixpenny Edition. Illustrated. Medium 4to. 6d.

BRACEBRIDGE HALL. With 120 Illustrations by R. CALDECOTT. New Edition. Crown 8vo, cloth gilt. 6s.

Also with uncut edges, paper label. Crown 8vo. 6s.

People's Sixpenny Edition. Illustrated. Medium 4to. 6d.

OLD CHRISTMAS AND BRACEBRIDGE HALL. By WASHINGTON IRVING. With Numerous Illustrations by RANDOLPH CALDECOTT. An *Edition de Luxe* on fine Paper. Royal 8vo. 21s.

ISMAY'S CHILDREN.—By the Author of "Hogan, M.P." Popular Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

JACKSON.—RAMONA. A Story. By HELEN JACKSON (H. H.), Author of "Verses," "Bits of Travel." Globe 8vo. 2s.

JAMES.—Works by HENRY JAMES.

- THE PORTRAIT OF A LADY. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 WASHINGTON SQUARE; THE PENSION BEAUREPAS; A BUNDLE
 OF LETTERS. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 THE EUROPEANS. A Novel. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 THE AMERICAN. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 DAISY MILLER: AN INTERNATIONAL EPISODE: FOUR MEET-
 INGS. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 RODERICK HUDSON. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 THE MADONNA OF THE FUTURE; and other Tales. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 FRENCH POETS AND NOVELISTS. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
 PORTRAITS OF PLACES. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
 TALES OF THREE CITIES. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
 STORIES REVIVED. Two Series. Crown 8vo. 6s. each.
 THE BOSTONIANS. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 THE PRINCESS CASAMASSIMA. Crown 8vo. 6s.
 PARTIAL PORTRAITS. Crown 8vo. [In the press.]

JAMES.—NOVELS AND TALES. By HENRY JAMES.

18mo, 2s. each volume.

THE PORTRAIT OF A LADY.

3 vols.

RODERICK HUDSON. 2 vols.**THE AMERICAN.** 2 vols.**WASHINGTON SQUARE.** 1 vol.**THE EUROPEANS.** 1 vol.**CONFIDENCE.** 1 vol.**THE SIEGE OF LONDON: MA-****DAME DE MAUVES.** 1 vol.**AN INTERNATIONAL EPISODE:****THE PENSION BEAUREPAS:****THE POINT OF VIEW.** 1 vol.**DAISY MILLER, A STUDY: FOUR****MEETINGS: LONGSTAFF'S****MARRIAGE; BENVOLIO.** 1 vol.**THE MADONNA OF THE****FUTURE: A BUNDLE OF****LETTERS; THE DIARY OF A****MAN OF FIFTY: EUGENE****PICKERING.**

JOUBERT.—PENSÉES OF JOUBERT. Selected and Translated with the
 Original French appended, by HENRY ATTWELL, Knight of the Order of the
 Oak Crown. Crown 8vo. 5s.

KEARY (A.).—Works by ANNIE KEARY.**CASTLE DALY; THE STORY OF AN IRISH HOME THIRTY YEARS****AGO.** New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.**JANET'S HOME.** New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.**CLEMENCY FRANKLYN.** New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.**OLDBURY.** New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.**A YORK AND A LANCASTER ROSE.** Crown 8vo. 6s.**A DOUBTING HEART.** New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.**THE HEROES OF ASGARD.** Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.**KEARY (E.).**—Works by ELIZA KEARY.

THE MAGIC VALLEY; or, PATIENT ANTOINE. With Illustrations by
 E. V. B. Globe 8vo. gilt. 4s. 6d.

KEATS.—THE POETICAL WORKS OF JOHN KEATS. Reprinted
 from the Original Editions, with Notes by Professor FRANCIS T. PALGRAVE.
 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series).

KINGSLEY'S (CHARLES) NOVELS AND POEMS.—
EVERSLEY EDITION.**WESTWARD HO!** 2 Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.**TWO YEARS AGO.** 2 Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.**HYPATIA.** 2 Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.**YEAST.** 1 Vol. Globe 8vo. 5s.**ALTON LOCKE.** 2 Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.**HEReward THE WAKE.** 2 Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.**POEMS.** Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.

- KINGSLEY.**—Works by the Rev. CHARLES KINGSLEY, M.A., late Rector of Eversley, and Canon of Westminster. Collected Edition. 6s. each.
- POEMS; including the Saint's Tragedy, Andromeda, Songs, Ballads, &c. Complete Collected Edition.
- YEAST; a Problem.
- ALTON LOCKE. New Edition. With a Prefatory Memoir by THOMAS HUGHES, Q.C., and Portrait of the Author.
- HYPATIA; or, NEW FOES WITH AN OLD FACE.
- GLAUCUS; or, THE WONDERS OF THE SEA-SHORE. With Coloured Illustrations.
- WESTWARD HO! or, THE VOYAGES AND ADVENTURES OF SIR AMYAS LEIGH.
- THE HEROES; or, GREEK FAIRY TALES FOR MY CHILDREN. With Illustrations.
- TWO YEARS AGO.
- THE WATER BABIES. A Fairy Tale for a Land Baby. With Illustrations by Sir NOEL PATON, R.S.A., and P. SKELTON.
- THE ROMAN AND THE TEUTON. A Series of Lectures delivered before the University of Cambridge. With Preface by Professor MAX MÜLLER.
- HERWARD THE WAKE—LAST OF THE ENGLISH.
- THE HERMITS.
- MADAM HOW AND LADY WHY; or, FIRST LESSONS IN EARTH LORE FOR CHILDREN.
- AT LAST; A CHRISTMAS IN THE WEST INDIES. Illustrated.
- PROSE IDYLLS. NEW AND OLD.
- PLAYS AND PURITANS; and other HISTORICAL ESSAYS. With Portrait of Sir WALTER RALEIGH.
- HISTORICAL LECTURES AND ESSAYS.
- SANITARY AND SOCIAL LECTURES AND ESSAYS.
- SCIENTIFIC LECTURES AND ESSAYS.
- LITERARY AND GENERAL LECTURES.

- HEALTH AND EDUCATION. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- SELECTIONS FROM SOME OF THE WRITINGS OF THE REV. CHARLES KINGSLEY. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- OUT OF THE DEEP. Words for the Sorrowful, from the writings of CHARLES KINGSLEY. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- DAILY THOUGHTS SELECTED FROM THE WRITINGS OF CHARLES KINGSLEY. By His Wife. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- THE WATER BABIES: A Fairy Tale for a Land Baby. With One Hundred Illustrations by LINLEY SAMBOURNE. Fcap. 4to. 12s. 6d.
- GLAUCUS; or THE WONDERS OF THE SHORE. With coloured Illustrations. Extra cloth. Gilt edges. (Gift-book Edition.) Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- THE HEROES; or, GREEK FAIRY TALES FOR MY CHILDREN. With Illustrations. Extra Cloth. Gilt Edges. (Gift-book Edition.) Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- THE SONG OF THE RIVER. Illustrated with Fifteen full page Photogravures. 4to. 21s.
- Also a limited Edition, the Plates on Japanese Paper. 31s. 6d.

- KINGSLEY (H.).**—TALES OF OLD TRAVEL. Re-narrated by HENRY KINGSLEY. With Eight full-page Illustrations by HUARD. New Edition. Crown 8vo, cloth, extra gilt. 5s.

- KING ARTHUR: NOT A LOVE STORY.**—By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," "Miss Tommy," etc. Crown 8vo. 6s.

LAFARGUE.—THE NEW JUDGMENT OF PARIS. By PHILIP LAFARGUE. Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.

LAMB.—Works by CHARLES LAMB. Edited by Rev. ALFRED AINGER, M.A.

TALES FROM SHAKESPEARE. Edited, with Preface, by ALFRED AINGER, M.A. Globe 8vo, 5s. Golden Treasury Edition. 18mo. 4s. 6d. Globe Readings Edition for Schools. Globe 8vo, 2s.

ESSAYS OF ELIA. Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by ALFRED AINGER, M.A. Globe 8vo. 5s.

POEMS, PLAYS, AND MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS, &c. Edited by ALFRED AINGER, M.A. Globe 8vo. 5s.

MRS. LEICESTER'S SCHOOL; The Adventures of Ulysses; and other Essays. Edited by ALFRED AINGER, M.A. Globe 8vo. 5s.

LETTERS OF CHARLES LAMB. Newly arranged, with additions. Edited by ALFRED AINGER, M.A. 2 vols. Globe 8vo. 10s.

LANDOR (WALTER SAVAGE).—SELECTIONS FROM THE WRITINGS OF WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR. Arranged and Edited by SIDNEY COLVIN. With Portrait. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)

LAWLESS.—A MILLIONAIRE'S COUSIN. By the Hon. EMILY LAWLESS, Author of "A Chelsea Householder." Crown 8vo. 6s.

LECTURES ON ART.—Delivered in Support of the Society for Protection of Ancient Buildings. By REGD. STUART POOLE, Professor W. B. RICHMOND, E. J. POYNTER, R.A., J. T. MICKLETHWAITE, and WILLIAM MORRIS. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

LEMON (MARK).—THE JEST BOOK. The Choicest Anecdotes and Sayings. Selected and Arranged by MARK LEMON. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

LITTLE LAME PRINCE, THE, AND HIS TRAVELLING CLOAK.—A Parable for Old and Young. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." With 24 Illustrations, by J. McRALSTON. Cr. 8vo. 4s. 6d.

LITTLE PILGRIM, A, IN THE UNSEEN. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

LITTLE ESTELLA, and other FAIRY TALES FOR THE YOUNG. 18mo, cloth extra. 2s. 6d.

LITTLE SUNSHINE'S HOLIDAY.—By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentle man." With Illustrations. Glo vo. 2s. 6d.

LOWELL.—Works by JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

COMPLETE POETICAL WORKS. With Portrait, engraved by JEENS. 18mo, cloth extra. 4s. 6d.

DEMOCRACY: and other Addresses. Crown 8vo. 5s.

HEARTSEASE AND RUE. Poems. Globe 8vo. 5s.

LUBBOCK.—THE PLEASURES OF LIFE. By SIR JOHN LUBBOCK, Bart., M.P., F.R.S., LL.D., D.C.L. Eighth Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 1s.]

MACLAREN.—THE FAIRY FAMILY. A Series of Ballads and Metrical Tales illustrating the Fairy Mythology of Europe. By ARCHIBALD MACLAREN. With Frontispiece, Illustrated Title, and Vignette. Crown 8vo, gilt. 5s.

MACMILLAN.—MEMOIR OF DANIEL MACMILLAN. By THOMAS HUGHES, Q.C. With a Portrait engraved on Steel by C. H. JEENS, from a Painting by LOWES DICKINSON. Fifth Thousand. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d. Popular Edition, Paper Covers, 1s.

MACMILLAN'S BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.—In Globe 8vo, cloth elegant. Illustrated, 2s. 6d. each :—

WANDERING WILLIE. By the Author of "Conrad the Squirrel." With a Frontispiece by Sir NOEL PATON.

THE WHITE RAT, AND OTHER STORIES. By LADY BARKER. With Illustrations by W. J. HENNESSY.

PANSIE'S FLOUR BIN. By the Author of "When I was a Little Girl." With Illustrations by ADRIAN STOKES.

MILLY AND OLLY; or, A Holiday among the Mountains. By Mrs. T. H. WARD. With Illustrations by Mrs. ALMA TADEMA.

THE HEROES OF ASGARD; Tales from Scandinavian Mythology. By A. and E. KEARY.

WHEN I WAS A LITTLE GIRL. By the Author of "St. Clave's," "Nine Years Old," &c.

NINE YEARS OLD. By the Author of "When I was a Little Girl."

THE STORY OF A FELLOW SOLDIER. By FRANCES AWDRY. (A Life of Bishop Pateson for the Young.) With Preface by CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

AGNES HOPETOUN'S SCHOOLS AND HOLIDAYS. By Mrs. OLIPHANT.

RUTH AND HER FRIENDS. A Story for Girls.

THE RUNAWAY. By the Author of "Mrs. Jerningham's Journal."

OUR YEAR. A Child's Book in Prose and Verse. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

LITTLE SUNSHINE'S HOLIDAY. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

A STOREHOUSE OF STORIES. Edited by CHARLOTTE M. YONGE, Author of "The Heir of Redclyffe." Two Vols.

HANNAH TARNE. By MARY E. HULLAH. With Illustrations by W. J. HENNESSY.

By Mrs. Molesworth.

With Illustrations by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d. each.
"CARROTS"; JUST A LITTLE BOY.

A CHRISTMAS CHILD.

THE TAPESTRY ROOM.

GRANDMOTHER DEAR.

THE CUCKOO CLOCK.

TELL ME A STORY.

ROSY.

THE ADVENTURES OF HERR BABY.

MACMILLAN'S MAGAZINE.—Published Monthly. Price 1s. Vols. I. to LVI. are now ready. Medium 8vo. 7s. 6d. each.

MACMILLAN'S POPULAR NOVELS.—In Crown 8vo, cloth. Price 6s. each Volume :—

By William Black.

A PRINCESS OF THULE.

MADCAP VIOLET.

THE MAID OF KILLEENA; and other Tales.

THE STRANGE ADVENTURES OF A PHAETON. Illustrated.

GREEN PASTURES AND PICCADILLY.

MACLEOD OF DARE. Illustrated.

WHITE WINGS. A Yachting Romance.

THE BEAUTIFUL WRETCH:

THE FOUR MAC NICOLS:

THE PUPIL OF AURELIUS.

SHANDON BELLS.

YOLANDE.

JUDITH SHAKESPEARE.

THE WISE WOMEN OF INVERNESS; A Tale; and other Miscellanies.

WHITE HEATHER.

SABINA ZEMBRA.

By Charles Kingsley.

TWO YEARS AGO.

"WESTWARD HO!"

ALTON LOCKE. With Portrait.

HYPATIA.

YEAST.

HEReward THE WAKE.

MACMILLAN'S POPULAR NOVELS—*continued.*

By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

THE HEAD OF THE FAMILY.
Illustrated.
MY MOTHER AND I. Illustrated.
THE OGILVIES. Illustrated.
AGATHA'S HUSBAND. Illustrated.

OLIVE. Illustrated.
MISS TOMMY. A Mediæval
Romance. Illustrated.
KING ARTHUR: not a Love
Story.

By Charlotte M. Yonge.

THE HEIR OF REDCLYFFE.
With Illustrations.
HEARTSEASE. With Illustrations.
THE DAISY CHAIN. With Illustrations.
THE TRIAL: More Links in the
Daisy Chain. With Illustrations.
HOPES AND FEARS. Illustrated.
DYNEVOR TERRACE. With
Illustrations.
MY YOUNG ALCIDES. Illustrated.
THE PILLARS OF THE HOUSE.
Two Vols. Illustrated.
CLEVER WOMAN OF THE
FAMILY. Illustrated.
THE YOUNG STEPMOTHER.
Illustrated.
THE DOVE IN THE EAGLE'S
NEST. Illustrated.
THE CAGED LION. Illustrated.

THE CHAPLET OF PEARLS.
Illustrated.
LADY HESTER, and THE DAN-
VERS PAPERS. Illustrated.
THE THREE BRIDES. Illus-
trated.
MAGNUM BONUM. Illustrated.
LOVE AND LIFE. Illustrated.
UNKNOWN TO HISTORY.
Illustrated.
STRAY PEARLS. Illustrated.
THE ARMOURER'S PREN-
TICES. Illustrated.
NUTTIE'S FATHER. Illustrated.
THE TWO SIDES OF THE
SHIELD. Illustrated.
SCENES AND CHARACTERS.
Illustrated.
CHANTRY HOUSE.
A MODERN TELEMACHUS.

By Annie Keary.

CASTLE DALY.
OLDBURY.
CLEMENCY FRANKLYN.

A YORK AND A LANCASTER
ROSE.
A DOUBTING HEART.

By Henry James.

THE EUROPEANS.
THE AMERICAN.
DAISY MILLER: AN INTERNA-
TIONAL EPISODE: FOUR
MEETINGS.
RODERICK HUDSON.
THE MADONNA OF THE
FUTURE, and other Tales.

WASHINGTON SQUARE: THE
PENSION BEAUREPAS: A
BUNDLE OF LETTERS.
THE PORTRAIT OF A LADY.
STORIES REVIVED. Two Series,
6s. each.
THE BOSTONIANS.
THE PRINCESS CASAMASSIMA.

By F. Marion Crawford.

A TALE OF A LONELY PARISH.
MARZIO'S CRUCIFIX.

ZOROASTER.

By J. Henry Shorthouse.

JOHN INGLESANT.
SIR PERCIVAL: a Story of the Past
and of the Present.

A TEACHER OF THE VIOLIN:
and other Tales.

MACMILLAN'S POPULAR NOVELS—*continued.*

TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL DAYS.
TOM BROWN AT OXFORD.
A BELEAGUERED CITY. By
Mrs. OLIPHANT.
REALMAH. By the Author of
"Friends in Council."
ROSE TURQUAND. By ELICE
HOPKINS.
OLD SIR DOUGLAS. By the
Hon. Mrs. NORTON.
THE HARBOUR BAR.
BENGAL PEASANT LIFE. By
LAL BEHARI DAY.
VIRGIN SOIL. By TOURGÉNIEF.
VIDA. The Study of a Girl. By
AMY DUNSMUIR.

MISS BRETHERTON. By Mrs.
HUMPHRY WARD.
JILL. By E. A. DILLWYN.
BETHESDA. By BARBARA ELBON.
A MILLIONAIRE'S COUSIN. By
the Hon. EMILY LAWLESS.
THE STORY OF CATHERINE.
By ASHFORD OWEN.
NEÆRA: A TALE OF ANCIENT
ROME. By J. W. GRAHAM.
THE CARULEANS. By H. S.
CUNNINGHAM.
THE WOODLANDERS. By
THOMAS HARDY.

MACMILLAN'S TWO SHILLING NOVELS:—

By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

THE OGILVIES.
THE HEAD OF THE FAMILY.
OLIVE.

AGATHA'S HUSBAND.
TWO MARRIAGES.

By Mrs. Oliphant.

THE CURATE IN CHARGE.
A SON OF THE SOIL.
YOUNG MUSGRAVE.
HE THAT WILL NOT WHEN
HE MAY.

HESTER.
THE WIZARD'S SON.
SIR TOM.
A COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.

PATTY. By Mrs. Macquoid.

By George Fleming.

A NILE NOVEL.
THE HEAD OF MEDUSA.

MIRAGE.
VESTIGIA.

By the Author of "Hogan, M.P."

HOGAN, M.P.
THE HONOURABLE MISS FER-
RARD.
CHRISTY CAREW.

FLITTERS, TATTERS, AND
THE COUNSELLOR: WEEDS
AND OTHER SKETCHES.
ISMAY'S CHILDREN.

By Frances H. Burnett.

HAWORTH'S
"LOUISIANA" and "THAT LASS O' LOWRIE'S." Two Stories
Illustrated.

By Hugh Conway.

LIVING OR DEAD. | A FAMILY AFFAIR.

JANET'S HOME. By Annie Keary.

RAMONA. By Helen Jackson.

MY FRIEND JIM. By W. E. Norris.

AUNT RACHEL. By D. Christie Murray.

A SLIP IN THE FENS.

- MACQUOID.—PATTY.** By KATHARINE S. MACQUOID. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- MADAME TABBY'S ESTABLISHMENT.**—By KARL. With Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- MADOC.**—Works by FAYR MADOC.
 THE STORY OF MELICENT. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
 MARGARET JERMINE. 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- MAGUIRE.**—YOUNG PRINCE MARIGOLD, AND OTHER FAIRY STORIES. By the late JOHN FRANCIS MAGUIRE, M.P. Illustrated by S. E. WALLER. Globe 8vo, gilt. 4s. 6d.
- MAHAFFY.**—Works by J. P. MAHAFFY, M.A. Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin;—
 SOCIAL LIFE IN GREECE FROM HOMER TO MENANDER. Fifth Edition, enlarged, with New Chapter on Greek Art. Crown 8vo. 9s.
 GREEK LIFE AND THOUGHT FROM THE AGE OF ALEXANDER TO THE ROMAN CONQUEST. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.
 RAMBLES AND STUDIES IN GREECE. Illustrated. Third Edition, revised and enlarged, with Map. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
 THE DECAY OF MODERN PREACHING. An Essay. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.
 THE PRINCIPLES OF THE ART OF CONVERSATION. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- MALET.**—MRS. LORIMER. A Novel. By LUCAS MALET. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- MASSON (GUSTAVE).**—LA LYRE FRANÇAISE. Selected and arranged with Notes. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- MASSON (Mrs.).**—THREE CENTURIES OF ENGLISH POETRY: being selections from Chaucer to Herrick, with Introductions and Notes by Mrs. MASSON and a general Introduction by Professor MASSON. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- MASSON (Professor).**—Works by DAVID MASSON, M.A., Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature in the University of Edinburgh.
 WORDSWORTH, SHELLEY, KEATS, AND OTHER ESSAYS. Crown 8vo. 5s.
 CHATTERTON: A Story of the Year 1770. Crown 8vo. 5s.
 THE THREE DEVILS: LUTHER'S, MILTON'S AND GOETHE'S; and other Essays. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- MAURICE.**—LETTERS FROM DONEGAL IN 1886. By a LADY "FELON." Edited by COLONEL MAURICE, Professor of Military History, Royal Staff College. Crown 8vo. 6d.
- MAZINI.**—IN THE GOLDEN SHELL: A Story of Palermo. By LINDA MAZINI. With Illustrations. Globe 8vo, cloth gilt. 4s. 6d.
- MEREDITH.**—Works by GEORGE MEREDITH.
 POEMS AND LYRICS OF THE JOY OF EARTH. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.
 BALLADS AND POEMS OF TRAGIC LIFE. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- MILTON'S POETICAL WORKS.** Edited with Text collated from the best Authorities, with Introductions and Notes, by DAVID MASSON. With three Portraits engraved by JEENS. Fcap. 8vo Edition. Three Vols. 15s. (Globe Edition.) By the same Editor. Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- MINCHIN.**—NATURÆ VERITAS. By GEORGE M. MINCHIN, M.A., Professor of Applied Mathematics in the Royal Indian Engineering College, Coopers Hill. Fcp. 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- MISS TOMMY.** A Mediæval Romance. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Illustrated by F. NOEL PATON. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MITFORD (A. B.).—TALES OF OLD JAPAN. By A. B. MITFORD, Second Secretary to the British Legation in Japan. With Illustrations drawn and cut on Wood by Japanese Artists. New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MIZ MAZE, THE; OR, THE WINKWORTH PUZZLE. A Story in Letters by Nine Authors. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

The following Writers contribute to the Volume:—Miss Frances Awdry, Miss M. Bramston, Miss Christabel R. Coleridge, Miss A. E. Anderson Morshead, Miss C. M. Yonge, Miss F. M. Peard, Miss Mary S. Lee, Miss Eleanor Price and Miss Florence Wilford.

MOHAMMAD, SPEECHES AND TABLE-TALK OF THE PROPHET. Chosen and Translated by STANLEY LANE-POOLE. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)

MOLESWORTH.—Works by Mrs. MOLESWORTH (ENNIS GRAHAM).

US: AN OLD-FASHIONED STORY. With Illustrations by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

TWO LITTLE WAIFS. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

ROSY. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

SUMMER STORIES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE ADVENTURES OF HERR BABY. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

GRANDMOTHER DEAR. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

THE TAPESTRY ROOM. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

A CHRISTMAS CHILD. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

CHRISTMAS-TREE LAND. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

TELL ME A STORY. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

"CARROTS": JUST A LITTLE BOY. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

THE CUCKOO CLOCK. Illustrated by WALTER CRANE. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

FOUR WINDS FARM. With Illustrations by WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

LITTLE MISS PEGGY. With Illustrations by WALTER CRANE. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

FOUR GHOST STORIES. Crown 8vo. 6s.

MORISON.—THE PURPOSE OF THE AGES. By JEANIE MORISON. With a Preface by Professor A. H. SAYCE, of Oxford. Crown 8vo. 9s.

MORLEY.—WORKS BY JOHN MORLEY.

THE COLLECTED WORKS OF JOHN MORLEY. In Ten vols. Globe 8vo. 5s. each.

VOLTAIRE. One Vol.

ROUSSEAU. Two Vols.

DIDEROT AND THE ENCYCLOPÆDISTS. Two Vols.

APHORISMS. An Address delivered before the Philosophical Society of Edinburgh, November 11, 1887. Globe 8vo. 1s. 6d.

BURKE. Crown 8vo. Cloth, 1s. 6d.; sewed, 1s. [*English Men of Letters Series.*]

ON COMPROMISE. One Vol.

MISCELLANIES. Three Vols.

BURKE. One Vol.

ON THE STUDY OF LITERATURE. The Annual Address to the Students of the London Society for the extension of University teaching. Delivered at the Mansion House, February 26, 1887. Crown 8vo. 1s. 6d.

Also a popular Edition for distribution, price 2d.

MORTE D'ARTHUR.—SIR THOMAS MALORY'S BOOK OF KING ARTHUR AND OF HIS NOBLE KNIGHTS OF THE ROUND TABLE. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

- MOULTON.**—**SWALLOW FLIGHTS.** Poems by LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON. Extra fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- MOULTRIE.**—**POEMS** by JOHN MOULTRIE. Complete Edition. Two Vols. Crown 8vo. 7s. each.
- Vol. I. **MY BROTHER'S GRAVE, DREAM OF LIFE, &c.** With Memoir by the Rev. Prebendary COLERIDGE.
- Vol. II. **LAYS OF THE ENGLISH CHURCH,** and other Poems. With notices of the Rectors of Rugby, by M. H. BLOXHAM, F.R.A.S.
- MUDIE.**—**STRAY LEAVES.** By C. E. MUDIE. New Edition. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d. Contents:—"His and Mine"—"Night and Day"—"One of Many," &c.
- MURRAY.**—**ROUND ABOUT FRANCE.** By E. C. GRENVILLE MURRAY. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- MURRAY.**—**AUNT RACHEL: A Rustic Sentimental Comedy.** By D. CHRISTIE MURRAY, Author of "Joseph's Coat." New and Cheaper Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- MUSIC.**—**A DICTIONARY OF MUSIC AND MUSICIANS** (A.D. 1450-1888). By Eminent Writers, English and Foreign. With Illustrations and Woodcuts. Edited by Sir GEORGE GROVE, D.C.L., Director of the Royal College of Music. 8vo. Parts I. to XIV., XIX. to XXII., 3s. 6d. each. Parts XV. and XVI., 7s. Part XVII. and XVIII., 7s.
- | | |
|---|---|
| Vols. I., II., and III. 8vo. 21s. each. | Vol. II.— IMPROPERIA to PLAIN SONG. |
| Vol. I.— A to IMPROMPTU. | Vol. III.— PLANCHE to SUMER IS ICUMEN IN. |
| Cloth cases for binding Vols I., II., and III., 1s. each. | |
- MYERS (ERNEST).**—Works by ERNEST MYERS, M.A.
- THE PURITANS.** Extra fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- POEMS.** Extra fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- THE EXTANT ODES OF PINDAR,** Translated into English, with Introduction and short Notes, by ERNEST MYERS. Second Edition. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- THE JUDGMENT OF PROMETHEUS, AND OTHER POEMS.** Extra Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- MYERS (F. W. H.).**—Works by F. W. H. MYERS, M.A.
- ST. PAUL.** A Poem. New Edition. Extra fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- THE RENEWAL OF YOUTH,** and other Poems. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- ESSAYS.** 2 Vols. I. Classical. II. Modern. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d. each.
- WORDSWORTH** (English Men of Letters Series). Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- NADAL.**—**ESSAYS AT HOME AND ELSEWHERE.** By E. S. NADAL. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- NEW ANTIGONE, THE.** A Romance. 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- NINE YEARS OLD.**—By the Author of "St. Olave's," "When I was a Little Girl," &c. Illustrated by FRÖLICH. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- NOEL (LADY AUGUSTA).**—**HITHERSEA MERE.** By LADY AUGUSTA NOEL, Author of "Wandering Willie," &c. 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- NOEL.**—**BEATRICE, AND OTHER POEMS.** By the HON. RODEN NOEL. Fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- NORRIS.**—Works by W. E. NORRIS.
- MY FRIEND JIM.** New and Cheaper Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- CHRIS.** Two Vols. Crown 8vo. 21s.

NORTON.—Works by the Hon. Mrs. NORTON.

THE LADY OF LA GARAYE. With Vignette and Frontispiece. Eighth Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.

OLD SIR DOUGLAS. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

OLIPHANT.—Works by Mrs. OLIPHANT.

THE LITERARY HISTORY OF ENGLAND in the end of the Eighteenth and beginning of the Nineteenth Century. Cheaper Issue. With a New Preface. 3 Vols. Demy 8vo. 21s.

AGNES HOPETOUN'S SCHOOLS AND HOLIDAYS. New Edition, with Illustrations. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

THE WIZARD'S SON. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

HESTER: a Story of Contemporary Life. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

SIR TOM. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

A SON OF THE SOIL. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

THE CURATE IN CHARGE. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

YOUNG MUSGRAVE. Cheaper Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

HE THAT WILL NOT WHEN HE MAY. Cheaper Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.

A COUNTRY GENTLEMAN AND HIS FAMILY. Globe 8vo. 2s.

THE SECOND SON. 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.

THE MAKERS OF FLORENCE: Dante, Giotto, Savonarola, and their City. With Illustrations from Drawings by Professor Delamotte, and a Steel Portrait of Savonarola, engraved by C. H. JEENS. New and Cheaper Edition with Preface. Crown 8vo. Cloth extra. 10s. 6d.

THE MAKERS OF VENICE. Doges, Conquerors, Painters, and Men of Letters. A Companion Volume to "The Makers of Florence." With numerous Illustrations. Medium 8vo. 21s.

THE BELEAGUERED CITY. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

OUR YEAR. A Child's Book, in Prose and Verse. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Illustrated by CLARENCE DOBELL. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

OWEN.—**THE STORY OF CATHERINE.** By the Author of "A Lost Love" (ASHFORD OWEN). Crown 8vo. 6s.

PALGRAVE.—Works by FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE, M.A., Professor of Poetry in the University of Oxford, late Fellow of Exeter College, Oxford.

THE FIVE DAYS' ENTERTAINMENTS AT WENTWORTH GRANGE.

A Book for Children. With Illustrations by ARTHUR HUGHES, and Engraved Title-Page by JEENS. Small 4to, cloth extra. 6s.

LYRICAL POEMS. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.

ORIGINAL HYMNS. Third Edition, enlarged 18mo. 1s. 6d.

VISIONS OF ENGLAND: being a series of Lyrical Poems on Leading Events and Persons in English History. With a Preface and Notes. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

GOLDEN TREASURY OF THE BEST SONGS AND LYRICS. Edited by F. T. PALGRAVE. 18mo. 4s. 6d.

SHAKESPEARE'S SONNETS AND SONGS. Edited by F. T. PALGRAVE. With Vignette Title by JEENS. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

THE CHILDREN'S TREASURY OF LYRICAL POETRY. Selected and arranged with Notes by F. T. PALGRAVE. 18mo. 2s. 6d. And in Two Parts, 1s. each.

HERRICK: SELECTIONS FROM THE LYRICAL POEMS. With Notes. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

LYRICAL POEMS. By LORD TENNYSON, Poet Laureate. Selected and Annotated. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

THE POETICAL WORKS OF JOHN KEATS. Reprinted from the Original Editions. With Notes. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

- PALGRAVE (W. G.)—**ULYSSES; or, SCENES AND STUDIES IN MANY LANDS. By WILLIAM GIFFORD PALGRAVE, H.M.'s Minister Resident in Uruguay; Author of "A Narrative of a Year's Journey through Central and Eastern Arabia, 1862—1863," "Essays on Eastern Questions," "Dutch Guiana," &c. 8vo. 12s. 6d.
- PALMER.—**MRS. PENICOTT'S LODGER; and other Stories. By Lady SOPHIA PALMER. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- PANSIE'S FLOUR BIN.** By the Author of "When I was a Little Girl," "St. Olave's," &c. Illustrated by ADRIAN STOKES. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- PARKER.—**THE NATURE OF THE FINE ARTS. By H. PARKER, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- PATER.—**Works by WALTER PATER, Fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford: THE RENAISSANCE. Studies in Art and Poetry. Second Edition. Revised, with Vignette engraved by C. H. JERNS. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- MARIUS, THE EPICUREAN:** His Sensations and Ideas. Second and Cheaper Edition. Two Vols. 8vo. 12s.
- IMAGINARY PORTRAITS.** Extra Crown 8vo. 6s.
- PATMORE.—**THE CHILDREN'S GARLAND, from the Best Poets Selected and arranged by COVENTRY PATMORE. New Edition. With Illustrations by J. LAWSON. (Golden Treasury Edition.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Globe Readings Edition for Schools, Globe 8vo, 2s.
- PEEL.—**ECHOES FROM HOREB, AND OTHER POEMS. By EDMUND PEEL, Author of "An Ancient City," &c. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- PEOPLE'S EDITIONS.** Profusely Illustrated, medium 4to, 6d. each; or complete in One Vol., cloth, 3s.
- TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL DAYS.** By an Old Boy.
- WATERTON'S WANDERINGS IN SOUTH AMERICA.**
- WASHINGTON IRVING'S OLD CHRISTMAS.**
- WASHINGTON IRVING'S BRACEBRIDGE HALL.**
- PHILLIPS (S. K.).—**ON THE SEABOARD; and other Poems. By SUSAN K. PHILLIPS. Second Edition. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- PINDAR.—**THE EXTANT ODES OF PINDAR. Translated into English, with Introduction and short Notes, by ERNEST MYERS, M.A., late Fellow of Wadham College, Oxford. Second Edition. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- PLATO.—**THE REPUBLIC OF. Translated into English with Notes by J. LL. DAVIES, M.A., and D. J. VAUGHAN, M.A. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- THE TRIAL AND DEATH OF SOCRATES:** Being the Euthyphron, Apology, Crito, and Phædo of Plato. Translated into English by F. J. CHURCH. 18mo. 4s. 6d. (Golden Treasury Series.)
- POEMS OF PLACES—(ENGLAND AND WALES).** Edited by H. W. LONGFELLOW. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- POETS (ENGLISH).—**SELECTIONS, with Critical Introduction by various writers, and a general Introduction by MATTHEW ARNOLD. Edited by T. H. WARD, M.A. Four Vols. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d. each.
- Vol. I. CHAUCER TO DONNE.
- Vol. II. BEN JONSON TO DRYDEN.
- Vol. III. ADDISON TO BLAKE.
- Vol. IV. WORDSWORTH TO ROSSETTI.
- POOLE.—**PICTURES OF COTTAGE LIFE IN THE WEST OF ENGLAND. By MARGARET E. POOLE. New and Cheaper Edition. With Frontispiece by R. FARREN. Crown 8vo. 3s. 6d.

- POPE.**—POETICAL WORKS OF. Edited with Notes and Introductory Memoir by ADOLPHUS WILLIAM WARD, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- POTTER.**—LANCASHIRE MEMORIES. By LOUISA POTTER. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- PROPERT.**—A HISTORY OF MINIATURE ART. With Notes on Collectors and Collections. By J. LUMSDEN PROPERT. With numerous Illustrations. Super Royal 8vo. £2 13s. 6d.
- * Also a LIMITED EDITION, bound in vellum. £4 14s. 6d.
- REALMAH.**—By the Author of "Friends in Council." Crown 8vo. 6s.
- ROBINSON CRUSOE.** Edited, with Biographical Introduction, by HENRY KINGSLEY. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.—Golden Treasury Edition. Edited by J. W. CLARK, M.A. 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- ROPES.**—POEMS. By ARTHUR REED ROPES. Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- ROSS.**—A MISGUIDIT LASSIE. By PERCY ROSS. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- ROSSETTI.**—Works by CHRISTINA ROSSETTI.
- POEMS. Complete Edition, containing "Goblin Market," "The Prince's Progress," &c. With Four Illustrations by D. G. ROSSETTI. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- A PAGEANT, AND OTHER POEMS. Extra fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- SPEAKING LIKENESSES. Illustrated by ARTHUR HUGHES. Crown 8vo, gilt edges. 4s. 6d.
- ROSSETTI (D.G.).**—DANTE GABRIEL ROSSETTI: a Record and a Study. By WILLIAM SHARP. With an Illustration after Dante Gabriel Rossetti. Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- RUNAWAY, THE.** By the Author of "Mrs. Jerningham's Journal." With Illustrations. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- RUTH AND HER FRIENDS.** A Story for Girls. With a Frontispiece. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- SAINTSBURY.**—ELIZABETHAN LITERATURE. By GEORGE SAINTSBURY. Being Vol. II. of "A History of English Literature," in four volumes. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- ST. JOHNSTON.**—Works by ALFRED ST. JOHNSTON:
- CAMPING AMONG CANNIBALS. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- CHARLIE ASGARDE. A Tale of Adventure. A Story for Boys. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- SCOTT (SIR WALTER).**—POETICAL WORKS OF. Edited with a Biographical and Critical Memoir by FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- THE LAY OF THE LAST MINSTREL; and THE LADY OF THE LAKE. Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE. Globe 8vo. 1s. (Globe Readings for Schools.)
- MARMION; and THE LORD OF THE ISLES. By the same Editor. Globe 8vo. 1s. (Globe Readings for Schools.)
- MARMION. A Tale of Flodden Field in Six Cantos. By Sir WALTER SCOTT. Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by MICHAEL MACMILLAN, B.A. Oxon., Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy, Elphinstone College, Bombay. Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- SCOTTISH SONG.**—A SELECTION OF THE CHOICEST LYRICS OF SCOTLAND. By MARY CARLYLE AITKEN. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

- SEELEY.**—THE EXPANSION OF ENGLAND. Two Courses of Lectures. By J. R. SEELEY, M.A., Regius Professor of Modern History in the University of Cambridge, Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, &c. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- SELBORNE (EARL).**—THE BOOK OF PRAISE. From the best English Hymn writers. By the Right Hon. the EARL OF SELBORNE. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- SERMONS OUT OF CHURCH.** By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." Crown 8vo. 6s.
- SHAIRP.**—GLEN DESSERAY: and other Poems, Lyrical and Elegiac. By JOHN CAMPBELL SHAIRP, LL.D., late Principal of the United College, St. Andrew's, and Professor of Poetry in the University of Oxford. Edited by FRANCIS T. PALGRAVE, LL.D., Edinburgh. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- SHAKESPEARE.**—The Works of WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE. Cambridge Edition. Edited by W. GEORGE CLARK, M.A., and W. ALDIS WRIGHT, M.A. Nine Vols. 8vo, cloth. [A New Edition in the press.]
- SHAKESPEARE'S COMPLETE WORKS.** Edited, by W. G. CLARK, M.A., and W. ALDIS WRIGHT, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- THE VICTORIA SHAKESPEARE.
- SHAKESPEARE.**—The Works of WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE. In 3 vols., Crown 8vo, 6s. each. Vol. I., COMEDIES. Vol. II., HISTORIES. Vol. III., TRAGEDIES.
- ** This Edition, dedicated by permission to Her Majesty the Queen, is from the text of the GLOBE EDITION, and is printed by R. and R. Clark of Edinburgh. No pains have been spared to produce an edition at once convenient and beautiful. A new Glossary, more complete than in any other popular edition of Shakespeare, has been specially prepared by Mr. ALDIS WRIGHT. The Volumes may be obtained separately.
- SHAKESPEARE'S SONGS AND SONNETS.** Edited, with Notes, by Prof. FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- SHAKESPEARE.**—MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING. Edited, with Introduction and Notes, by K. DEIGHTON, M.A., Inspector of Schools, Bareilly. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- SHAKESPEARE.**—CHARLES LAMB'S TALES FROM SHAKESPEARE. Edited, with Preface, by Rev. A. AINGER. Globe 8vo. 5s. (Golden Treasury Edition.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Globe Readings Edition for Schools, Globe 8vo, 2s.
- SHELLEY.**—POEMS OF SHELLEY. Edited by STOPFORD A. BROOKE, (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Also a fine Edition printed on hand-made paper. Crown 8vo. 12s. 6d.
- SHORTHOUSE.**—Works by J. H. SHORTHOUSE.
- JOHN INGLESANT: A ROMANCE. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- THE LITTLE SCHOOLMASTER MARK. A Spiritual Romance. In Two Parts. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d. each; or complete in one volume, 4s. 6d.
- SIR PERCIVAL; a Story of the Past and of the Present. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- A TEACHER OF THE VIOLIN; and other Tales. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- SKRINE.**—UNDER TWO QUEENS. Lyrics written for the Tercentenary Festival of the Founding of Uppingham School. By JOHN HUNTLEY SKRINE, Author of "Uppingham by the Sea," &c. Crown 8vo. 3s.
- SLIP IN THE FENS, A.**—New and Popular Edition. Globe 8vo. 2s.
- SMITH.**—POEMS. By CATHERINE BARNARD SMITH. Fcap. 8vo. 5s.

- SMITH.**—THREE ENGLISH STATESMEN. A Course of Lectures on the Political History of England. By GOLDWIN SMITH. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 5s.
- SONG BOOK.** WORDS AND TUNES FROM THE BEST POETS AND MUSICIANS. Selected and arranged by JOHN HULLAH. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- SOPHOCLES.**—OEDIPUS THE KING. Translated from the Greek of Sophocles into English Verse by E. D. A. MORSHEAD, M.A., late Fellow of New College, Oxford, Assistant Master at Winchester College. Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- SPENSER.**—COMPLETE WORKS OF. Edited by the Rev. R. MORRIS, M.A., LL.D., with a Memoir by J. W. HALES, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- STANLEY.**—Addresses and Sermons delivered during a Visit to the United States and Canada in 1878. By ARTHUR PENRHYN STANLEY, D.D., late Dean of Westminster. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- STEPHEN (C. E.).**—THE SERVICE OF THE POOR; being an Inquiry into the Reasons for and against the Establishment of Religious Sisterhoods for Charitable Purposes. By CAROLINE EMILIA STEPHEN. Crown 8vo. 6s. 6d.
- STEPHENS (J. B.).**—CONVICT ONCE: and other Poems. By J. BRUNTON STEPHENS. New Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- STEWART.**—THE TALE OF TROY. Done into English by AUBREY STEWART, M.A., late Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge. Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- STRETTELL.**—SPANISH AND ITALIAN FOLK SONGS. Translated by ALMA STRETTELL. With Photogravures after Sketches by JOHN S. SARGENT, E. A. ABBEY, MORELLI, and W. PADGETT. Royal 16mo. 12s. 6d.
- TANNER.**—THE ABBOT'S FARM: or, PRACTICE WITH SCIENCE. By HENRY TANNER, M.R.A.C., F.C.S., late Professor of Principles of Agriculture in the Royal Agricultural College; Examiner in the Principles of Agriculture under the Government Department of Science. Author of "First Principles of Agriculture," &c. Extra fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- TENNYSON.**—Works by LORD TENNYSON, D.C.L., Poet Laureate.
- COLLECTED WORKS. New and Revised Edition, with New Portrait. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- COLLECTED WORKS. An Edition for Schools. In Four Parts. Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d. each.
- COLLECTED WORKS.—LIBRARY EDITION. In Eight Volumes. Now publishing in monthly volumes Globe 8vo. 5s. each. The Volumes are being published in the following order, and they are sold separately.
- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|
| POEMS. 2 Vols. | [Ready.] | BALLADS: and other POEMS. | [June.] |
| IDYLLS of the KING. | [Ready.] | QUEEN MARY, and HAROLD. | [July.] |
| THE PRINCESS: and MAUD. | [Ready.] | BECKET: and other Plays. | [August.] |
| ENOCH ARDEN: and IN MEMORIAM. | [May.] | | |
- COLLECTED WORKS.—MINIATURE EDITION. A New Edition, printed by R. & R. Clark of Edinburgh.
- THE POETICAL WORKS. 10 Volumes. In a Box. 21s.
- THE DRAMATIC WORKS. 4 Volumes. In a Box. 10s. 6d.
- LYRICAL POEMS. Selected and Annotated by FRANCIS TURNER PALGRAVE. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Large Paper Edition. 8vo. 9s.
- IN MEMORIAM. 18mo. 4s. 6d. Large Paper Edition. 8vo. 9s.

TENNYSON.—Works by LORD TENNYSON, D.C.L., Poet Laureate—*continued.*

THE TENNYSON BIRTHDAY BOOK. Edited by EMILY SHAKESPEAR. In two sizes. (1) Extra Fcap. 8vo Edition on Hand-made Paper with red lines. 5s.
(2) 14mo. 2s. 6d.

THE BROOK. With 20 Illustrations in Colours, by A. WOODRUFF. Medium. 32mo. 2s. 6d.

THE ORIGINAL EDITIONS. Fcap. 8vo. :—

POEMS. 6s.

MAUD: and other POEMS. 3s. 6d.

THE PRINCESS. 3s. 6d.

IDYLLS of the KING. (Collected.) 6s.

ENOCH ARDEN: &c. 3s. 6d.

IN MEMORIAM. 4s.

BALLADS: and other POEMS. 5s.

HAROLD: a Drama. 6s.

QUEEN MARY: a Drama. 6s.

The CUP: and the FALCON. 5s.

BECKET. 6s.

TIRESIAS: and other POEMS. 6s.

LOCKSLEY HALL, SIXTY YEARS AFTER,
and other Poems. 6s.

TENNYSON (HON. HALLAM).—**JACK AND THE BEAN-STALK.** A Version in Hexameters by the Honourable HALLAM TENNYSON. With 40 Illustrations by RANDOLPH CALDECOTT. Small 4to. 3s. 6d.

TENNYSON'S "IN MEMORIAM": ITS PURPOSE AND ITS STRUCTURE. A Study. By JOHN F. GENUNG. Crown 8vo. 5s.

TENNYSON'S "IN MEMORIAM."—A COMPANION TO. By ELIZABETH RACHEL CHAPMAN. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.

THIRTY YEARS.—BEING POEMS NEW AND OLD. By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." New Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

THROUGH THE RANKS TO A COMMISSION.—*New and Cheaper Edition.* Crown 8vo. 2s. 6d.

TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL DAYS. By AN OLD BOY. With Seven Illustrations by A. HUGHES and SYDNEY HALL. Crown 8vo. 6s.; Golden Treasury Edition. 4s. 6d.; People's Edition. 2s. People's Sixpenny Illustrated Edition. Medium 4to. 6d. Illustrated Edition, printed on fine paper. Extra Crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.

TOM BROWN AT OXFORD. With Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 6s.

TOURGÉNIEF.—**VIRGIN SOIL.** By I. TOURGÉNIEF. Translated by ASHTON W. DILKE. Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.

TREVELYAN.—**CAWNPORE.** By the Right Honourable Sir GEORGE O. TREVELYAN, Bart., M.P., Author of "The Competition Wallah." Crown 8vo. 6s.

TURNER.—**COLLECTED SONNETS, OLD AND NEW.** By CHARLES TENNYSON TURNER. Extra fcap. 8vo. 7s. 6d.

TYRWHITT.—Works by the Rev. R. ST. JOHN TYRWHITT, M.A., Christ Church, Oxford.

OUR SKETCHING CLUB. Letters and Studies on Landscape Art. With an Authorised Reproduction of the Lessons and Woodcuts in Professor Ruskin's "Elements of Drawing." New Edition. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.

FREE FIELD: Lyrics, chiefly Descriptive. Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.

VELEY.—(Works by MARGARET VELEY, Author of "For Percival.")
MITCHELHURST PLACE. New and Cheaper Edition. Crown 8vo. 6s.
A GARDEN OF MEMORIES; MRS. AUSTIN; LIZZIE'S BARGAIN.
Three Stories. 2 vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.

- VIRGIL.**—THE WORKS OF. Rendered into English Prose. By JAMES LONSDALE, M.A., and SAMUEL LEE, M.A. (Globe Edition.) Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- VIRGIL.**—THE AENEID. Translated into English Prose by J. W. MACKAIL, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Oxford. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- VOICES CRYING IN THE WILDERNESS.** A Novel. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- WARD.**—ENGLISH POETS. Selections, with Critical Introduction by various writers, and a general Introduction by MATTHEW ARNOLD. Edited by T. H. WARD, M.A. Four Vols. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d. each.
- Vol. I. CHAUCER TO DONNE. Vol. II. BEN JONSON TO DRYDEN. Vol. III. ADDISON TO BLAKE. Vol. IV. WORDSWORTH TO ROSSETTI.
- WARD (SAMUEL).**—LYRICAL RECREATIONS. By SAMUEL WARD. Fcap. 8vo. 6s.
- WARD (MRS. HUMPHRY).**—Works by Mrs. HUMPHRY WARD:
- MILLY AND OLLY; or, a Holiday among the Mountains. Illustrated by Mrs. ALMA TADEMA. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- MISS BRETHERTON. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- THE JOURNAL INTIME OF HENRI-FRÉDÉRIC AMIEL. Translated, with an Introduction and Notes, by Mrs. HUMPHRY WARD. In Two Vols. Globe 8vo. 12s.
- WEBSTER.**—DAFFODIL AND THE CROAXAXICANS. A Romance of History. By AUGUSTA WEBSTER. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- WESTBURY.**—FREDERICK HAZZLEDEN. By HUGH WESTBURY. 3 vols. Crown 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- WHEN I WAS A LITTLE GIRL.** By the Author of "St. Olaves." Illustrated by L. FRÖLICH. Globe 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- WHEN PAPA COMES HOME:** The Story of Tip, Tap, Toe. By the Author of "Nine Years Old," "Pansie's Flour Bin," &c. With Illustrations by W. J. HENNESSY. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- WHITTIER.**—JOHN GREENLEAF WHITTIER'S POETICAL WORKS. Complete Edition, with Portrait engraved by C. H. JENNS. 18mo. 4s. 6d.
- WILBRAHAM.**—THE SERE AND YELLOW LEAF: Thoughts and Recollections for Old and Young. By FRANCES M. WILBRAHAM, Author of "Streets and Lanes of a City." With a Preface by the Right Rev. W. WALSHAM HOW, D.D., Bishop of Bedford, Suffragan of London. Globe 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- WILLOUGHBY.**—FAIRY GUARDIANS. A Book for the Young. By F. WILLOUGHBY. Illustrated. Crown 8vo, gilt. 5s.
- WILLS.**—MELCHOIR: A Poem. By W. G. WILLS, Author of "Charles I.," "Olivia," &c., Writer of "Claudian." Crown 8vo. 9s.
- WOOD.**—THE ISLES OF THE BLEST, and other POEMS. By ANDREW GOLDIE WOOD. Globe 8vo. 5s.
- WOODS.**—A FIRST SCHOOL POETRY. Compiled by M. A. WOODS, Head Mistress of the Clifton High School for Girls. Fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- A SECOND SCHOOL POETRY BOOK. By the same. Fcap. 8vo. 4s. 6d.
- WOOLNER.**—Works by THOMAS WOOLNER, R.A.
- MY BEAUTIFUL LADY. With a Vignette. Third Edition. Fcap. 8vo. 5s.
- PYGMALION. A Poem. Crown 8vo. 7s. 6d.
- SILENUS: a Poem. Crown 8vo. 6s.
- WORDS FROM THE POETS.** Selected by the Editor of "Rays of Sunlight." With a Vignette and Frontispiece. 18mo, limp. 1s.

WORDSWORTH.—SELECT POEMS OF. Chosen and Edited, with Preface, by MATTHEW ARNOLD. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d. Fine Edition. Crown 8vo. on hand-made paper. 9s.

YONGE (C. M.).—New Illustrated Edition of Novels and Tales by CHARLOTTE M. YONGE. In Twenty-six Volumes. Crown 8vo. 6s. each:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>Vol. I. THE HEIR OF REDCLYFFE.
 II. HEARTSEASE.
 III. HOPES AND FEARS.
 IV. DYNEVOR TERRACE.
 V. THE DAISY CHAIN.
 VI. THE TRIAL.
 VII. & VIII. THE PILLARS OF THE HOUSE; or, UNDER WODE, UNDER RODE. Two Vols.
 IX. THE YOUNG STEPMOTHER.
 X. CLEVER WOMAN OF THE FAMILY.
 XI. THE THREE BRIDES.
 XII. MY YOUNG ALCIDES; or, A FADED PHOTOGRAPH.
 XIII. THE CAGED LION.
 XIV. THE DOVE IN THE EAGLE'S NEST.
 XV. THE CHAPLET OF PEARLS; or, THE WHITE AND BLACK RIBAUMONT.
 XVI. LADY HESTER: AND THE DANVERS PAPERS.</p> | <p>XVII. MAGNUM BONUM; or, MOTHER CAREY'S BROOD.
 XVIII. LOVE AND LIFE.
 XIX. UNKNOWN TO HISTORY. A Story of the Captivity of Mary of Scotland.
 XX. STRAY PEARLS: MEMOIRS OF MARGARET DE RIBAUMONT, VISCOUNTESS OF BELLAISE.
 XXI. THE ARMOURER'S PRENTICES.
 XXII.—THE TWO SIDES OF THE SHIELD.
 XXIII.—NUTTIE'S FATHER.
 XXIV.—SCENES AND CHARACTERS.
 XXV.—CHANTRY HOUSE.
 XXVI.—A MODERN TELEMACHUS.</p> |
|---|---|

THE PRINCE AND THE PAGE. A Tale of the Last Crusade. Illustrated. New Edition. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE LANCES OF LYNWOOD. With Illustrations. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

THE LITTLE DUKE: RICHARD THE FEARLESS. New Edition Illustrated. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

A BOOK OF GOLDEN DEEDS OF ALL TIMES AND ALL COUNTRIES, Gathered and Narrated Anew. (Golden Treasury Series.) 4s. 6d. Globe Readings Edition for Schools, Globe 8vo, 2s. Cheap Edition. 1s.

LITTLE LUCY'S WONDERFUL GLOBE. Illustrated by L. FRÖLICH. Globe 8vo. 4s. 6d.

A BOOK OF WORTHIES. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

THE STORY OF THE CHRISTIANS AND MOORS IN SPAIN. (Golden Treasury Series.) 18mo. 4s. 6d.

CAMEOS FROM ENGLISH HISTORY, (1) From ROLLO to EDWARD II. Extra fcap. 8vo. 5s. each. (2) THE WARS IN FRANCE. 8vo. 5s. (3)

THE WARS OF THE ROSES. 5s. (4) REFORMATION TIMES. 5s.

(5) ENGLAND AND SPAIN. 5s. (6) FORTY YEARS OF STEWART RULE. 1603-1643. 5s.

P'S AND Q'S; or, THE QUESTION OF PUTTING UPON. With Illustrations by C. O. MURRAY. New Edition. Globe 8vo, cloth gilt. 4s. 6d.

BYEWORDS: A COLLECTION OF TALES NEW AND OLD. 8vo. 6s.

HISTORY OF CHRISTIAN NAMES. New Edition, revised. 8vo. 7s. 6d.

THE HERB OF THE FIELD. Reprinted from "Chapters on Flowers" in *The Magazine for the Young*. A New Edition Revised and Corrected. Crown 8vo. 5s.

MACMILLAN AND CO., LONDON.

RICHARD CLAY AND SONS, LONDON AND BUNGAY.

60

PR Shorthouse, Joseph Henry
5451 The Countess' Eve
C6
1888

PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE
CARDS OR SLIPS FROM THIS POCKET

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARY

UTL AT DOWNSVIEW



D RANGE BAY SHLF POS ITEM C
39 13 10 03 14 012 4